UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2011

Commission File No. 1-13653

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

Incorporated under the Laws of Ohio

IRS Employer I.D. No. 31-1544320

One East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 (513) 579-2121

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗹 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company:

Large Accelerated Filer \square

Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer o

Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company. Yes o No \square

As of August 1, 2011, there were 100,516,338 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding, excluding 14.9 million shares owned by subsidiaries.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I - Financial Information	Page
Part 1 - Financial Information	
Item 1 - Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Balance Sheet	2
Consolidated Statement of Earnings	3
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	4
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	33
Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk	51
Item 4 - Controls and Procedures	51
Part II - Other Information	
Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	52
Item 6 - Exhibits	52
<u>Signatures</u>	53
Exhibit 12 Exhibit 31(a) Exhibit 31(b) Exhibit 31(c) Exhibit 32 EX-101 INSTANCE DOCUMENT EX-101 SCHEMA DOCUMENT EX-101 CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101 LABELS LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101 PRESENTATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101 DEFINITION LINKBASE DOCUMENT	

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q PART I ITEM I — FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED) (Dollars In Millions)

	J	une 30, 2011	ember 31, 2010
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,629	\$ 1,099
Investments:			
Fixed maturities, available for sale at fair value (amortized cost — \$19,417 and \$18,490)		20,500	19,328
Fixed maturities, trading at fair value		395	393
Equity securities, at fair value (cost — \$549 and \$458)		779	690
Mortgage loans		340	468
Policy loans		255	264
Real estate and other investments		470	 428
Total cash and investments		24,368	22,670
Recoverables from reinsurers		2,866	2,964
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		439	422
Agents' balances and premiums receivable		705	535
Deferred policy acquisition costs		1,198	1,244
Assets of managed investment entities		2,591	2,537
Other receivables		438	674
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts)		624	616
Other assets		638	606
Goodwill		186	 186
Total assets	\$	34,053	\$ 32,454
Liabilities and Equity:			
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	6,345	\$ 6,413
Unearned premiums		1,555	1,534
Annuity benefits accumulated		14,123	12,905
Life, accident and health reserves		1,685	1,650
Payable to reinsurers		302	320
Liabilities of managed investment entities		2,430	2,323
Long-term debt		940	952
Variable annuity liabilities (separate accounts)		624	616
Other liabilities		1,424	1,121
Total liabilities		29,428	 27,834
Shareholders' equity:			
Common Stock, no par value			
- 200,000,000 shares authorized			
- 101,020,235 and 105,168,366 shares outstanding		101	105
Capital surplus		1,138	1,166
Retained earnings:			
Appropriated — managed investment entities		142	197
Unappropriated		2,512	2,523
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax		579	479
Total shareholders' equity		4,472	 4,470
Noncontrolling interests		153	150
Total equity		4,625	 4,620
Total liabilities and equity	\$	34,053	\$ 32,454

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED) (In Millions, Except Per Share Data)

		Three mor June		led		Six mon June		led
		2011		2010		2011		2010
Revenues:								
Property and casualty insurance premiums	\$	609	\$	572	\$	1,208	\$	1,151
Life, accident and health premiums		107		113		217		228
Investment income		306		294		606		589
Realized gains (losses) on:								
Securities (*)		19		11		19		15
Subsidiaries		—		—		(3)		—
Income (loss) of managed investment entities:								
Investment income		26		23		51		45
Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities		(22)		(15)		(55)		(40)
Other income		48		54		89		98
Total revenues		1,093		1,052		2,132		2,086
Costs and Expenses:								
Property and casualty insurance:								
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		413		302		754		606
Commissions and other underwriting expenses		207		207		419		411
Annuity benefits		125		118		241		226
Life, accident and health benefits		89		93		185		189
Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition								
expenses		52		54		105		103
Interest charges on borrowed money		21		18		42		36
Expenses of managed investment entities		18		10		36		23
Other operating and general expenses		99		88		186		187
Total costs and expenses		1,024		894		1,968		1,781
Operating earnings before income taxes		69		158		164		305
Provision for income taxes		32		58		78		117
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests		37		100		86		188
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling		5,		100		00		100
interests		(18)		(8)		(52)		(26)
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	\$	55	\$	108	\$	138	\$	214
Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common								
Share:								
Basic	\$.53	\$.98	\$	1.33	\$	1.92
Diluted	\$.52	\$.97	\$	1.31	\$	1.90
Average number of Common Shares:								
Basic		102.7		110.2		103.7		111.1
Diluted		104.4		111.8		105.3		112.5
Cash dividends per Common Share	\$.1625	\$.1375	\$.325	\$.275
Cash dividends per Common Share (*) Consists of the following:	\$.1625	\$.1375	\$.325	\$.27
Realized gains before impairments	\$	40	\$	27	\$	50	\$	52
Losses on securities with impairment		(10)		(20)		(17)		(34
Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive		()		()		()		
income (loss)		(11)		4		(14)		(3)
Impairment charges recognized in earnings		(21)		(16)		(31)		(37)
Total realized gains (losses) on securities	\$	19	\$	11	\$	19	\$	15
TOTAL LEATTYCE RATILS (102262) OIL SECTITILES	φ	19	φ	11	φ	19	Φ	15

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in Millions)

		Shareholders' Equity														
		Com	mon Stock		5114	lenoiu	leis Equit		ccum.			No	ncon-			
	Common		d Capital		Retained				er Comp	,	F = 4=1		lling		Total	
Balance at December 31, 2010	Shares 105,168,366	\$	Surplus 1,271	<u>A</u>	opro. 197	\$	nappro. 2,523	\$	<u>(Loss)</u> 479	\$	<u>Fotal</u> 4,470	\$	erests 150	\$	4,620	
			, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				100				100		(50)		00	
Net earnings Other comprehensive income	_				_		138		_		138		(52)		86	
(loss), net of tax:																
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities	_								94		94		2		96	
Change in foreign currency													-			
translation Change in unrealized	—		—						5		5		—		5	
pension and other																
postretirement benefits	—		—		—		—		1		1				1	
Total comprehensive income (loss)											238		(50)		188	
											200		(50)		100	
Allocation of losses of managed investment entities	_		_		(55)				_		(55)		55		_	
					(33)								55			
Dividends on Common Stock Shares issued:	—		—		—		(34)		—		(34)		—		(34)	
Exercise of stock options	654,799		16		_		_		_		16		_		16	
Other benefit plans	357,042		8		—		_		-		8		—		8	
Dividend reinvestment plan Stock-based compensation	7,870								_		—				_	
expense			7		—				-		7		—		7	
Shares acquired and retired Other	(5,167,842)		(63)				(115)		_		(178)		(2)		(178) (2)	
Balance at June 30, 2011	101,020,235	\$	1,239	\$	142	\$	2,512	\$	579	\$	4,472	\$	153	\$	4,625	
Balance at December 31, 2009	113,386,343	\$	1,344	\$		\$	2,274	\$	163	\$	3,781	\$	138	\$	3,919	
	- , ,		,-				,				-, -				- ,	
Cumulative effect of accounting change	_		_		261		4		(4)		261				261	
Net earnings	_		—				214		_		214		(26)		188	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:																
Change in unrealized gain																
(loss) on securities Change in foreign currency	_		—		—		—		240		240		2		242	
translation	_		_		_		_		(1)		(1)				(1)	
Total comprehensive											450		(2 , 1)		420	
income (loss)											453		(24)		429	
Allocation of losses of managed					(00)						(00)		22			
investment entities	—				(33)						(33)		33			
Dividends on Common Stock			—		—		(31)		—		(31)		—		(31)	
Shares issued: Exercise of stock options	523,671		11		_		_		_		11				11	
Other benefit plans	371,186		5						_		5				5	
Dividend reinvestment plan Stock-based compensation	8,672		_		—		_		-		_		_		_	
expense	_		6		_		_		_		6		_		6	
Shares acquired and retired	(5,642,355)		(66)		-		(85)		_		(151)		(1)		(151)	
Other			(1)			_					(1)		(1)		(2)	
Balance at June 30, 2010	108,647,517	\$	1,299	\$	228	\$	2,376	\$	398	\$	4,301	\$	146	\$	4,447	

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In Millions)

		ths ended e 30,
	2011	2010
Operating Activities:		
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests	\$ 86	\$ 188
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization	96	97
Annuity benefits	241	226
Realized gains on investing activities	(16)	(15
Net (purchases) sales of trading securities	6	(9
Deferred annuity and life policy acquisition costs	(126)	(97
Change in:	150	
Reinsurance and other receivables	156	571
Other assets	12	1(
Insurance claims and reserves	(12)	(329
Payable to reinsurers Other liabilities	(18)	(185
	113	(28
Other operating activities, net	(4)	32
Net cash provided by operating activities	534	461
Investing Activities:		
Purchases of:		
Fixed maturities	(2,302)	(2,353
Equity securities	(104)	(24
Mortgage loans	(91)	(13)
Real estate, property and equipment	(57)	(54
Proceeds from:		
Maturities and redemptions of fixed maturities	1,106	970
Repayments of mortgage loans	224	22
Sales of fixed maturities	374	932
Sales of equity securities	41	ł
Sales of real estate, property and equipment	1	
Managed investment entities:	(224)	(20
Purchases of investments	(681)	(394
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments	754	442
Other investing activities, net	(6)	(124
Net cash used in investing activities	(741)	(70)
Financing Activities:		
Annuity receipts	1,578	945
Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals	(636)	(61)
Additional long-term borrowings	2	30
Reductions of long-term debt	(14)	()
Managed investment entities' retirement of liabilities	(8)	(39
Issuances of Common Stock	16	1
Repurchases of Common Stock	(178)	(15)
Cash dividends paid on Common Stock	(34)	(32
Other financing activities, net	11	(!
Net cash provided by financing activities	737	132
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	530	(109
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,099	1,120
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,629	\$ 1,011

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX TO NOTES

- **A. Accounting Policies**
- **B.** Acquisition
- **C. Segments of Operations**
- **D.** Fair Value Measurements
- **E.** Investments
- F. Derivatives
- **G. Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs**
- **H. Managed Investment Entities**
- I. Goodwill and Other Intangibles
- J. Long-Term Debt
- K. Shareholders' Equity
- L. Income Taxes
- **M.** Contingencies
- **N. Condensed Consolidating Information**

A. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation The accompanying consolidated financial statements for American Financial Group, Inc. ("AFG") and subsidiaries are unaudited; however, management believes that all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals unless otherwise disclosed herein) necessary for fair presentation have been made. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and therefore do not include all information and footnotes necessary to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods to conform to the current year's presentation. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations of companies since their formation or acquisition are included in the consolidated financial statements. Events or transactions occurring subsequent to June 30, 2011, and prior to the filing date of this Form 10-Q, have been evaluated for potential recognition or disclosure herein.

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Changes in circumstances could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurements Accounting standards define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The standards establish a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability ("inputs") are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect AFG's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. In the first six months of 2011, AFG did not have any significant nonrecurring fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and liabilities.

Investments Fixed maturity and equity securities classified as "available for sale" are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in AFG's Balance Sheet. Fixed maturity and equity securities classified as "trading" are reported at fair value with changes in unrealized holding gains or losses during the period included in investment income. Mortgage and policy loans are carried primarily at the aggregate unpaid balance.

Premiums and discounts on fixed maturity securities are amortized using the interest method; mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") are amortized over a period based on estimated future principal payments, including prepayments. Prepayment assumptions are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect actual prepayments and changes in expectations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Gains or losses on securities are determined on the specific identification basis. When a decline in the value of a specific investment is considered to be other-than-temporary at the balance sheet date, a provision for impairment is charged to earnings (included in realized gains (losses)) and the cost basis of that investment is reduced. If management can assert that it does not intend to sell an impaired fixed maturity security and it is not more likely than not that it will have to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, then the other-than-temporary impairment is separated into two components: 1) the amount related to credit losses (recorded in earnings) and 2) the amount related to all other factors (recorded in other comprehensive income (loss)). The credit-related portion of an other-than-temporary impairment is measured by comparing a security's amortized cost to the present value of its current expected cash flows discounted at its effective yield prior to the impairment charge. Both components are shown in the Statement of Earnings. If management intends to sell an impaired security, or it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell the security before recovery, an impairment charge to earnings is recorded to reduce the amortized cost of that security to fair value.

Derivatives Derivatives included in AFG's Balance Sheet are recorded at fair value and consist primarily of (i) components of certain fixed maturity securities (primarily interest-only MBS) and (ii) the equity-based component of certain annuity products (included in annuity benefits accumulated) and related call options (included in other investments) designed to be consistent with the characteristics of the liabilities and used to mitigate the risk embedded in those annuity products. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are included in earnings.

Goodwill Goodwill represents the excess of cost of subsidiaries over AFG's equity in their underlying net assets. Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to an impairment test at least annually.

Reinsurance Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the claim liability associated with the reinsured policies. AFG's property and casualty insurance subsidiaries report as assets (a) the estimated reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses, including an estimate for losses incurred but not reported, and (b) amounts paid to reinsurers applicable to the unexpired terms of policies in force. Payable to reinsurers includes ceded premiums due to reinsurers as well as ceded premiums retained by AFG's property and casualty insurance subsidiaries under contracts to fund ceded losses as they become due. AFG's insurance subsidiaries also assume reinsurance from other companies. Earnings on reinsurance assumed is recognized based on information received from ceding companies.

Certain annuity and supplemental insurance subsidiaries cede life insurance policies to a third party on a funds withheld basis whereby the subsidiaries retain the assets (securities) associated with the reinsurance contracts. Interest is credited to the reinsurer based on the actual investment performance of the retained assets. These reinsurance contracts are considered to contain embedded derivatives (that must be adjusted to fair value) because the yield on the payables is based on specific blocks of the ceding companies' assets, rather than the overall creditworthiness of the ceding company. AFG determined that changes in the fair value of the underlying portfolios of fixed maturity securities is an appropriate measure of the value of the embedded derivative. The securities related to these transactions are classified as "trading." The adjustment to fair value on the embedded derivatives offsets the investment income recorded on the adjustment to fair value of the related trading portfolios.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs ("DPAC") Policy acquisition costs (principally commissions, premium taxes and other marketing and underwriting expenses) related to the production of new business are deferred. DPAC also includes capitalized costs associated with sales inducements offered to fixed annuity policyholders such as enhanced interest rates and premium and persistency bonuses.

For the property and casualty companies, DPAC is limited based upon recoverability without any consideration for anticipated investment income and is charged against income ratably over the terms of the related policies. A premium deficiency is recognized if the sum of expected claims costs, claims adjustment expenses, unamortized acquisition costs and policy maintenance costs exceed the related unearned premiums. A premium deficiency is first recognized by charging any unamortized acquisition costs to expense to the extent required to eliminate the deficiency. If the premium deficiency is greater than unamortized acquisition costs, a liability is accrued for the excess deficiency and reported with unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses.

DPAC related to annuities is deferred to the extent deemed recoverable and amortized, with interest, in relation to the present value of actual and expected gross profits on the policies. Expected gross profits consist principally of estimated future investment margin (estimated future net investment income less interest credited on policyholder funds) and surrender, mortality, and other life and variable annuity policy charges, less death and annuitization benefits in excess of account balances and estimated future policy administration expenses. To the extent that realized gains and losses result in adjustments to the amortization of DPAC related to annuities, such adjustments are reflected as components of realized gains (losses).

DPAC related to traditional life and health insurance is amortized over the expected premium paying period of the related policies, in proportion to the ratio of annual premium revenues to total anticipated premium revenues.

DPAC related to annuities is also adjusted, net of tax, for the change in amortization that would have been recorded if the unrealized gains (losses) from securities had actually been realized. This adjustment is included in unrealized gains on marketable securities, a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in AFG's Balance Sheet.

New accounting guidance issued in October 2010 specifies that a cost must be directly related to the successful acquisition of an insurance contract to qualify for deferral. The guidance is effective January 1, 2012, with retrospective application permitted, but not required. This guidance will result in fewer acquisition costs being capitalized by AFG. Management continues assessing the impact of adoption and expects that adoption will be reported retrospectively.

DPAC includes the present value of future profits on business in force of annuity and supplemental insurance companies acquired ("PVFP"). PVFP represents the portion of the costs to acquire companies that is allocated to the value of the right to receive future cash flows from insurance contracts existing at the date of acquisition. PVFP is amortized with interest in relation to expected gross profits of the acquired policies for annuities and universal life products and in relation to the premium paying period for traditional life and health insurance products.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Managed Investment Entities A company is considered the primary beneficiary of, and therefore must consolidate, a variable interest entity ("VIE") based primarily on its ability to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact that entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of, or receive benefits from, the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

AFG manages, and has minor investments in, six collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs") that are VIEs (see *Note* H — "*Managed Investment Entities*"). Both the management fees (payment of which are subordinate to other obligations of the CLOs) and the investments in the CLOs are considered variable interests. AFG has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of the CLOs because (i) its role as asset manager gives it the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the CLOs and (ii) it has exposure to CLO losses (through its investments in the CLO subordinated debt tranches) and the right to receive benefits (through its subordinated management fees and returns on its investments), both of which could potentially be significant to the CLOs.

Because AFG has no right to use the CLO assets and no obligation to pay the CLO liabilities, the assets and liabilities of the CLOs are shown separately in AFG's Balance Sheet. As permitted under accounting guidance adopted on January 1, 2010, the assets and liabilities of the CLOs are included in AFG's Balance Sheet at fair value. Prior to adoption of this guidance, the CLOs were not consolidated. Upon adoption of the guidance, the \$261 million excess of fair value of the CLOs' assets over the fair value of the liabilities was recorded in AFG's Balance Sheet as appropriated retained earnings — managed investment entities, representing the cumulative effect of adopting the new guidance that ultimately will inure to the benefit of the CLO debt holders.

AFG has elected the fair value option for reporting on the CLO assets and liabilities to improve the transparency of financial reporting related to the CLOs. The net gain or loss from accounting for the CLO assets and liabilities at fair value subsequent to January 1, 2010, is separately presented in AFG's Statement of Earnings. CLO earnings attributable to AFG's shareholders represent the change in fair value of AFG's investments in the CLOs and management fees earned. All other CLO earnings (losses) are not attributable to AFG's shareholders and will ultimately inure to the benefit of the other CLO debt holders. As a result, such CLO earnings (losses) are included in net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests in AFG's Statement of Earnings and in appropriated retained earnings — managed investment entities in the Balance Sheet. As the CLOs approach maturity (2016 to 2022), it is expected that losses attributable to noncontrolling interests will reduce appropriated retained earnings towards zero as the fair values of the assets and liabilities converge and the CLO assets are used to pay the CLO debt.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses The net liabilities stated for unpaid claims and for expenses of investigation and adjustment of unpaid claims are based upon (a) the accumulation of case estimates for losses reported prior to the close of the accounting period on direct business written; (b) estimates received from ceding reinsurers and insurance pools and associations; (c) estimates of unreported losses (including possible development on known claims) based on past experience; (d) estimates based on experience of expenses for investigating and adjusting claims; and (e) the current state of the law and coverage litigation. Establishing reserves for asbestos, environmental and other mass tort claims involves considerably more judgment than other types of claims due to, among other things, inconsistent court decisions, an increase in bankruptcy filings as a result of asbestos-related liabilities, novel theories of coverage, and judicial interpretations that often expand theories of recovery and broaden the scope of coverage.

Loss reserve liabilities are subject to the impact of changes in claim amounts and frequency and other factors. Changes in estimates of the liabilities for losses and loss adjustment expenses are reflected in the Statement of Earnings in the period in which determined. Despite the variability inherent in such estimates, management believes that the liabilities for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are adequate.

Annuity Benefits Accumulated Annuity receipts and benefit payments are recorded as increases or decreases in annuity benefits accumulated rather than as revenue and expense. Increases in this liability for interest credited are charged to expense and decreases for surrender charges are credited to other income.

For certain products, annuity benefits accumulated also includes reserves for accrued persistency and premium bonuses and excess benefits expected to be paid on future deaths and annuitizations ("EDAR"). The liability for EDAR is accrued for and modified using assumptions consistent with those used in determining DPAC and DPAC amortization, except that amounts are determined in relation to the present value of total expected assessments. Total expected assessments consist principally of estimated future investment margin, surrender, mortality, and other life and variable annuity policy charges, and unearned revenues once they are recognized as income.

Life, Accident and Health Reserves Liabilities for future policy benefits under traditional life, accident and health policies are computed using the net level premium method. Computations are based on the original projections of investment yields, mortality, morbidity and surrenders and include provisions for unfavorable deviations. Claim reserves and liabilities established for accident and health claims are modified as necessary to reflect actual experience and developing trends.

Variable Annuity Assets and Liabilities Separate accounts related to variable annuities represent the fair value of deposits invested in underlying investment funds on which AFG earns a fee. Investment funds are selected and may be changed only by the policyholder, who retains all investment risk.

AFG's variable annuity contracts contain a guaranteed minimum death benefit ("GMDB") to be paid if the policyholder dies before the annuity payout period commences. In periods of declining equity markets, the GMDB may exceed the value of the policyholder's account. A GMDB liability is established for future excess death benefits using assumptions together with a range of reasonably possible scenarios for investment fund performance that are consistent with DPAC capitalization and amortization assumptions.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Premium Recognition Property and casualty premiums are earned generally over the terms of the policies on a pro rata basis. Unearned premiums represent that portion of premiums written which is applicable to the unexpired terms of policies in force. On reinsurance assumed from other insurance companies or written through various underwriting organizations, unearned premiums are based on information received from such companies and organizations. For traditional life, accident and health products, premiums are recognized as revenue when legally collectible from policyholders. For interest-sensitive life and universal life products, premiums are recorded in a policyholder account, which is reflected as a liability. Revenue is recognized as amounts are assessed against the policyholder account for mortality coverage and contract expenses.

Noncontrolling Interests For Balance Sheet purposes, noncontrolling interests represents the interests of shareholders other than AFG in consolidated entities. In the Statement of Earnings, net earnings and losses attributable to noncontrolling interests represents such shareholders' interest in the earnings and losses of those entities.

Income Taxes Deferred income taxes are calculated using the liability method. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases and are measured using enacted tax rates. Deferred tax assets are recognized if it is more likely than not that a benefit will be realized.

AFG records a liability for the inherent uncertainty in quantifying its income tax provisions. Related interest and penalties are recognized as a component of tax expense.

Stock-Based Compensation All share-based grants are recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over their vesting periods based on their calculated "fair value" at the date of grant. AFG uses the Black-Scholes pricing model to measure the fair value of employee stock options. See *Note* K – "*Shareholders' Equity*" for further information.

Benefit Plans AFG provides retirement benefits to qualified employees of participating companies through the AFG 401(k) Retirement and Savings Plan, a defined contribution plan. AFG makes all contributions to the retirement fund portion of the plan and matches a percentage of employee contributions to the savings fund. Company contributions are expensed in the year for which they are declared. AFG and many of its subsidiaries provide health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees. AFG also provides postemployment benefits to former or inactive employees (primarily those on disability) who were not deemed retired under other company plans. The projected future cost of providing these benefits is expensed over the period employees earn such benefits.

Earnings Per Share Basic earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The calculation of diluted earnings per share includes adjustments to weighted average common shares related to stock-based compensation plans: second quarter 2011 and 2010 — 1.7 million and 1.6 million; first six months of 2011 and 2010 — 1.6 million and 1.4 million, respectively.

AFG's weighted average diluted shares outstanding excludes the following anti-dilutive potential common shares related to stock compensation plans: second quarter 2011 and 2010 — 2.4 million and 3.8 million; first six months of 2011 and 2010 — 2.1 million and 4.3 million, respectively. Adjustments to net earnings attributable to shareholders in the calculation of diluted earnings per share were nominal in the 2011 and 2010 periods.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Statement of Cash Flows For cash flow purposes, "investing activities" are defined as making and collecting loans and acquiring and disposing of debt or equity instruments and property and equipment. "Financing activities" include obtaining resources from owners and providing them with a return on their investments, borrowing money and repaying amounts borrowed. Annuity receipts, benefits and withdrawals are also reflected as financing activities. All other activities are considered "operating." Short-term investments having original maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents for purposes of the financial statements.

B. Acquisition

Vanliner Group, Inc. ("Vanliner") In July 2010, National Interstate ("NATL"), a 52%-owned subsidiary of AFG, completed the acquisition of Vanliner, a market leader in providing insurance for the moving and storage industry, for \$114 million (including post-closing adjustments). Vanliner's moving and storage insurance premiums associated with policies in force as of December 31, 2010, totaled approximately \$90 million, representing approximately 78% of its total business.

C. Segments of Operations

AFG manages its business as three segments: (i) property and casualty insurance, (ii) annuity and supplemental insurance and (iii) other, which includes holding company costs and operations of the managed investment entities.

AFG reports its property and casualty insurance business in the following Specialty sub-segments: (i) Property and transportation, which includes physical damage and liability coverage for buses, trucks and recreational vehicles, inland and ocean marine, agricultural-related products and other property coverages, (ii) Specialty casualty, which includes primarily excess and surplus, general liability, executive liability, umbrella and excess liability, customized programs for small to mid-sized businesses and California workers' compensation, and (iii) Specialty financial, which includes risk management insurance programs for lending and leasing institutions (including collateral and mortgage protection insurance), surety and fidelity products and trade credit insurance. AFG's annuity and supplemental insurance business markets traditional fixed and indexed annuities and a variety of supplemental insurance products such as Medicare supplement. AFG's reportable segments and their components were determined based primarily upon similar economic characteristics, products and services.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following tables (in millions) show AFG's revenues and operating earnings before income taxes by significant business segment and sub-segment.

		Three mor June		led	Six months ended June 30,					
		2011		2010		2011	,	2010		
Revenues										
Property and casualty insurance:										
Premiums earned:										
Specialty										
Property and transportation	\$	274	\$	209	\$	529	\$	425		
Specialty casualty		219		219		435		437		
Specialty financial		100		127		212		255		
Other		16		17		32		34		
Total premiums earned		609		572		1,208		1,151		
Investment income		75		85		148		177		
Realized gains (losses)		32		13		32		23		
Other income		20		21		35		36		
Total property and casualty insurance		736		691	_	1,423		1,387		
Annuity and supplemental insurance:										
Investment income		230		208		456		410		
Life, accident and health premiums		107		113		217		228		
Realized gains (losses)		(13)		(2)		(16)		(8)		
Other income		27		33		50		58		
Total annuity and supplemental insurance		351		352	_	707		688		
Other		6		9		2		11		
Total revenues	\$	1,093	\$	1,052	\$	2,132	\$	2,086		
Operating Earnings Before Income Taxes										
Property and casualty insurance:										
Underwriting income (loss):										
Specialty	¢		¢	0	¢	22	¢	40		
Property and transportation	\$		\$	8	\$	33	\$	40		
Specialty casualty		21		23		23		41		
Specialty financial Other		13 5		33 4		23 6		54 10		
Other lines (a)		(50)								
				(5)		(50)		(11)		
Total underwriting		(11)		63		35		134		
Investment and other income, net		70		81		138		162		
Realized gains (losses)		32		13		32		23		
Total property and casualty insurance		91		157		205		319		
Annuity and supplemental insurance:		50		46		100		00		
Operations		56		46		108		90		
Realized gains (losses)		(13)		(2)		(16)		(8)		
Total annuity and supplemental insurance		43		44		92		82		
Other (b)		(65)		(43)		(133)		(96)		
Total operating earnings before income taxes	\$	69	\$	158	\$	164	\$	305		

(a) Includes a second quarter 2011 special charge of \$50 million to increase asbestos and environmental reserves.

(b) Includes a second quarter 2011 special charge of \$9 million to increase asbestos and environmental reserves and the following earnings (losses) of managed investment entities for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 and 2010 (in millions):

Attributable to:				
AFG shareholders, including management fees	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 15	\$ 15
Noncontrolling interests	\$ (20)	\$ (13)	\$ (55)	\$ (33)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

D. Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards for measuring fair value are based on inputs used in estimating fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 — Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets (markets in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis). AFG's Level 1 financial instruments consist primarily of publicly traded equity securities and highly liquid government bonds for which quoted market prices in active markets are available and short-term investments of managed investment entities.

Level 2 — Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets (markets in which there are few transactions, the prices are not current, price quotations vary substantially over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly); and valuations based on other significant inputs that are observable in active markets. AFG's Level 2 financial instruments include separate account assets, corporate and municipal fixed maturity securities, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") and investments of managed investment entities priced using observable inputs. Level 2 inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, corroborated broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities. When non-binding broker quotes can be corroborated by comparison to similar securities priced using observable inputs, they are classified as Level 2.

Level 3 — Valuations derived from market valuation techniques generally consistent with those used to estimate the fair values of Level 2 financial instruments in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable. The unobservable inputs may include management's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use based on the best information available in the circumstances. AFG's Level 3 is comprised of financial instruments, including liabilities of managed investment entities, whose fair value is estimated based on non-binding broker quotes or internally developed using significant inputs not based on, or corroborated by, observable market information.

AFG's management is responsible for the valuation process and uses data from outside sources (including nationally recognized pricing services and broker/dealers) in establishing fair value. Valuation techniques utilized by pricing services and prices obtained from external sources are reviewed by AFG's internal investment professionals who are familiar with the securities being priced and the markets in which they trade to ensure the fair value determination is representative of an exit price. To validate the appropriateness of the prices obtained, these investment managers consider widely published indices (as benchmarks), recent trades, changes in interest rates, general economic conditions and the credit quality of the specific issuers.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are summarized below (in millions):

	Le	evel 1	Level 2		L	evel 3	Total
June 30, 2011							
Assets:							
Available for sale ("AFS") fixed maturities:							
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$	242	\$	163	\$	_	\$ 405
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		_		3,391		84	3,475
Foreign government		_		271			271
Residential MBS				3,587		255	3,842
Commercial MBS		_		2,361		10	2,371
All other corporate		10		9,744		382	10,136
Total AFS fixed maturities		252		19,517		731	 20,500
Trading fixed maturities		—		394		1	395
Equity securities		629		129		21	779
Assets of managed investment entities ("MIE")		125		2,413		53	2,591
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts) (a)		—		624		—	624
Other investments				113			 113
Total assets accounted for at fair value	\$	1,006	\$	23,190	\$	806	\$ 25,002
Liabilities:							
Liabilities of managed investment entities	\$	108	\$	_	\$	2,322	\$ 2,430
Derivatives in annuity benefits accumulated		_		_		299	299
Total liabilities accounted for at fair value	\$	108	\$		\$	2,621	\$ 2,729
December 31, 2010							
Assets:							
Available for sale ("AFS") fixed maturities:							
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$	249	\$	218	\$		\$ 467
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		_		2,919		20	2,939
Foreign government		_		278		_	278
Residential MBS				3,563		312	3,875
Commercial MBS				2,117		6	2,123
All other corporate		9		9,201		436	9,646
Total AFS fixed maturities		258		18,296		774	 19,328
Trading fixed maturities		_		390		3	393
Equity securities		461		208		21	690
Assets of managed investment entities ("MIE")		96		2,393		48	2,537
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts) (a)				616			616
Other investments		_		98		—	98
Total assets accounted for at fair value	\$	815	\$	22,001	\$	846	\$ 23,662
Liabilities:							
Liabilities of managed investment entities	\$	65	\$	_	\$	2,258	\$ 2,323
Derivatives in annuity benefits accumulated						190	190
Total liabilities accounted for at fair value	\$	65	\$		\$	2,448	\$ 2,513

(a) Variable annuity liabilities equal the fair value of variable annuity assets.

During the second quarter of 2011, there were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. Approximately 3% of the total assets measured at fair value on June 30, 2011, were Level 3 assets. Approximately 33% of these assets were MBS whose fair values were determined primarily using non-binding broker quotes; the balance was primarily private placement debt securities whose fair values were determined internally using significant unobservable inputs, including the evaluation of underlying collateral and issuer creditworthiness, as well as certain Level 2 inputs such as comparable yields and multiples on similar publicly traded issues. The fair values of the liabilities of managed investment entities were determined using non-binding broker quotes, which were reviewed by AFG's investment professionals.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Changes in balances of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities during the second quarter and first six months of 2011 and 2010 are presented below (in millions). The transfers into and out of Level 3 were due to changes in the availability of market observable inputs. All transfers are reflected in the table at fair value as of the end of the reporting period.

				To	tal												
			re	alized/u	nreali												
				gains (losses)											
				incluc	led in												
	Other																
	Bala	ance at			CO	mp.	Purc	hases			Tra	insfer	Tra	nsfer	Balance at		
	Mai	rch 31,	Ν	Vet	inc	ome	a	and Sales and				nto	ou	ıt of	Jui	ne 30,	
	2	011	income (loss)				issuances Settlements				Le	vel 3	Le	vel 3	2	2011	
AFS fixed maturities:																	
State and municipal	\$	21	\$	—	\$	_	\$	53	\$		\$	10	\$	—	\$	84	
Residential MBS		271		—		(2)		17		(7)		—		(24)		255	
Commercial MBS		9		—		_		—				1		—		10	
All other corporate		424		1		6		46		(26)		2		(71)		382	
Trading fixed																	
maturities		1		—		—		—		—		—		—		1	
Equity securities		21		—		—		—		—		—		—		21	
Assets of MIE		54		—		—		9		(2)		2		(10)		53	
Liabilities of MIE (*)		(2,316)	(10) —						4						(2,322)		
Embedded derivatives		(234)	(10) —					(60)		5				_		(299)	

(*) Total realized/unrealized loss included in net income includes losses of \$10 million related to liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2011. See *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities*."

				To	tal										
			re	ealized/u	inreali	zed									
				gains (losses)									
				inclu	ded in										
					0	ther	Purch	ases,							
	Balan	ce at		comp.				es,	Trai	nsfer	Tra	nsfer	Balance at		
	March	ı 31,	Ν	Vet	inc	come	issuanc	es and	ir	nto	ou	t of	Jui	ne 30,	
	201	0	inc	income (oss)	settlen	nents	Lev	zel 3	Lev	vel 3	2	2010	
AFS fixed maturities:				· <u> </u>											
State and municipal	\$	6	\$	_	\$	1		(\$3)	\$	17	\$		\$	21	
Residential MBS		372		1		10		(12)		2		(47)		326	
Commercial MBS		6		_		_	—			—				6	
All other corporate		356		(11)		9		42	46			(16)		426	
Trading fixed maturities		4		—		—		—	—			(3)		1	
Equity securities		24		—				—	—					24	
Assets of MIE		100		1		_		(10)	7			(52)		46	
Liabilities of MIE	(2	,178)		16			10		_		—		. (2,152		
Embedded derivatives		(131)		13				(10)		—				(128)	

				To	tal												
			re	alized/u	nreali												
				gains (I	losses)											
				includ	led in												
					Ot	her											
	Balance at comp.							hases			Tra	nsfer	Tra	nsfer	Balance at		
	De	Dec. 31, Net income						nd	s and	iı	nto	ou	t of	Jur	1e 30,		
	2	010	income (loss)				issu	ances	Settle	ments	Lev	vel 3	Lev	vel 3	2	011	
AFS fixed maturities:																	
State and municipal	\$	20	\$	—	\$	1	\$	53	\$	—	\$	10	\$	—	\$	84	
Residential MBS		312		1		(2)		17		(20)		7		(60)		255	
Commercial MBS		6		—		—		—		—		4		—		10	
All other corporate		436		(1)		6		91		(37)		24		(137)		382	
Trading fixed																	
maturities		3		-		—		-		_		—		(2)		1	
Equity securities		21		—		2		—		(2)		—		—		21	
Assets of MIE		48		(1)		—		16		(6)		8		(12)		53	
Liabilities of MIE (*)		(2,258)		(72)		—				8				—		(2,322)	
Embedded derivatives		(190)	(190) (29) —					(90)		10		—		—		(299)	

(*) Total realized/unrealized loss included in net income includes losses of \$71 million related to liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2011. See *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities*."

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — CONTINUED

						То										
	realized/unrealized															
		gains (losses)														
						incluo	led in									
		Consolidate Other								ses,						
	Balaı	nce at	Mar	aged			co	mp.	sales	,	Trai	nsfer	Transf	er	Bal	ance at
	Dec	. 31,	0				inc	ome	issuance	s and	in	ito	out o	f	Ju	ne 30,
	20	09	Ent	ities	inc	ome	(1	oss)	settlem	ents	Lev	vel 3	Level	3	2	010
AFS fixed maturities:																
State and municipal	\$	23	\$		\$	—	\$	1		(\$3)	\$	17	(\$1	L7)	\$	21
Residential MBS		435				2		11		6		2	(13	30)		326
Commercial MBS		—		—		—		—		6		—	-			6
All other corporate		311		(6)		(12)		8		87		69	(3	31)		426
Trading fixed																
maturities		1		—		_		_		4				(4)		1
Equity securities		25		—		—		(1)		—		—	-			24
Assets of MIE		—		90		5		—		(4)		7	(5	52)		46
Liabilities of MIE		—		(2,100)		(90)				38		—	-			(2, 152)
Embedded derivatives		(113)				1		_		(16)			-			(128)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments The following table presents (in millions) the carrying value and estimated fair value of AFG's financial instruments at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

	June 30, 2011					December 31, 2010			
	Carrying Fair				С	arrying	Fair		
	Value			Value	Value			Value	
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,629	\$	1,629	\$	1,099	\$	1,099	
Fixed maturities		20,895		20,895		19,721		19,721	
Equity securities		779		779		690		690	
Mortgage loans		340		349		468		469	
Policy loans		255		255		264		264	
Other investments — derivatives		113		113		98		98	
Assets of managed investment entities		2,591		2,591		2,537		2,537	
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts)		624		624		616		616	
Liabilities:									
Annuity benefits accumulated(*)	\$	13,915	\$	13,512	\$	12,696	\$	12,233	
Long-term debt		940		1,033		952		1,023	
Liabilities of managed investment entities		2,430		2,430		2,323		2,323	
Variable annuity liabilities (separate accounts)		624		624		616		616	
Other liabilities — derivatives		18		18		14		14	

(*) Excludes life contingent annuities in the payout phase.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value. Fair values for mortgage loans are estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The fair value of policy loans is estimated to approximate carrying value; policy loans have no defined maturity dates and are inseparable from insurance contracts. The fair value of annuity benefits was estimated based on expected cash flows discounted using forward interest rates adjusted for the Company's credit risk and includes the impact of maintenance expenses and capital costs. Fair values of long-term debt are based primarily on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — CONTINUED

E. Investments

Available for sale fixed maturities and equity securities at June 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, consisted of the following (in millions):

	June 30, 2011						December 31, 2010								
	Amortiz	zed	Fair	(Gross U	nreali	zed	Ar	nortized]	Fair	(Gross U	nreali	zed
	Cost		/alue	G	ains	Lo	osses		Cost	V	7alue	G	ains	Lo	osses
Fixed maturities:															
U.S. Government and government															
agencies	\$ 3	91 \$	405	\$	14	\$		\$	453	\$	467	\$	15	\$	(1)
States, municipalities and political															
subdivisions	3,3	78	3,475		112		(15)		2,927		2,939		53		(41)
Foreign government	2	60	271		11		_		269		278		9		—
Residential MBS	3,7	35	3,842		224		(117)		3,781		3,875		222		(128)
Commercial MBS	2,1	83	2,371		190		(2)		1,972		2,123		153		(2)
All other corporate	9,4	70 1	0,136		693		(27)		9,088		9,646		602		(44)
Total fixed maturities	\$ 19,4	<u>17</u> \$2	20,500	\$	1,244	\$	(161)	\$	18,490	\$1	9,328	\$ 〔	1,054	\$	(216)
Common stocks	\$ 4	07 \$	633	\$	231	\$	(5)	\$	312	\$	543	\$	232	\$	(1)
Perpetual preferred stocks	<u>\$</u> 1	42 \$	146	\$	8	\$	(4)	\$	146	\$	147	\$	6	\$	(5)

The non-credit related portion of other-than-temporary impairment charges are included in other comprehensive income (loss). Such charges taken for residential MBS still owned at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively were \$238 million and \$258 million.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following tables show gross unrealized losses (in millions) on fixed maturities and equity securities by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

		Less Than Twelve Months						Twelve Months or More					
		ealized oss		Fair Value	Fair Value as % of Cost	-	realized Loss	Fair Value		Fair Value as % of Cost			
June 30, 2011													
Fixed maturities:													
U.S. Government and													
government agencies	\$	—	\$	38	100%	\$	—	\$	—	%			
States, municipalities and													
political subdivisions		(12)		665	98%		(3)		46	94%			
Foreign government		_		1	100%		_		_	%			
Residential MBS		(20)		629	97%		(97)		466	83%			
Commercial MBS		(1)		102	99%		(1)		11	92%			
All other corporate		(19)		1,066	98%		(8)		116	94%			
Total fixed maturities	\$	(52)	\$	2,501	98%	\$	(109)	\$	639	85%			
Common Stocks	\$	(5)	\$	47	90%	\$		\$		%			
			_										
Perpetual Preferred Stocks	\$		\$	5	100%	\$	(4)	\$	41	91%			
December 31, 2010													
Fixed maturities:													
U.S. Government and													
government agencies	\$	(1)	\$	86	99%	\$	—	\$	—	%			
States, municipalities and													
political subdivisions		(38)		1,180	97%		(3)		40	93%			
Foreign government		—		37	99%		—		—	%			
Residential MBS		(11)		412	97%		(117)		551	82%			
Commercial MBS		(2)		83	98%		—		15	97%			
All other corporate		(24)		1,020	98%		(20)		275	93%			
Total fixed maturities	\$	(76)	\$	2,818	97%	\$	(140)	\$	881	86%			
	Ψ	(,)	¥	_,010	5770	¥	(1.0)	¥		3070			
Common Stocks	\$		\$	21	99%	\$	(1)	\$	4	88%			
Perpetual Preferred Stocks	\$		\$	22	98%	\$	(5)	\$	37	88%			

At June 30, 2011 the gross unrealized losses on fixed maturities of \$161 million relate to approximately 900 securities. Investment grade securities (as determined by nationally recognized rating agencies) represented approximately 49% of the gross unrealized loss and 79% of the fair value.

Gross Unrealized Losses on MBS At June 30, 2011, gross unrealized losses on AFG's residential MBS represented 73% of the total gross unrealized loss on fixed maturity securities (and 90% of the "twelve months or more"). Of the residential MBS that have been in an unrealized loss position ("impaired") for 12 months or more (237 securities), approximately 35% of the unrealized losses and 51% of the fair value relate to investment grade rated securities. AFG analyzes its MBS securities for other-than-temporary impairment each quarter based upon expected future cash flows. Management estimates expected future cash flows based upon its knowledge of the MBS market, cash flow projections (which reflect loan to collateral values, subordination, vintage and geographic concentration) received from independent sources, implied cash flows inherent in security ratings and analysis of historical payment data. For the first six months of 2011, AFG recorded in earnings \$34 million in other-than-temporary impairment charges related to its residential MBS.

Gross Unrealized Losses on All Other Corporates For the first six months of 2011, AFG recorded in earnings \$2 million in other-than-temporary charges on "all other corporate" securities. Management concluded that no additional charges for other-than-temporary impairments were required based on many factors, including AFG's ability and intent to hold the investments for a period of time sufficient to allow for anticipated recovery of its amortized cost, the length of time and the extent to which fair value has been below cost, analysis of historical and projected company-specific financial data, the outlook for industry sectors, and credit ratings.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following tables progress the credit portion of other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities for which the non-credit portion of an impairment has been recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) (in millions).

	2	2011	2	2010
Balance at March 31	\$	151	\$	122
Additional credit impairments on:				
Previously impaired securities		22		4
Securities without prior impairments		4		3
Reductions — disposals		(6)		(8)
Balance at June 30	\$	171	\$	121
Balance at January 1	\$	143	\$	99
Additional credit impairments on:				
Previously impaired securities		29		23
Securities without prior impairments		5		7
Reductions — disposals	_	(6)		(8)
Balance at June 30	\$	171	\$	121

The table below sets forth the scheduled maturities of available for sale fixed maturities as of June 30, 2011 (in millions). Assetbacked securities and other securities with sinking funds are reported at average maturity. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain securities may be called or prepaid by the issuers. MBS had an average life of approximately 4 years at June 30, 2011.

	Ar	nortized		Fair Value			
Maturity		Cost Amount		%			
One year or less	\$	457	\$	471	2%		
After one year through five years		5,154		5,475	27		
After five years through ten years		5,904		6,287	31		
After ten years		1,984		2,054	10		
		13,499		14,287	70		
MBS		5,918		6,213	30		
Total	\$	19,417	\$	20,500	100%		

Certain risks are inherent in connection with fixed maturity securities, including loss upon default, price volatility in reaction to changes in interest rates, and general market factors and risks associated with reinvestment of proceeds due to prepayments or redemptions in a period of declining interest rates.

There were no investments in individual issuers that exceeded 10% of Shareholders' Equity at June 30, 2011 or December 31, 2010.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Net Unrealized Gain on Marketable Securities In addition to adjusting equity securities and fixed maturity securities classified as "available for sale" to fair value, GAAP requires that deferred policy acquisition costs related to annuities and certain other balance sheet amounts be adjusted to the extent that unrealized gains and losses from securities would result in adjustments to those balances had the unrealized gains or losses actually been realized. The following table shows the components of the net unrealized gain on securities that is included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in AFG's Balance Sheet.

			Amoun	rred Tax and ts Attributable ncontrolling	
	1	Pre-tax		nterests	Net
June 30, 2011					
Unrealized gain on:					
Fixed maturity securities	\$	1,083	\$	(384)	\$ 699
Equity securities		230		(81)	149
Deferred policy acquisition costs		(434)		152	(282)
Annuity benefits and other liabilities		6		(2)	4
	\$	885	\$	(315)	\$ 570
December 31, 2010					
Unrealized gain on:					
Fixed maturity securities	\$	838	\$	(295)	\$ 543
Equity securities		232		(82)	150
Deferred policy acquisition costs		(340)		118	(222)
Annuity benefits and other liabilities		6		(2)	4
	\$	736	\$	(261)	\$ 475

Realized gains (losses) and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to fixed maturity and equity security investments are summarized as follows (in millions):

Quarter ended June 30, 2011	ixed urities	luity urities	ä	rtgage Loans and Other avestments	<u>Ot</u>	her(a)	Tax ffects	tro	ncon- lling erests	<u>_</u> T	otal
Realized before											
impairments	\$ 11	\$ 34	\$	(5)	\$	—	\$ (15)	\$	(1)	\$	24
Realized — impairments	(26)			(1)		6	8				(13)
Change in Unrealized	208	(15)		—		(70)	(44)		(2)		77
Quarter ended June 30, 2010											
Realized before											
impairments	\$ 35	\$ 1	\$	(7)	\$	(2)	\$ (10)	\$	(1)	\$	16
Realized — impairments	(22)			(1)		7	6				(10)
Change in Unrealized	283	2		_		(110)	(62)				113
Six months ended June 30, 2011											
Realized before											
impairments	\$ 24	\$ 35	\$	(7)	\$	(2)	\$ (18)	\$	(1)	\$	31
Realized — impairments	(37)			(4)		10	11				(20)
Change in Unrealized	245	(2)		—		(94)	(53)		(2)		94
Six months ended June 30, 2010											
Realized before											
impairments	\$ 69	\$ 2	\$	(14)	\$	(5)	\$ (18)	\$	(1)	\$	33
Realized — impairments	(50)			(3)		16	13				(24)
Change in Unrealized	633	(3)		_		(257)	(131)		(2)		240

(a) Primarily adjustments to deferred policy acquisition costs related to annuities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Realized gains (losses) on securities includes net losses of less than \$1 million in the second quarter and \$3 million in the first six months of 2011 compared to net gains of \$9 million and \$26 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2010 from the mark-to-market of certain MBS, primarily interest-only securities with interest rates that float inversely with short-term rates. Gross realized gains and losses (excluding impairment writedowns and mark-to-market of derivatives) on available for sale fixed maturity and equity security investment transactions included in the Statement of Cash Flows consisted of the following (in millions):

		Six mont June		1
	2	011	20	010
Fixed maturities:				
Gross gains	\$	29	\$	52
Gross losses		(2)		(9)
Equity securities:				
Gross gains		36		2
Gross losses		_		_

F. <u>Derivatives</u>

As discussed under "*Derivatives*" in Note A, AFG uses derivatives in certain areas of its operations. AFG's derivatives do not qualify for hedge accounting under GAAP; changes in the fair value of derivatives are included in earnings.

The following derivatives are included in AFG's Balance Sheet at fair value (in millions):

		June 3	30, 2011	Decem	ber 31, 2010
Derivative	Balance Sheet Line	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
MBS with embedded derivatives	Fixed maturities	\$ 93	\$ —	\$ 101	\$ —
Interest rate swaptions	Other investments	21		21	—
Indexed annuities (embedded derivative)	Annuity benefits accumulated	_	299	—	190
Equity index call options	Other investments	92	—	77	—
Reinsurance contracts (embedded derivative)	Other liabilities	_	18	_	14
		\$ 206	\$ 317	\$ 199	\$ 204

The MBS with embedded derivatives consist primarily of interest-only MBS with interest rates that float inversely with shortterm rates. AFG records the entire change in the fair value of these securities in earnings. These investments are part of AFG's overall investment strategy and represent a small component of AFG's overall investment portfolio.

AFG has entered into \$1 billion notional amount of pay-fixed interest rate swaptions (options to enter into pay-fixed/receive floating interest rate swaps at future dates expiring between 2012 and 2015) to mitigate interest rate risk in its annuity operations. AFG paid \$29 million to purchase these swaptions, which represents its maximum potential economic loss over the life of the contracts.

AFG's indexed annuities, which represented 30% of annuity benefits accumulated at June 30, 2011, provide policyholders with a crediting rate tied, in part, to the performance of an existing stock market index. AFG attempts to mitigate the risk in the indexbased component of these products through the purchase of call options on the appropriate index. AFG's strategy is designed so that an increase in the liabilities, due to an increase in the market index, will be generally offset by unrealized and realized gains on the call options purchased by AFG. Both the index-based component of the annuities and the related call options are considered derivatives.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

As discussed under "*Reinsurance*" in Note A, certain reinsurance contracts in AFG's annuity and supplemental insurance business are considered to contain embedded derivatives.

The following table summarizes the gain (loss) included in the Statement of Earnings for changes in the fair value of these derivatives for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 and 2010 (in millions):

		Three moi June		Six mont June	
Derivative	Statement of Earnings Line	2011	2010	2011	2010
MBS with embedded derivatives	Realized gains	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ (3)	\$ 26
Interest rate swaptions	Realized gains	(5)	(6)	(7)	(14)
Indexed annuities (embedded derivative)	Annuity benefits	(10)	13	(29)	1
Equity index call options	Annuity benefits	2	(23)	20	(12)
Reinsurance contracts (embedded derivative)	Investment income	(4)	(5)	(4)	(10)
		\$ (17)	\$ (12)	\$ (23)	\$ (9)

G. Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Deferred policy acquisition costs consisted of the following (in millions):

		ne 30, 2011		mber 31, 2010
Property and casualty insurance	\$	331	\$	324
Annuity and supplemental insurance:				
Policy acquisition costs		940		892
Policyholder sales inducements		208		204
Present value of future profits ("PVFP")		153		164
Impact of unrealized gains and losses on securities		(434)		(340)
Total annuity and supplemental		867		920
	¢	1.198	¢	1,244
	ψ	1,150	Ψ	1,244

The PVFP amounts in the table above are net of \$185 million and \$174 million of accumulated amortization at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Amortization of the PVFP was \$5 million in the second quarter and \$11 million during the first six months of 2011 and \$10 million in the second quarter and \$16 million in the first six months of 2010, respectively.

H. Managed Investment Entities

AFG is the investment manager and has investments ranging from 7.5% to 24.4% of the most subordinate debt tranche of six collateralized loan obligation entities or "CLOs," which are considered variable interest entities. Upon formation between 2004 and 2007, these entities issued securities in various senior and subordinate classes and invested the proceeds primarily in secured bank loans, which serve as collateral for the debt securities issued by each particular CLO. None of the collateral was purchased from AFG. AFG's investments in these entities receive residual income from the CLOs only after the CLOs pay operating expenses (including management fees to AFG), interest on and returns of capital to senior levels of debt securities. There are no contractual requirements for AFG to provide additional funding for these entities. AFG has not provided and does not intend to provide any financial support to these entities. One of the CLOs is expected to be liquidated in August 2011, resulting in a reduction in assets and liabilities of managed investment entities of approximately \$498 million and \$480 million, respectively, and an \$18 million reduction in appropriated retained earnings. The impact on net income attributable to shareholders is not expected to be material.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

AFG's maximum ultimate exposure to economic loss on its CLOs is limited to its investment in the CLOs, which had an aggregate fair value of \$19 million at June 30, 2011.

The revenues and expenses of the CLOs are separately identified in AFG's Statement of Earnings after the elimination of management fees and earnings attributable to shareholders of AFG as measured by the change in the fair value of AFG's investments in the CLOs. Selected financial information related to the CLOs is shown below (in millions):

	Three mon June		nded		Six mont June	 	
	 2011		2010		2011	2010	
Gains (losses) on change in fair value of assets/liabilities (a):		_		_			
Assets	\$ (12)	\$	(31)	\$	17	\$ 50	
Liabilities	(10)		16		(72)	(90)	
Management fees paid to AFG	5		4		8	8	
CLO earnings (losses) attributable to:							
AFG shareholders (b)	1		3		7	7	
Noncontrolling interests (b)	(20)		(13)		(55)	(33)	

(a) Included in AFG's "Revenues."

(b) Included in AFG's "Operating earnings before income taxes."

The aggregate unpaid principal balance of the CLOs' fixed maturity investments exceeded the fair value of the investments by \$60 million and \$69 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The aggregate unpaid principal balance of the CLOs' debt exceeded its fair value by \$229 million and \$301 million at those dates. The CLO assets include \$6 million in loans at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, (aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$18 million and \$12 million, respectively) for which the CLOs are not accruing interest because the loans are in default.

I. Goodwill and Other Intangibles

There were no changes in the goodwill balance of \$186 million during the six months ended June 30, 2011. Included in other assets in AFG's Balance Sheet is \$43 million at June 30, 2011 and \$49 million at December 31, 2010, in amortizable intangible assets related to property and casualty insurance acquisitions. These amounts are net of accumulated amortization of \$41 million and \$35 million, respectively. Amortization of these intangibles was \$3 million in the second quarter and \$6 million during the first six months of both 2011 and 2010.

Other assets also include \$8 million in non-amortizable intangible assets related to insurance licenses acquired in the acquisition of Vanliner in 2010.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — CONTINUED

J. Long-Term Debt

The carrying value of long-term debt consisted of the following (in millions):

	ne 30, 011	mber 31, 2010
Direct obligations of AFG:		
9-7/8% Senior Notes due June 2019	\$ 350	\$ 350
7% Senior Notes due September 2050	132	132
7-1/8% Senior Debentures due February 2034	115	115
Other	3	3
	 600	600
Subsidiaries:		
Obligations of AAG Holding (guaranteed by AFG):		
7-1/2% Senior Debentures due November 2033	112	112
7-1/4% Senior Debentures due January 2034	86	86
Notes payable secured by real estate due 2011 through 2016	65	65
Secured borrowings (\$17 and \$18 guaranteed by AFG)	35	41
National Interstate bank credit facility	22	20
American Premier 10-7/8% Subordinated Notes	 	8
	320	332
Payable to Subsidiary Trusts:		
AAG Holding Variable Rate Subordinated Debentures due May 2033	 20	 20
	\$ 940	\$ 952

Scheduled principal payments on debt for the balance of 2011 and the subsequent five years were as follows: 2011 - 6 million; 2012 - 334 million; 2013 - 2010 - 2010 - 2010 - 2010 - 2010 - 2010 - 2010 - 2000

As shown below (in millions), the majority of AFG's long-term debt is unsecured obligations of the holding company and its subsidiaries:

	Jur	ne 30,	Decer	mber 31,
	2	011	2	010
Unsecured obligations	\$	840	\$	846
Obligations secured by real estate		65		65
Other secured borrowings		35		41
	\$	940	\$	952

AFG can borrow up to \$500 million under its revolving credit facility which expires in August 2013. Amounts borrowed under this agreement bear interest at rates ranging from 1.75% to 3.00% (currently 2%) over LIBOR based on AFG's credit rating. No amounts were borrowed under this facility at June 30, 2011.

In May 2011, American Premier paid \$8 million to redeem its outstanding 10-7/8% Subordinated Notes at maturity.

In June 2010, National Interstate borrowed \$30 million under its bank credit facility in connection with the July acquisition of Vanliner. In September 2010, AFG issued \$132 million of 7% Senior Notes due in 2050.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

K. <u>Shareholders' Equity</u>

AFG is authorized to issue 12.5 million shares of Voting Preferred Stock and 12.5 million shares of Nonvoting Preferred Stock, each without par value.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax Comprehensive income (loss) is defined as all changes in Shareholders' Equity except those arising from transactions with shareholders. Comprehensive income (loss) includes net earnings and other comprehensive income (loss), which consists primarily of changes in net unrealized gains or losses on available for sale securities and foreign currency translation. The progression of the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) follows (in millions):

	Preta Net Unre Gains (Le on Secu	alized osses)	Cur Tran	reign rency slation stment	O Postre P	ion and ther tirement lans istment	Tax ffects	tro	ncon- lling erests	Сог	ccumulated Other nprehensive come (Loss)
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	736(a)	\$	9	\$	(13)	\$ (253)	\$		\$	479(a)
Unrealized holding gains on securities arising during the period		179					(63)		(3)		113
Realized gains included in net income		(30)		_		_	10		(3)		(19)
Foreign currency translation gains		_		5		_	_		_		5
Other						1	 				1
Balance at June 30, 2011	\$	<u>885</u> (a)	\$	14	\$	(12)	\$ (306)	\$	(2)	\$	579(a)
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	258	\$	1	\$	(13)	\$ (86)	\$	3	\$	163
Unrealized holding gains on securities arising during		405					(1.12)				202
the period		405		_		_	(142)		(3)		260
Realized gains included in net income		(32)		—		_	11		1		(20)
Foreign currency translation losses		_		(1)		_	_				(1)
Other		(6)				1	 1				(4)
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$	625	\$	_	\$	(12)	\$ (216)	\$	1	\$	398

(a) Includes a net pretax unrealized gain of \$1 million at June 30, 2011 compared to a net pretax unrealized loss of \$17 million at December 31, 2010 (\$11 million net of tax) related to securities for which only the credit portion of an other-than-temporary impairment has been recorded in earnings.

Stock Based Compensation Under AFG's Stock Incentive Plan, employees of AFG and its subsidiaries are eligible to receive equity awards in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and stock awards. In the first six months of 2011, AFG issued 131,955 shares of restricted Common Stock (fair value of \$34.34 per share) and granted stock options for 1.1 million shares of Common Stock (at an average exercise price of \$34.34) under the Stock Incentive Plan. In addition, AFG issued 188,302 shares of Common Stock (fair value of \$33.99 per share) in the first quarter of 2011 under its Annual Co-CEO Equity Bonus Plan.

AFG uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the "fair value" of its option grants. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility over a period equal to the expected term. The expected term was estimated based on historical exercise patterns and post vesting cancellations. The weighted average fair value of options granted during 2011 was \$12.49 per share based on the following assumptions: expected dividend yield – 1.9%; expected volatility – 38%; expected term – 7.3 years; risk-free rate – 3.04%.

Total compensation expense related to stock incentive plans of AFG and its subsidiaries was \$5 million in the second quarter and \$10 million during the first six months of both 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

L. Income Taxes

Operating earnings before income taxes includes \$20 million and \$13 million in the second quarter of 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$55 million and \$33 million in the first six months of 2011 and 2010, respectively, in non-deductible losses of managed investment entities attributable to noncontrolling interests, thereby increasing AFG's effective tax rate.

There have been no material changes to AFG's liability for uncertain tax positions, which is discussed in *Note L* - "*Income Taxes*," to AFG's 2010 Form 10-K.

M. Contingencies

Except as discussed in *Management's Discussion and Analysis* – "Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charge," there have been no significant changes to the matters discussed and referred to in *Note* M – "Contingencies" of AFG's 2010 Form 10-K covering property and casualty insurance reserves for claims related to environmental exposures, asbestos and other mass tort claims as well as environmental and occupational injury and disease claims of former subsidiary railroad and manufacturing operations.



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

N. <u>Condensed Consolidating Information</u> AFG has guaranteed all of the outstanding debt of Great American Financial Resources, Inc. ("GAFRI") and GAFRI's wholly-owned subsidiary, AAG Holding Company, Inc. In addition, GAFRI guarantees AAG Holding's public debt. The AFG and GAFRI guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several. Condensed consolidating financial statements for AFG are as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET (In millions)

		AFG	C	AFRI		AAG olding	А	ll Other Subs		Consol. Entries	Сог	nsolidated
JUNE 30, 2011												
Assets:												
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	358	\$	37	\$		\$	23,974	\$	(1)	\$	24,368
Recoverables from reinsurers and prepaid	Ф	220	Φ	57	Φ	_	Φ	23,974	Φ	(1)	Φ	24,500
reinsurance premiums								3,305				3,305
Agents' balances and premiums receivable								3,303 705		_		3,303 705
Deferred policy acquisition costs										_		
Assets of managed investment entities								1,198		_		1,198
6								2,591		(16)		2,591
Other assets		80		8		8		1,806		(16)		1,886
Investment in subsidiaries and affiliates		4,838		2,021		2,116		656		(9,631)		
Total assets	\$	5,276	\$	2,066	\$	2,124	\$	34,235	\$	(9,648)	\$	34,053
Liabilities and Equity:												
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses												
and unearned premiums	\$		\$		\$		\$	7,900	\$		\$	7,900
Annuity, life, accident and health benefits	Ŧ		Ŧ		Ŧ		-	,	-			,
and reserves								15,809		(1)		15,808
Liabilities of managed investment entities								2,430		(-)		2,430
Long-term debt		600				219		121		_		940
Other liabilities		204		20		112		2,159		(145)		2,350
Total liabilities		804		20		331		28,419		(146)		29,428
Total habilities		004		20		551		20,419		(140)		29,420
Total shareholders' equity		4,472		2,046		1,793		5,663		(9,502)		4,472
Noncontrolling interests		4,472		2,040		1,755		153		(3,302)		153
Noncontronning interests								155	_			100
Total liabilities and equity	\$	5,276	\$	2,066	\$	2,124	\$	34,235	\$	(9,648)	\$	34,053
DECEMBER 31, 2010												
Assets:												
Cash and investments	\$	412	\$	33	\$	—	\$	22,228	\$	(3)	\$	22,670
Recoverables from reinsurers and prepaid												
reinsurance premiums								3,386		—		3,386
Agents' balances and premiums receivable								535		—		535
Deferred policy acquisition costs				_		_		1,244		—		1,244
Assets of managed investment entities				—				2,537				2,537
Other assets		36		6		5		2,050		(15)		2,082
Investment in subsidiaries and affiliates		4,816		1,899		1,996		671		(9,382)		
Total assets	\$	5,264	\$	1,938	\$	2,001	\$	32,651	\$	(9,400)	\$	32,454
Liabilities and Equity:												
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	ć		÷		¢		*	B C 1 F	*		¢	
and unearned premiums	\$	_	\$	—	\$	—	\$	7,947	\$	_	\$	7,947
Annuity, life, accident and health benefits												
and reserves		—		—				14,556		(1)		14,555
Liabilities of managed investment entities								2,323				2,323
Long-term debt		600		1		219		133		(1)		952
Other liabilities		194		19		110		1,888		(154)		2,057
Total liabilities		794		20		329		26,847		(156)		27,834
		4 450		1.010		4.070						4 450
Total shareholders' equity		4,470		1,918		1,672		5,654		(9,244)		4,470
Noncontrolling interests			_				_	150	_			150
Total liabilities and equity	\$	5,264	\$	1,938	\$	2,001	\$	32,651	\$	(9,400)	\$	32,454



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF EARNINGS (In millions)

AFG	G	AFRI		AG ding		l Other Subs		onsol. ntries	Со	nsolidated
\$ —	\$		\$	_	\$	609	\$		\$	609
_		—				107		_		107
_		—		—		20		(1)		19
_		—		—		4				4
		2		—		359		(7)		354
118		40		48				(206)		
118		42		48		1,099		(214)		1,093
		—		—		886				886
		—		7		4		(6)		21
				—						18
								(2)		99
31		6		8		987		(8)		1,024
87		36		40		112		(206)		69
32		12		14		46		(72)		32
55		24		26		66		(134)		37
								()		
						(18)				(18)
\$ 55	\$	24	\$	26	\$	84	\$	(134)	\$	55
AEC	C			AG		l Other		onsol.	Co	acolidatad
AFG	G.	AFRI		AG ding		l Other Subs		onsol. htries	Coi	nsolidated
AFG	G	AFRI							Co	nsolidated
AFG	<u> </u>	AFRI							Cor	nsolidated
AFG \$ —	<u> </u>	AFRI							<u>Co</u>	572
		<u>AFRI</u>	Hol			Subs 572 113	Er			572 113
		<u>AFRI</u>	Hol			<u>Subs</u> 572	Er			572
		<u>AFRI</u>	Hol			Subs 572 113	Er			572 113
	\$	<u>AFRI</u> — — — 3	Hol			Subs 572 113 11	Er			572 113 11
\$	\$		Hol			Subs 572 113 11 8	Er	ntries		572 113 11 8
\$	\$	 3	Hol	ding		Subs 572 113 11 8	Er	ntries — — — (6)		572 113 11 8 348 —
\$ — — — — — (1) 187	\$		Hol	ding 47		572 113 11 8 352 —	Er			572 113 11 8 348 —
\$	\$		Hol	ding 47 47		572 113 11 8 352 —	Er			572 113 11 8 348 —
\$ — — — — — (1) 187	\$		Hol	ding 47 47 47 7		5005 572 113 11 8 352 352 1,056 774 4	Er			572 113 11 8 348 — 1,052 774 18
\$ 	\$		Hol	ding 47 47 47 7 		5005 572 113 11 8 352 	Er	ntries —— —— (6) (275) (281) —— (6) ——		572 113 11 8 348 — 1,052 774 18 14
\$	\$		Hol	ding 47 47 47 7 7 1		Subs 572 113 11 8 352 1,056 774 4 14 74	Er	ntries — — (6) (275) (281) — (6) — (6) — 3		572 113 11 8 348 — 1,052 774 18
\$ 	\$		Hol	ding 47 47 47 7 		5005 572 113 11 8 352 	Er	ntries —— —— (6) (275) (281) —— (6) ——		572 113 11 8 348 — 1,052 774 18 14
\$	\$		Hol	ding 		Subs 572 113 11 8 8 352 1,056 1,056 774 4 14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 5 1,056	Er	ntries — — (6) (275) (281) — (6) — (6) — 3		572 113 11 8 348 1,052 774 18 14 88 894 158
\$	\$		Hol	ding 47 47 47 47 47 1 8		5005 572 113 11 8 352 	Er			572 113 11 8 348 1,052 774 18 14 88 894
\$	\$		Hol	ding 		500bs 572 113 11 8 352 1,056 774 4 14 74 866 190 67	Er	 (6) (275) (281) (6) (3) (3) (278) (96)		572 113 11 8 348 — 1,052 774 18 14 88 894 158 58
\$	\$		Hol	ding 		Subs 572 113 11 8 8 352 1,056 1,056 774 4 14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 5 1,056	Er	ntries (6) (275) (281) (6) (6) (3) (3) (278)		572 113 11 8 348 1,052 774 18 14 88 894 158
\$	\$		Hol	ding 		500bs 572 113 11 8 352 1,056 774 4 14 74 866 190 67	Er	 (6) (275) (281) (6) (3) (3) (278) (96)		572 113 11 8 348 — 1,052 774 18 14 88 894 158 58
	\$	\$ \$ 	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF EARNINGS (In millions)

	AFG	GAFRI	AAG Holding	All Other Subs	Consol. Entries	Consolidated
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED						
JUNE 30, 2011						
Revenues:						
Property and casualty insurance premiums	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,208	\$ —	\$ 1,208
Life, accident and health premiums				217		217
Realized gains (losses)	—			17	(1)	16
Income (loss) of managed investment entities				(A)		(4)
Investment and other income	2	5		(4) 702	(14)	(4) 695
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	278	89	105	/02	(472)	
Total revenues	280	94	105	2,140	(487)	2,132
Costs and Expenses:						
Insurance benefits and expenses			_	1,704		1,704
Interest charges on borrowed money	32	_	13	1,704	(11)	42
Expenses of managed investment entities				36	(11)	36
Other operating and general expenses	32	9	2	146	(3)	186
Total costs and expenses	64	9	15	1,894	(14)	1,968
Operating earnings before income taxes	216	85	90	246	(473)	164
Provision (credit) for income taxes	78	30	32	104	(166)	78
Net earnings, including noncontrolling						
interests	138	55	58	142	(307)	86
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	(52)	_	(52)
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	<u>\$ 138</u>	<u>\$55</u>	\$ 58	<u>\$ 194</u>	<u>\$ (307)</u>	\$ 138
	120	CAEDI	AAG	All Other	Consol.	
	AFG	GAFRI	Holding	Subs	Entries	Consolidated
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED			0_		Lintres	Gonsonduced
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010						Consonauted
JUNE 30, 2010					Linited	consonauted
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues:	<u> </u>	\$				
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,151	\$	\$ 1,151
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums	\$	\$		\$ 1,151 228		\$ 1,151 228
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment	\$	\$		\$ 1,151 228 15		\$ 1,151 228 15
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities	\$			\$ 1,151 228 15 5	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income	_		\$	\$ 1,151 228 15	\$ (11)	\$ 1,151 228 15
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	 	 5 	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693	\$ — — — (11) (556)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues	_		\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5	\$ (11)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses:	 	 5 	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092	\$ — — — (11) (556)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses		 5 	\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money	 	 5 5 81 	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7	\$ — — — (11) (556)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities	 379 379 27 	 5 <u></u> 81 86	\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities Other operating and general expenses	 		\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23 156	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23 187
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities	 379 379 27 	 5 <u></u> 81 86	\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities Other operating and general expenses Total costs and expenses Operating earnings before income taxes	 		\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23 156 1,721 371	\$ (11) (556) (567) (11) (11) (556)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23 187 1,781 305
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities Other operating and general expenses Total costs and expenses	 	 5 81 86 7 7	\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23 156 1,721	\$	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23 187 1,781
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities Other operating and general expenses Total costs and expenses Total costs and expenses Total costs and expenses Total costs and expenses Provision (credit) for income taxes Net earnings, including noncontrolling	 379 379 27 21 48 331 		\$ _	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23 156 1,721 371 139	\$ (11) (556) (567) (11) (11) (556) (195)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23 187 1,781 305 117
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities Other operating and general expenses Total costs and expenses Total costs and expenses Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to	 		\$ 	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23 156 1,721 371 139 232	\$ (11) (556) (567) (11) (11) (556)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23 187 1,781 305 117 188
JUNE 30, 2010 Revenues: Property and casualty insurance premiums Life, accident and health premiums Realized gains (losses) Income (loss) of managed investment entities Investment and other income Equity in earnings of subsidiaries Total revenues Costs and Expenses: Insurance benefits and expenses Interest charges on borrowed money Expenses of managed investment entities Other operating and general expenses Total costs and expenses Total costs and expenses Provision (credit) for income taxes Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests	 379 379 27 21 48 331 		\$ _	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 693 2,092 1,535 7 23 156 1,721 371 139	\$ (11) (556) (567) (11) (11) (556) (195)	\$ 1,151 228 15 5 687 2,086 1,535 36 23 187 1,781 305 117

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (In millions)

	AFG GAFRI			AG lding	All Other Subs		Consol. Entries		Consolidated			
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011												
Operating Activities:												
Net earnings, including	¢	100	¢		¢	50	¢	1.40	¢	(207)	¢	00
noncontrolling interests	\$	138	\$	55	\$	58	\$	142	\$	(307)	\$	86
Adjustments: Equity in net earnings of												
subsidiaries	(181)		(58)		(68)				307		
Dividends from subsidiaries		190		(50)		(00)		_		(190)		_
Other operating activities, net		(18)		(1)		1		466		(150)		448
Net cash provided by (used		(10)		(1)		<u>+</u>		400				440
in) operating activities		129		(4)		(9)		608		(100)		534
iii) operating activities		129		(4)		(9)		000	<u> </u>	(190)		554
Investing Activities:												
Purchases of investments,												
property and equipment		(25)					C	2,529)				(2,554)
Returns of capital from (capital		(23)				_	(.	2,329)		_		(2,334)
contributions to) subsidiaries		29		(10)		(1)		_		(18)		
Proceeds from maturities and		23		(10)		(1)				(10)		
redemptions of investments		2		8		_		1,320				1,330
Proceeds from sales of		2		0				1,520				1,550
investments, property and												
equipment		5						411				416
Managed investment entities:		0						711				410
Purchases of investments								(681)				(681)
Proceeds from sales and								(001)				(001)
redemptions of investments								754				754
Other investing activities, net		_		_				(6)				(6)
Net cash provided by (used in)									-			
investing activities		11		(2)		(1)		(731)		(18)		(741)
8								<u>(-)</u>				
Financing Activities:												
Annuity receipts		_						1,578				1,578
Annuity surrenders, benefits and								_,				_,
withdrawals								(636)				(636)
Additional long-term borrowings		—				_		2				2
Reductions of long-term debt		_						(14)				(14)
Managed investment entities'												. ,
retirement of liabilities		_						(8)		_		(8)
Issuances of Common Stock		16		—		_		—		—		16
Capital contributions from												
(returns of capital to) parent		—		8		10		(36)		18		_
Repurchases of Common Stock	(178)		—				—		—		(178)
Cash dividends paid		(34)		—		—		(190)		190		(34)
Other financing activities, net		_						11				11
Net cash provided by (used in)												
financing activities	(<u>196</u>)		8		10		707		208		737
Net change in cash and cash												
equivalents		(56)		2				584				530
Cash and cash equivalents at		(00)		2				504				550
beginning of period		370		20				709				1,099
		2.0										1,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of												
period	\$	314	\$	22	\$	_	\$	1,293	\$		\$	1,629
Find			•		•			_,	-		+	1,020

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS --- CONTINUED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (In millions)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED Procession Second State Sec		AFG GAFRI			AG lding	All Other Subs		Consol. Entries		Consolidated			
Operating Artivities: Net examings, including noncontrolling interests \$ 214 \$ 51 \$ 52 \$ 232 \$ (361) \$ 188 Adjustments: Equity in net earnings of subidiaries (246) (53) (63) — 362 — Dividends from subsidiaries (246) (33) (63) — 362 — Dividends from subsidiaries (244) — 16 — (220) — Other operating activities ent (11) (2) 3 334 (1) 273 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 111 (4) 8 566 (220) 461 Purchases of investments, property and equipment (3) — — — — — — — — — P Proceeds from subsidiaries (8) 8 — — — — — — P Proceeds from subsidiaries 197 Proceeds from subsidiaries 197 Proceeds from subsidiaries 197 — = =	ENDED												
Net earlings, including noncontrolling interests S 214 S 51 S 52 S 232 S (361) S 188 Adjustments: Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries (246) (53) (63) — 362 — Dividends from subsidiaries 204 — 16 — (20) — 344 (11) 227 Net cash provided by (used	JUNE 30, 2010												
nencomolling interests S 214 S 51 S 52 S 232 S (361) S 188 Adjustments: Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries (246) (53) (63) — 362 — Dividends from subsidiaries 204 — 16 — (220) — Other operating activities 111 (4) 8 566 (220) 461 Investing Activities:	Operating Activities:												
Adjustments: Equity in the rearnings of subsidiaries (246) (53) (63) — 362 — Dividends from subsidiaries 204 — 16 — (220) — Other operating activities, net (61) (2) 3 334 (1) 273 Net cash provided by (used …	Net earnings, including												
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries (246) (53) (\$	214	\$	51	\$	52	\$	232	\$	(361)	\$	188
subsidiaries (246) (53) (63)													
Dividends from subsidiaries 204 - 16 - (220) - Other operating activities, net (61) (2) 3 334 (1) 223 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 111 (4) 8 566 (220) 461 Investments, property and equipment (3) - - (2,565) - (2,568) Returns of capital from (capital contributions to) subsidiaries (8) 8 - - - - - Proceeds from sales of investments, property and equipment - 4 993 - 997 Proceeds from sales of -													
Other operating activities, net (61) (2) 3 334 (1) 273 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 111 (4) 8 566 (220) 461 Investing Activities: 8 566 (220) 461 Investing Activities: 8 566 (220) 461 Purchases of investments, property and equipament (3) - - (2,565) - (2,568) Proceeds from maturities and redemptions of investments - 4 993 - 997 Proceeds from sales of investments, properly and equipament - - 941 - 941 Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments - - (394) - (394) Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments - - - (124) - (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 - (708) - (707) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(53)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					(53)								
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 111 (4) 8 566 (220) 461 Investing Activities: 461 Investing Activities: 461 Purchases of investments, property and equipment (3) - - (2,565) - (2,568) Returns of capital from (capital contributions of investments - 4 - 993 - 997 Proceeds from sales of investments - - 4 - 993 - 997 Parchases of investments, property and equipment - - 941 - 941 Managed investments, property and equipment - - - 941 - 941 Managed investments, property and equipment - - - 941 - 941 Managed investment entities: - - - (124) - (124) Proceeds from sales and reversment entities:					(2)								
in) operating activities 111 (4) 8 566 (220) 461 Investing Activities: Purchases of investments, property and equipment (3) - - (2,565) - (2,568) Returns of capital from (capital contributions to) subsidiaries (B) 8 -			(61)		(2)		3		334		(1)		273
Investing Activities:											(22.2)		
Purchases of investments, property and equipment (3) - - (2,565) - (2,568) Returns of capital from (capital contributions to) subsidiaries (8) 8 -	in) operating activities		111		(4)		8		566		(220)		461
Purchases of investments, property and equipment (3) - - (2,565) - (2,568) Returns of capital from (capital contributions to) subsidiaries (8) 8 -													
property and equipment (3) (2,565) (2,568) Returns of capital from (capital contributions to subsidiaries (8) 8													
Returns of capital from (capital contributions to) subsidiaries (8) 8 -			(2)										
contributions to i) subsidiaries (8) 8 Proceeds from maturities and redemptions of investments, property and equipment 4 993 997 Proceeds from sales of investment entities: 941 941 941 Managed investment entities: (394) (394) Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments (411 (124) (124) Other investing activities, net (124) (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 (708) (707) Financing Activities: 945 945 Annuity surenders, benefits and withdrawals (617) (617) Additional long-term borrowings 06 (69) Managed investment entities' (39) (11)			(3)						(2,565)				(2,568)
Proceeds from maturities and redemptions of investments — 4 — 993 — 997 Proceeds from sales of investments, property and equipment — — — 941 — 941 Managed investment entities: — — — 941 — 941 Purchases of investments — — — (394) — (394) Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments — — — (124) — (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities, net — — — (112) — (707) Financing Activities:			(0)		0								
redemptions of investments - 4 - 993 - 997 Proceeds from sales of investments, property and equipment - - 941 - 941 Managed investment entities: - - 941 - 941 Purchases of investments - - - 941 - 941 Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments - - - 441 - 441 Other investing activities, net - - - 1(24) - (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 - (708) - (707) Financing Activities: - - - 945 - 945 Annuity surenders, benefits and withdrawals - - - 617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - 30 30 30 Reductions of long-term debt - - - (617) - (617) Invite summation activities - - - 30			(8)		8		_		_		_		—
Proceeds from sales of investments, property and equipment					4				002				007
investments, property and			_		4		_		995		_		997
equipment - - 941 - 941 Managed investment entities: - - (394) - (394) Purchases of investments - - (41) - (41) Other investing activities, net - - - (124) - (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 - (708) - (707) Financing Activities: - - - 945 - 945 Annuity receipts - - - (617) (617) (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term borrowings - - - (6) - (6) Maaged investment entities' - - - 30 - 30 retirement of liabilities - - - - (11) - - - - 11 Capital contributions from - - - - - </td <td></td>													
Managed investment entities: Purchases of investments - - (394) - (394) Proceedes from sales and - - - (341) - (394) redemptions of investments - - - 441 - 441 Other investing activities, net - - - (124) - (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 - (708) - (707) Financing Activities: - - - 945 - 945 Annuity surenders, benefits and - - - (617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term debt - - - (617) - (617) Ananaged investment entities' - - - 30 - 30 Issuances of Common Stock 11 - - - - 11 Cash dividends paid (31) - -									0/1				0/1
Purchases of investments (394) (394) Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments (41) (41) Other investing activities, net (124) (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 (708) (707) Financing Activities: 945 945 Annuity receipts 945 945 Annuity surenders, benefits and withdrawals (617) (617) Additional long-term borrowings 30 30 Reductions of long-term debt (6) (6) Managed investment entities' retirement of liabilities 11 Cash all (3) 11 Capital contributions from (returns of capital to) parent - 8 (8) 120 220 (31) Other financing activities, net					_		_		941				941
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments - - 441 - 441 Other investing activities, net - - (124) - (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 - (708) - (707) Financing Activities: - - - 945 - 945 Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals - - - (617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term debt - - - (617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term debt - - - - (617) - (617) Issuances of Common Stock 11 - - - (39) - (39) Issuances of Common Stock 111 - - - - - - - - - - -									(304)				(304)
redemptions of investments - - 441 - 441 Other investing activities, net - - (124) - (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 - (708) - (707) Financing Activities: - - - 945 - 945 Annuity receipts - - - 617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term borrowings - - - (617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term debt - - - (66) - (66) Managed investment entities' - - - - (39) - (39) Issuances of Common Stock 11 - - - - - - - - - - 11 Casth dividends paid (31) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(554)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(554)</td>									(554)				(554)
Other investing activities, net — — — (124) — (124) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 — (708) — (707) Financing Activities: Annuity receipts — — — 945 — 945 Annuity surrenders, benefits and — — — (617) — (617) Additional long-term borrowings — — — 30 — 30 Reductions of long-term debt — — — (66) — (67) Issuances of Common Stock 11 — — — (39) — (39) Issuances of Common Stock 11 — — — — (11) Capital contributions from (returns of capital to) parent — 8 (8) — — — — (12) 220 (31) Other financing activities, net (2) — — (33) — (5) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (17			_		_		_		441				1/1
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (11) 12 (708) (707) Financing Activities: (11) 12 (708) (707) Financing Activities: (11) 12 (708) (707) Financing Activities: (11) 12 (708) (707) Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals (11) 12 (617) (617) Additional long-term borrowings (11)													
investing activities (11) 12 (708) (707) Financing Activities: - - - 945 - 945 Annuity receipts - - 945 - 945 Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals - - 945 - 945 Additional long-term borrowings - - - 617) - (617) - (617) Additional long-term borrowings - - - 30 - 30 Reductions of long-term debt - - - - 66 - 66 Managed investment entities' - - - - (6) - (6) Managed investment entities' - - - - - - - 11 Capital contributions from -									(124)				(124)
Financing Activities:			(11)		12				(708)				(707)
Annuity receipts $ 945$ $ 945$ Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals $ (617)$ $ (617)$ Additional long-term borrowings $ 30$ $ 30$ Reductions of long-term debt $ (66)$ $ (66)$ Managed investment entities' retirement of liabilities $ (66)$ $ (66)$ Managed investment entities' retirement of spatial contributions from (returns of capital to) parent $ 8$ (8) $ -$ Repurchases of Common Stock111 $ -$ Repurchases of Common Stock1151 $ -$ Repurchases of Common Stock(151) $ -$ <td< td=""><td>investing activities</td><td></td><td>(11)</td><td></td><td>12</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(700)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(/0/)</td></td<>	investing activities		(11)		12				(700)				(/0/)
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ITEM 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

INDEX TO MD&A

	Page
Forward-Looking Statements	33
Overview	34
Critical Accounting Policies	34
Liquidity and Capital Resources	35
Ratios	35
Parent and Subsidiary Liquidity	35
Investments	36
Uncertainties	41
Managed Investment Entities	42
Results of Operations	44
General	44
Income Items	44
Expense Items	49
Recent Accounting Standards	50

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. Some of the forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "anticipates", "believes", "expects", "projects", "estimates", "intends", "plans", "seeks", "could", "may", "should", "will" or the negative version of those words or other comparable terminology. Such forward-looking statements include statements relating to: expectations concerning market and other conditions and their effect on future premiums, revenues, earnings and investment activities; recoverability of asset values; expected losses and the adequacy of reserves for asbestos, environmental pollution and mass tort claims; rate changes; and improved loss experience.

Actual results and/or financial condition could differ materially from those contained in or implied by such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons including but not limited to:

- changes in financial, political and economic conditions, including changes in interest and inflation rates, currency fluctuations and extended economic recessions or expansions;
- performance of securities markets;
- AFG's ability to estimate accurately the likelihood, magnitude and timing of any losses in connection with investments in the non-agency residential mortgage market;
- new legislation or declines in credit quality or credit ratings that could have a material impact on the valuation of securities in AFG's investment portfolio;
- the availability of capital;
- regulatory actions (including changes in statutory accounting rules);
- changes in the legal environment affecting AFG or its customers;
- tax law and accounting changes;
- levels of natural catastrophes and severe weather, terrorist activities (including any nuclear, biological, chemical or radiological events), incidents of war or losses resulting from civil unrest and other major losses;
- development of insurance loss reserves and establishment of other reserves, particularly with respect to amounts associated with asbestos and environmental claims;
- availability of reinsurance and ability of reinsurers to pay their obligations;
- the unpredictability of possible future litigation if certain settlements of current litigation do not become effective;
- trends in persistency, mortality and morbidity;
- competitive pressures, including the ability to obtain adequate rates and policy terms; and
- changes in AFG's credit ratings or the financial strength ratings assigned by major ratings agencies to AFG's operating subsidiaries.

The forward-looking statements herein are made only as of the date of this report. The Company assumes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

OVERVIEW

Financial Condition

AFG is organized as a holding company with almost all of its operations being conducted by subsidiaries. AFG, however, has continuing cash needs for administrative expenses, the payment of principal and interest on borrowings, shareholder dividends, and taxes. Therefore, certain analyses are best done on a parent only basis while others are best done on a total enterprise basis. In addition, because most of its businesses are financial in nature, AFG does not prepare its consolidated financial statements using a current-noncurrent format. Consequently, certain traditional ratios and financial analysis tests are not meaningful.

Results of Operations

Through the operations of its subsidiaries, AFG is engaged primarily in property and casualty insurance, focusing on specialized commercial products for businesses and in the sale of traditional fixed and indexed annuities and a variety of supplemental insurance products such as Medicare supplement.

Net earnings attributable to AFG's shareholders for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 were \$55 million (\$.52 per share, diluted) and \$138 million (\$1.31 per share diluted), respectively, compared to \$108 million (\$.97 per share, diluted) and \$214 million (\$1.90 per share, diluted) reported in the same periods of 2010. Improved operating results in the annuity and supplemental insurance group were more than offset by a second quarter 2011 special charge to strengthen reserves for asbestos and other environmental exposures, primarily within the property and casualty run-off operations, and lower underwriting profit and investment income in the on-going property and casualty insurance operations.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies are summarized in Note A to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that can have a significant effect on amounts reported in the financial statements. As more information becomes known, these estimates and assumptions change and thus impact amounts reported in the future. The areas where management believes the degree of judgment required to determine amounts recorded in the financial statements make accounting policies critical are as follows:

- the establishment of insurance reserves, especially asbestos and environmental-related reserves,
- the recoverability of reinsurance,
- the recoverability of deferred acquisition costs,
- the establishment of asbestos and environmental reserves of former railroad and manufacturing operations, and
- the valuation of investments, including the determination of "other-than-temporary" impairments.

For a discussion of these policies, see *Management's Discussion and Analysis* – "*Critical Accounting Policies*" in AFG's 2010 Form 10-K.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Ratios AFG's debt to total capital ratio on a consolidated basis is shown below (dollars in millions).

	June 30, 2011		Decemb		
			 2010	2009	
Long-term debt	\$	940	\$ 952	\$	828
Total capital		5,002	5,050		4,698
Ratio of debt to total capital:					
Including debt secured by real estate		18.8%	18.9%		17.6%
Excluding debt secured by real estate		17.7%	17.8%		16.4%

The ratio of debt to total capital is a non-GAAP measure that management believes is useful for investors, analysts and independent ratings agencies to evaluate AFG's financial strength and liquidity and to provide insight into how AFG finances its operations. It is calculated by dividing AFG's long-term debt by its total capital, which includes long-term debt, noncontrolling interests and shareholders' equity (excluding unrealized gains (losses) related to fixed maturity investments and appropriated retained earnings related to managed investment entities).

AFG's ratio of earnings to fixed charges, including annuity benefits as a fixed charge, was 1.76 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2.41 for the entire year of 2010. Excluding annuity benefits, this ratio was 5.42 and 9.09, respectively. Although the ratio excluding annuity benefits is not required or encouraged to be disclosed under Securities and Exchange Commission rules, it is presented because interest credited to annuity policyholder accounts is not always considered a borrowing cost for an insurance company.

Parent and Subsidiary Liquidity

Parent Holding Company Liquidity Management believes AFG has sufficient resources to meet its liquidity requirements. If funds generated from operations, including dividends, tax payments and borrowings from subsidiaries, are insufficient to meet fixed charges in any period, AFG would be required to utilize parent company cash and marketable securities or to generate cash through borrowings, sales of other assets, or similar transactions.

AFG can borrow up to \$500 million under its revolving credit facility which expires in August 2013. There were no borrowings under this agreement, or under any other parent company short-term borrowing arrangements, during 2011. In September 2010, AFG issued \$132 million of 7% Senior Notes due 2050.

During the first six months of 2011, AFG repurchased 5.2 million shares of its Common Stock for \$178 million. In addition, in July 2011, AFG repurchased 534,800 shares of its Common Stock for \$18 million. During 2010, AFG repurchased 10.3 million shares of its Common Stock for \$292 million.

Under tax allocation agreements with AFG, its 80%-owned U.S. subsidiaries generally pay taxes to (or recover taxes from) AFG based on each subsidiary's contribution to amounts due under AFG's consolidated tax return.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Subsidiary Liquidity Great American Life Insurance Company ("GALIC"), a wholly-owned annuity and supplemental insurance subsidiary, became a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati ("FHLB") in 2009. The FHLB makes loans and provides other banking services to member institutions. Members are required to purchase stock in the FHLB in addition to maintaining collateral deposits that back any funds borrowed. GALIC's \$17 million investment in FHLB capital stock at June 30, 2011 is included in other investments at cost. Membership in the FHLB provides the annuity and supplemental insurance operations with a substantial additional source of liquidity. No funds have been borrowed from the FHLB.

National Interstate, a 52%-owned property and casualty insurance subsidiary, can borrow up to \$75 million, subject to certain conditions, under an unsecured credit agreement expiring in December 2012. Amounts borrowed bear interest at rates ranging from .45% to .9% (currently .65%) over LIBOR based on National Interstate's credit rating. There was \$22 million outstanding under this agreement at June 30, 2011.

The liquidity requirements of AFG's insurance subsidiaries relate primarily to the liabilities associated with their products as well as operating costs and expenses, payments of dividends and taxes to AFG and contributions of capital to their subsidiaries. Historically, cash flows from premiums and investment income have generally provided more than sufficient funds to meet these requirements without requiring a sale of investments or contributions from AFG. Funds received in excess of cash requirements are generally invested in additional marketable securities. In addition, the insurance subsidiaries generally hold a significant amount of highly liquid, short-term investments.

The excess cash flow of AFG's property and casualty group allows it to extend the duration of its investment portfolio somewhat beyond that of its claim reserves.

In the annuity business, where profitability is largely dependent on earning a "spread" between invested assets and annuity liabilities, the duration of investments is generally maintained close to that of liabilities. With declining rates, AFG receives some protection (from spread compression) due to the ability to lower crediting rates, subject to guaranteed minimums. In a rising interest rate environment, significant protection from withdrawals exists in the form of temporary and permanent surrender charges on AFG's annuity products.

AFG believes its insurance subsidiaries maintain sufficient liquidity to pay claims and benefits and operating expenses. In addition, these subsidiaries have sufficient capital to meet commitments in the event of unforeseen events such as reserve deficiencies, inadequate premium rates or reinsurer insolvencies. Nonetheless, changes in statutory accounting rules, significant declines in the fair value of the insurance subsidiaries' investment portfolios or significant ratings downgrades on these investments, could create a need for additional capital.

Investments AFG's investment portfolio at June 30, 2011, contained \$20.5 billion in "Fixed maturities" classified as available for sale and \$779 million in "Equity securities," all carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in a separate component of shareholders' equity on an after-tax basis. In addition, \$395 million in fixed maturities were classified as trading with changes in unrealized holding gains or losses included in investment income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Fair values for AFG's portfolio are determined by AFG's internal investment professionals using data from nationally recognized pricing services as well as non-binding broker quotes. Fair values of equity securities are generally based on closing prices obtained from the pricing services. For mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"), which comprise approximately 30% of AFG's fixed maturities, prices for each security are generally obtained from both pricing services and broker quotes. For the remainder of AFG's fixed maturity portfolio, approximately 93% are priced using pricing services and the balance is priced internally or by using non-binding broker quotes. When prices obtained for the same security vary, AFG's internal investment professionals select the price they believe is most indicative of an exit price.

The pricing services use a variety of observable inputs to estimate fair value of fixed maturities that do not trade on a daily basis. Based upon information provided by the pricing services, these inputs include, but are not limited to, recent reported trades, benchmark yields, issuer spreads, bids or offers, reference data, and measures of volatility. Included in the pricing of MBS are estimates of the rate of future prepayments and defaults of principal over the remaining life of the underlying collateral. Due to the lack of transparency in the process that brokers use to develop prices, valuations that are based on brokers' prices are classified as Level 3 in the GAAP hierarchy unless the price can be corroborated, for example, by comparison to similar securities priced using observable inputs.

Valuation techniques utilized by pricing services and prices obtained from external sources are reviewed by AFG's internal investment professionals who are familiar with the securities being priced and the markets in which they trade to ensure the fair value determination is representative of an exit price. To validate the appropriateness of the prices obtained, these investment managers consider widely published indices (as benchmarks), recent trades, changes in interest rates, general economic conditions and the credit quality of the specific issuers. Prices obtained from a broker or pricing service are adjusted only in cases where they are deemed not to be representative of an appropriate exit price (fewer than 1% of the securities).

In general, the fair value of AFG's fixed maturity investments is inversely correlated to changes in interest rates. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of such fair values to reasonably likely changes in interest rates by illustrating the estimated effect on AFG's fixed maturity portfolio that an immediate increase of 100 basis points in the interest rate yield curve would have at June 30, 2011 (dollars in millions). Increases or decreases from the 100 basis points illustrated would be approximately proportional.

Fair value of fixed maturity portfolio	\$ 20,895
Pretax impact on fair value of 100 bps increase in interest rates	\$ (919)
Pretax impact as % of total fixed maturity portfolio	(4.4%)

Approximately 91% of the fixed maturities held by AFG at June 30, 2011, were rated "investment grade" (credit rating of AAA to BBB) by nationally recognized rating agencies. Investment grade securities generally bear lower yields and lower degrees of risk than those that are unrated and noninvestment grade. Management believes that the high quality investment portfolio should generate a stable and predictable investment return.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

MBS are subject to significant prepayment risk due to the fact that, in periods of declining interest rates, mortgages may be repaid more rapidly than scheduled as borrowers refinance higher rate mortgages to take advantage of lower rates.

Summarized information for AFG's MBS (including those classified as trading) at June 30, 2011, is shown (in millions) in the table below. Agency-backed securities are those issued by a U.S. government-backed agency; Alt-A mortgages are those with risk profiles between prime and subprime. The majority of the Alt-A securities and substantially all of the subprime securities are backed by fixed-rate mortgages. The average life of the residential and commercial MBS is approximately 4 and 5 years, respectively.

0/ Dated

								% Rated
	Ar	nortized			Fair Value as	Uni	ealized	Investment
Collateral type		Cost		ir Value	% of Cost	Gaiı	n (Loss)	Grade
Residential:								
Agency-backed	\$	405	\$	421	104%	\$	16	100%
Non-agency prime		2,066		2,167	105		101	75
Alt-A		728		718	99		(10)	52
Subprime		549		546	99		(3)	32
Commercial		2,221		2,409	108		188	100
Other		24		27	113		3	48
	\$	5,993	\$	6,288	105%	\$	295	80%

The National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC") assigns creditworthiness designations on a scale of 1 to 6 with 1 being the highest quality and 6 being the lowest quality. The NAIC retained a third-party investment management firm to assist in the determination of appropriate NAIC designations for mortgage-backed securities based not only on the probability of loss (which is the primary basis of ratings by the major ratings firms), but also on the severity of loss and statutory carrying value. At June 30, 2011, 98% (based on statutory carrying value of \$5.9 billion) of AFG's MBS securities had an NAIC designation of 1 or 2.

Municipal bonds represented approximately 17% of AFG's fixed maturity portfolio at June 30, 2011. AFG's municipal bond portfolio is high quality, with 99% of the securities rated investment grade at that date. The portfolio is well diversified across the states of issuance and individual issuers. At June 30, 2011, approximately 75% of the municipal bond portfolio was held in revenue bonds, with the remaining 25% held in general obligation bonds. State general obligation securities of California, Illinois, New Jersey and New York collectively represented only 2% of this portfolio.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Summarized information for the unrealized gains and losses recorded in AFG's Balance Sheet at June 30, 2011, is shown in the following table (dollars in millions). Approximately \$274 million of available for sale "Fixed maturities" and \$34 million of "Equity securities" had no unrealized gains or losses at June 30, 2011.

		Securities With Unrealized		Securities With Unrealized	
	-	Gains	Losses		
Available for Sale Fixed Maturities	`	Sums		103363	
Fair value of securities	\$	17,086	\$	3,140	
Amortized cost of securities	\$	15,842	\$	3,301	
Gross unrealized gain (loss)	\$	1,244	\$	(161)	
Fair value as % of amortized cost		108%		95%	
Number of security positions		3,550		893	
Number individually exceeding \$2 million gain or loss		106		2	
Concentration of gains (losses) by type or industry (exceeding 5% of unrealized):					
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	414	\$	(119)	
States and municipalities		112		(15)	
Banks, savings and credit institutions		104		(7)	
Gas and electric services		133		(2)	
Percentage rated investment grade		94%		79%	
Equity Securities					
Fair value of securities	\$	652	\$	93	
Cost of securities	\$	413	\$	102	
Gross unrealized gain (loss)	\$	239(*)	\$	(9)	
Fair value as % of cost		158%		91%	
Number of security positions		120		32	
Number individually exceeding \$2 million gain or loss		12		—	

(*) Includes \$138 million on AFG's investment in Verisk Analytics, Inc.

The table below sets forth the scheduled maturities of AFG's available for sale fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2011, based on their fair values. Asset-backed securities and other securities with sinking funds are reported at average maturity. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain securities may be called or prepaid by the issuers.

	Securities With Unrealized Gains	Securities With Unrealized Losses
Maturity		
One year or less	3%	1%
After one year through five years	30	11
After five years through ten years	31	29
After ten years	8	21
	72	62
Mortgage-backed securities (average life of approximately four years)	28	38
	100%	100%

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

The table below (dollars in millions) summarizes the unrealized gains and losses on fixed maturity securities by dollar amount.

	A	ggregate Fair Value	Un	gregate realized n (Loss)	Fair Value as % of Cost Basis
Fixed Maturities at June 30, 2011					
Securities with unrealized gains:					
Exceeding \$500,000 (719 issues)	\$	8,934	\$	903	111%
\$500,000 or less (2,831 issues)		8,152		341	104
	\$	17,086	\$	1,244	108%
Securities with unrealized losses:					
Exceeding \$500,000 (84 issues)	\$	451	\$	(79)	85%
\$500,000 or less (809 issues)		2,689		(82)	97
	\$	3,140	\$	(161)	95%

The following table summarizes (dollars in millions) the unrealized loss for all securities with unrealized losses by issuer quality and length of time those securities have been in an unrealized loss position.

Securities with Unrealized Losses at June 30, 2011	A	Aggregate Fair Value		gregate ealized Loss	Fair Value as % of Cost Basis
Investment grade fixed maturities with losses for:					
Less than one year (469 issues)	\$	2,134	\$	(41)	98%
One year or longer (143 issues)		346		(38)	90
	\$	2,480	\$	(79)	97%
Non-investment grade fixed maturities with losses for:					
Less than one year (128 issues)	\$	368	\$	(12)	97%
One year or longer (153 issues)		292		(70)	81
	\$	660	\$	(82)	89%
Common equity securities with losses for:					
Less than one year (17 issues)	\$	47	\$	(5)	90%
One year or longer (4 issues)					—
	\$	47	\$	(5)	90%
Perpetual preferred equity securities with losses for:					
Less than one year (1 issue)	\$	5	\$	_	100%
One year or longer (10 issues)		41	_	(4)	91
	\$	46	\$	(4)	92%

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

When a decline in the value of a specific investment is considered to be "other-than-temporary," a provision for impairment is charged to earnings (accounted for as a realized loss) and the cost basis of that investment is reduced by the amount of the charge. The determination of whether unrealized losses are "other-than-temporary" requires judgment based on subjective as well as objective factors as detailed in AFG's 2010 Form 10-K under *Management's Discussion and Analysis – "Investments.*"

Based on its analysis, management believes (i) AFG will recover its cost basis in the securities with unrealized losses and (ii) that AFG has the ability and intent to hold the securities until they recover in value and, at June 30, 2011, had no intent to sell them. Although AFG has the ability to continue holding its investments with unrealized losses, its intent to hold them may change due to deterioration in the issuers' creditworthiness, decisions to lessen exposure to a particular issuer or industry, asset/liability management decisions, market movements, changes in views about appropriate asset allocation or the desire to offset taxable realized gains. Should AFG's ability or intent change with regard to a particular security, a charge for impairment would likely be required. While it is not possible to accurately predict if or when a specific security will become impaired, charges for other-than-temporary impairment could be material to results of operations in future periods. Significant declines in the fair value of AFG's investment portfolio could have a significant adverse effect on AFG's liquidity.

<u>Uncertainties</u> Management believes that the areas posing the greatest risk of material loss are the adequacy of its insurance reserves and contingencies arising out of its former railroad and manufacturing operations. AFG has conducted comprehensive studies of its asbestos and environmental reserves with the aid of outside actuarial and engineering firms and specialty outside counsel every two years with an in-depth internal review during the intervening years. The outcome of the 2011 study with the assistance of outside firms is included in AFG's second quarter results. See "*Results of Operations*" – "*Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charge*" below and *Management's Discussion and Analysis* – "Uncertainties" in AFG's 2010 Form 10-K.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

MANAGED INVESTMENT ENTITIES

Accounting standards require AFG to consolidate its investments in six collateralized loan obligation ("CLO") entities that it manages and owns an interest in (in the form of debt). See *Note A* - "*Accounting Policies - Managed Investment Entities*" and *Note H* - "*Managed Investment Entities*." The effect of consolidating these entities is shown in the tables below (in millions). The "Before CLO Consolidation" columns include AFG's investment and earnings in the CLOs on an unconsolidated basis.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

		fore CLO solidation	Inv	anaged estment ntities		Consol. Entries		nsolidated Reported
June 30, 2011								
Assets:								
Cash and other investments	\$	24,387	\$		\$	(19)(a)	\$	24,368
Assets of managed investment entities		_		2,591		—		2,591
Other assets	<u> </u>	7,094						7,094
Total assets	\$	31,481	\$	2,591	\$	(19)	\$	34,053
Liabilities:								
Unpaid losses, loss adjustment expenses and unearned								
premiums	\$	7,900	\$		\$		\$	7,900
Annuity, life, accident and health benefits and reserves		15,808						15,808
Liabilities of managed investment entities		_		2,449		(19)(a)		2,430
Long-term debt and other liabilities		3,290						3,290
Total liabilities		26,998		2,449		(19)		29,428
Shareholders' Equity:								
Common Stock and Capital surplus		1,239		_				1,239
Retained earnings:								
Appropriated – managed investment entities		_		142				142
Unappropriated		2,512						2,512
Accumulated other comprehensive income		579		—				579
Total shareholders' equity		4,330		142				4,472
Noncontrolling interests		153						153
Total equity		4,483		142				4,625
Total liabilities and equity	\$	31,481	\$	2,591	\$	(19)	\$	34,053
December 31, 2010								
Assets:								
Cash and other investments	\$	22,687	\$	_	\$	(17)(a)	\$	22,670
Assets of managed investment entities				2,537		_		2,537
Other assets		7,247						7,247
Total assets	\$	29,934	\$	2,537	\$	(17)	\$	32,454
Liabilities:								
Unpaid losses, loss adjustment expenses and unearned								
premiums	\$	7,947	\$		\$		\$	7,947
Annuity, life, accident and health benefits and reserves		14,555			•			14,555
Liabilities of managed investment entities				2,340		(17)(a)		2,323
Long-term debt and other liabilities		3,009				—		3,009
Total liabilities		25,511		2,340		(17)		27,834
Shareholders' equity:								
Common Stock and Capital surplus		1,271						1,271
Retained earnings:								
Appropriated – managed investment entities		_		197				197
Unappropriated		2,523		—				2,523
Accumulated other comprehensive income	_	479		_	_		_	479
Total shareholders' equity		4,273		197				4,470
Noncontrolling interests		150		_				150
Total equity		4,423		197				4,620
Total liabilities and equity	\$	29,934	\$	2,537	\$	(17)	\$	32,454
A C						<u> </u>		

(a) Elimination of the fair value of AFG's investment in CLOs.



Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

	Managed Before CLO Investment Consol.							Consolidated		
		idation(a)		tities	E	ntries		Reported		
Six months ended June 30, 2011										
Revenues:										
Insurance premiums	\$	1,425	\$	—	\$		\$	1,425		
Investment income		606		—				606		
Realized gains (losses) on securities		26				(7)(b)		19		
Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries		(3)		_		—		(3)		
Income (loss) of managed investment entities:										
Investment income		—		51		_		51		
Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities		—		(57)		2(b)		(55)		
Other income		97				<u>(8)(c)</u>		89		
Total revenues		2,151		(6)		(13)		2,132		
Costs and Expenses:										
Insurance benefits and expenses		1,704		_				1,704		
Expenses of managed investment entities		—		49		(13)(b)(c)		36		
Interest on borrowed money and other expenses		228		—		—		228		
Total costs and expenses		1,932		49		(13)		1,968		
Operating earnings before income taxes		219		(55)		_		164		
Provision for income taxes		78						78		
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests		141		(55)				86		
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to										
noncontrolling interests		3		_		(55)(d)		(52)		
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	\$	138	\$	(55)	\$	55	\$	138		
Six months ended June 30, 2010										
Revenues:	¢	1 270	¢		¢		¢	1 270		
Insurance premiums	\$	1,379	\$		\$	_	\$	1,379		
Investment income Realized gains (losses) on securities		589 22		_		— (7)(b)		589		
Income (loss) of managed investment entities:		22		_		(7)(b)		15		
Investment income				45				45		
Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities				(45)		 5(b)		(40)		
Other income		106		(43)		(8)(c)		98		
Total revenues		2,096				(10)		2,086		
10tal revenues		2,096		_		(10)		2,086		
Costs and Expenses:										
Insurance benefits and expenses		1,535		_				1,535		
Expenses of managed investment entities		—		33		(10)(b)(c)		23		
Interest on borrowed money and other expenses		223						223		
Total costs and expenses		1,758		33		(10)		1,781		
Operating earnings before income taxes		338		(33)				305		
Provision for income taxes		117				_		117		
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests		221		(33)				188		
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to				(30)				100		
noncontrolling interests		7				(33)(d)		(26)		
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	\$	214	\$	(33)	\$	33	\$	214		
				(30)						

(a) Includes \$7 million for each of the first six months of both 2011 and 2010 in realized gains representing the change in fair value of AFG's CLO investments plus \$8 million for each of the same periods in CLO management fees earned.

(b) Elimination of the change in fair value of AFG's investments in the CLOs, including \$5 million and \$2 million for the first six months of 2011 and 2010, respectively, in distributions recorded as interest expense by the CLOs.

(c) Elimination of management fees earned by AFG.

(d) Allocate losses of CLOs attributable to other debt holders to noncontrolling interests.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General Results of operations as shown in the accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

AFG's net earnings attributable to shareholders, determined in accordance with GAAP, include certain items that may not be indicative of its ongoing core operations. The following table identifies such items and reconciles net earnings attributable to shareholders to core net operating earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure that AFG believes is a useful tool for investors and analysts in analyzing ongoing operating trends (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
		June	30,		June 30,			
	2	011	2010		2011			2010
Core net operating earnings	\$	81	\$	102	\$	167	\$	205
Special asbestos and environmental ("A&E") charge(*)		(38)		—		(38)		—
Realized gains (*)		12		6		9		9
Net earnings attributable to shareholders	\$	55	\$	108	\$	138	\$	214
Diluted per share amounts:								
Core net operating earnings	\$.78	\$.91	\$	1.59	\$	1.82
Special asbestos and environmental charge		(.37)				(.37)		
Realized gains		.11		.06		.09		.08
Net earnings attributable to shareholders	\$.52	\$.97	\$	1.31	\$	1.90

(*) The tax effects of reconciling items are shown below (in millions):

Special A&E charge	\$ 21	\$ 	\$ 21	\$ —
Realized gains	(7)	(4)	(7)	(5)

In addition, realized gains(losses) are shown net of noncontrolling interests of \$1 million for both the second quarter and first six months of 2010.

Net earnings attributable to shareholders and core net operating earnings decreased in the second quarter and first six months of 2011 compared to the same periods in 2010 as improved results in the annuity and supplemental insurance operations were more than offset by a decline in Specialty property and casualty underwriting results and lower property and casualty investment income. Net earnings attributable to shareholders in 2011 was also impacted by the second quarter special A&E charge.

Property and Casualty Insurance – Underwriting AFG reports its Specialty insurance business in the following sub-segments: (i) Property and transportation, (ii) Specialty casualty and (iii) Specialty financial.

Performance measures such as underwriting profit or loss and related combined ratios are often used by property and casualty insurers to help users of their financial statements better understand the company's performance. See *Note* C – "*Segments of Operations*" for the detail of AFG's operating profit by significant business segment.

Underwriting profitability is measured by the combined ratio, which is a sum of the ratios of losses, loss adjustment expenses, underwriting expenses and policyholder dividends to premiums. A combined ratio under 100% indicates an underwriting profit. The combined ratio does not reflect investment income, other income or federal income taxes.



Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Premiums, combined ratios and prior year development for AFG's property and casualty insurance operations were as follows (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,					Six months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010		2011			2010	
Gross Written Premiums									
Property and transportation	\$	496	\$	364	\$	814	\$	641	
Specialty casualty		323		316		642		663	
Specialty financial		129		128		245		250	
Other		1		3		1		1	
	\$	949	\$	811	\$	1,702	\$	1,555	
Net Written Premiums									
Property and transportation	\$	346	\$	246	\$	600	\$	462	
Specialty casualty		211		211		425		449	
Specialty financial		96		104		194		202	
Other		16		14		34		28	
	\$	669	\$	575	\$	1,253	\$	1,141	
Combined Ratios									
Property and transportation		99.8%		96.0%		93.6%		90.5%	
Specialty casualty		90.2		89.5		94.7		90.5	
Specialty financial		86.6		74.0		89.1		78.8	
Total Specialty		93.6		88.1		93.0		87.5	
Aggregate (including discontinued lines)		101.8%		89.1%		97.1%		88.4%	
Favorable (Unfavorable) Prior Year Development									
Property and transportation	\$	4	\$	15	\$	26	\$	24	
Specialty casualty		27		31		27		50	
Specialty financial		4		13		_		23	
Other specialty		2		3		5		10	
		37		62		58		107	
Other (primarily asbestos and environmental charges)		(50)		(5)		(50)		(11)	
	\$	(13)	\$	57	\$	8	\$	96	

The overall increases in gross and net written premiums in the second quarter and first six months of 2011 compared to the 2010 periods resulted from increased premiums in the property and transportation segment, reflecting the impact of higher spring commodity prices on the crop business and National Interstate's third quarter 2010 acquisition of Vanliner. Overall average renewal rates for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 were flat when compared to the same 2010 periods.

The Specialty insurance operations generated an underwriting profit of \$39 million in the 2011 second quarter compared to \$68 million in the second quarter of 2010. The reduced profit in 2011 is primarily the result of a \$25 million decrease in favorable reserve development, which was partially offset by lower catastrophe losses. Catastrophe losses were \$23 million compared to \$34 million in the 2010 second quarter. Underwriting profit for the Specialty insurance operations for the first six months of 2011 was \$85 million compared to \$145 million in the comparable 2010 period. This difference was primarily the result of lower favorable reserve development.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Property and transportation gross and net written premiums for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 were higher than the 2010 periods as a result of additional premiums from the Vanliner acquisition as well as the impact of higher spring commodity prices on crop premiums. This group reported a small underwriting profit in the second quarter of 2011 compared to an underwriting profit of \$8 million in the second quarter of 2010. This decrease is attributable to lower favorable reserve development, particularly in the inland marine and crop insurance operations, and slightly lower earnings in the agricultural businesses, which was partially offset by lower catastrophe losses. The \$18 million in catastrophe losses recorded by this group in the second quarter of 2011 decreased approximately \$7 million from the comparable 2010 period. The largest businesses in this group produced solid underwriting profit margins through the first six months of 2011.

Specialty casualty gross written premiums were up slightly and net written premiums were flat for the 2011 second quarter when compared to the second quarter of 2010. Gross and net written premiums decreased for the first six months of 2011 when compared to the 2010 period. The non-renewal of two major programs that did not meet management's return thresholds and a decision to exit the excess workers' compensation business resulted in lower premiums in both periods. This group reported an underwriting profit of \$21 million in the second quarter of 2011, slightly lower than the second quarter of 2010. Increased underwriting profit in the excess and surplus businesses and higher favorable development in the run-off legal professional liability business were more than offset by lower underwriting profits in the Marketform, executive liability and general liability operations. Underwriting profit in the first six months of 2011 decreased approximately \$18 million from the comparable 2010 period. Lower underwriting profit in a block of program business and lower favorable reserve development were partially offset by improved results in the excess and surplus lines. Most businesses in this group produced strong underwriting profit margins through the first six months of 2011.

Specialty financial gross written premiums for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 were impacted by lower premiums from the run-off of automotive-related business and lower premiums in the financial institutions business, partially offset by higher premiums in the trade credit and international operations. Net written premiums decreased for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 when compared to 2010 periods as higher premiums in the trade credit operations were more than offset by lower premiums in the fidelity and crime and financial institutions businesses. This group reported underwriting profits of \$13 million in the second quarter and \$23 million in the first six months of 2011 compared to \$33 million and \$54 million in the same 2010 periods. The absence of favorable development related to the run-off automobile residual value insurance operations and higher catastrophe losses in the financial institutions business contributed to these lower results. Almost all lines of business in this group produced strong underwriting profit margins through the first six months of 2011.

Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charge AFG recently completed the previously announced comprehensive study of its asbestos and environmental exposures relating to the run-off operations of its property and casualty group and its exposures related to former railroad and manufacturing operations and sites.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

As a result of the study, AFG recorded a \$50 million special charge (net of reinsurance) to increase the property and casualty group's asbestos reserves by \$28 million and its environmental reserves by \$22 million. At June 30, 2011, the property and casualty group's A&E reserves were \$382 million, net of reinsurance recoverables. At that date, AFG's three year survival ratio was 18.0 times paid losses for the asbestos reserves and 12.3 times paid losses for the total A&E reserves. Excluding amounts associated with the settlements of asbestos related coverage litigation for A.P. Green Industries (see "*Legal Proceedings*" in *AFG's 2010 Form 10-K*) and another large claim, AFG's three year survival ratio was 11.5 and 8.8 times paid losses for the asbestos reserves, respectively. These ratios compare favorably with A.M. Best's most recent report on A&E survival ratios (February 2011) which were 8.3 for asbestos and 7.7 for total industry A&E reserves.

The property and casualty group's asbestos reserve increase related primarily to exposures on business assumed from other insurers resulting from an increase in anticipated aggregate exposures in several large settlements involving several insurers in which AFG has a small proportionate share. Some insurers have settled long-standing asbestos exposures with their insureds and are seeking payment from reinsurers. Asbestos reserves related to the property and casualty group's direct asbestos exposures were increased to reflect higher frequency and severity of mesothelioma and other cancer claims as well as increased defense costs on many of these claims. These trends were partially offset by a decline in the number of claims without serious injury and fewer new claims that required payment being reported to AFG. The increase in the property and casualty group's environmental reserves was attributed primarily to a small number of increases on specific environmental claims at several sites.

In addition to the property and casualty group, the study encompassed reserves for asbestos and environmental exposures of AFG's former railroad and manufacturing operations. As a result of the study, AFG recorded a \$9 million special charge (included in other expenses) to increase its (i) asbestos reserves by \$3 million in recognition of a higher number of expected mesothelioma and lung cancer cases than had previously been estimated, partially offset by a decrease in the number of claims without serious injury and (ii) environmental reserves by \$6 million due primarily to higher estimated costs with respect to several existing sites. At June 30, 2011, AFG had liabilities totaling \$101 million for environmental and personal injury claims associated with its former railroad and manufacturing operations.

The study relied on a ground-up exposure analysis. With respect to asbestos, it considered products and non-products exposures, paid claims history, the pattern of new claims, settlements and projected development. The asbestos legal climate remains very difficult to predict. While some progress has been made in state asbestos tort reform and judicial rulings, that progress has been somewhat offset by increased claims costs, increased defense costs, the assertion of non-products theories and an expanding pool of plaintiffs and defendants.

<u>Annuity and Supplemental Insurance Operations</u> Operating earnings before income taxes of the annuity and supplemental insurance segment increased \$10 million (22%) in the second quarter and \$18 million (20%) for the first six months of 2011 compared to the 2010 periods, due primarily to higher earnings in the fixed annuity operations, especially the bank distribution channels, as well as higher earnings in the supplemental health insurance operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Statutory Annuity Premiums The following table summarizes AFG's annuity sales (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,					Six months ended June 30,			
	2	2011		2010		2011		2010	
403(b) Fixed and Indexed Annuities:	<u>.</u>				_				
First Year	\$	5	\$	9	\$	11	\$	20	
Renewal		46		45		88		87	
Single Sum		18		26		35		51	
Subtotal		69		80		134		158	
Non-403(b) Indexed Annuities		454		151		711		283	
Non-403(b) Fixed Annuities		62		157		122		259	
Bank Annuities – Direct		115		142		215		196	
Bank Annuities – Indirect		190		10		361		10	
Variable Annuities		16		19		35		39	
Total Annuity Premiums	\$	906	\$	559	\$	1,578	\$	945	

"Bank Annuities – Direct" represent premiums generated by financial institutions appointed and serviced directly by AFG. "Bank Annuities – Indirect" represent premiums generated through banks by independent agents or brokers.

The increase in annuity premiums for the second quarter and first six months of 2011 compared to the same periods in 2010 is attributable to higher sales through the bank distribution channels and increased sales of indexed annuities in the non-403(b) single premium market. Higher sales in the bank channels reflect primarily "indirect" bank sales by one agent through Regions Bank; this relationship did not exist until late in the second quarter of 2010. Increased sales of indexed annuities reflects the industry trend towards indexed annuities and away from traditional fixed annuities, as well as AFG's introduction of new indexed products and features.

Life, Accident and Health Premiums and Benefits The following table summarizes AFG's life, accident and health premiums and benefits as shown in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,				
	2	2011		2010		2011	2010	
Premiums								
Supplemental insurance operations								
First year	\$	10	\$	17	\$	21	\$	38
Renewal		92		90		184		177
Life operations (in run-off)		5		6		12		13
	\$	107	\$	113	\$	217	\$	228
Benefits								
Supplemental insurance operations	\$	78	\$	83	\$	164	\$	169
Life operations (in run-off)		11		10		21		20
	\$	89	\$	93	\$	185	\$	189

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Investment Income The \$12 million and \$17 million increases in investment income for the second quarter and first six months of 2011, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2010 reflects higher average invested assets, primarily related to growth in the annuity business, partially offset by lower yields on fixed maturity investments. Investment income includes \$7 million and \$15 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2011 and \$18 million and \$44 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2010 of interest income earned on interest-only and similar MBS, primarily non-agency interest-only securities with interest rates that float inversely with short-term rates.

Over the past couple of years, yields available in the financial markets on fixed maturity securities have generally declined, placing downward pressure on AFG's investment portfolio yield.

Realized Gains (Losses) on Securities Net realized gains (losses) on securities consisted of the following (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,			
	2	011	2010		2011			2010
Realized gains (losses) before impairments:								
Disposals	\$	46	\$	26	\$	63	\$	45
Change in the fair value of derivatives		(6)		3		(11)		12
Adjustments to annuity deferred policy acquisition costs and related items				(2)		(2)		(5)
		40		27		50		52
Impairment charges:								
Securities		(27)		(23)		(41)		(53)
Adjustments to annuity deferred policy acquisition costs and related items		6		7		10		16
		(21)		(16)		(31)		(37)
	\$	19	\$	11	\$	19	\$	15

The change in fair value of derivatives includes net losses of less than \$1 million in the second quarter and \$3 million in the first six months of 2011 and net gains of \$9 million and \$26 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2010 from the mark-to-market of MBS, primarily interest-only securities with interest rates that float inversely with short-term rates. See *Note* F – "*Derivatives.*"

<u>Annuity Benefits</u> Annuity benefits reflect amounts accrued on annuity policyholders' funds accumulated. On deferred annuities (annuities in the accumulation phase), interest is generally credited to policyholders' accounts at their current stated interest rates. Furthermore, for "two-tier" deferred annuities (annuities under which a higher interest amount can be earned if a policy is annuitized rather than surrendered), additional reserves are accrued for (i) persistency and premium bonuses and (ii) excess benefits expected to be paid for future deaths and annuitizations. Changes in investment yields, crediting rates, actual surrender, death and annuitization experience or modifications in actuarial assumptions can affect these additional reserves and could result in charges (or credits) to earnings in the period the projections are modified.

The \$7 million and \$15 million increases in annuity benefits in the second quarter and first six months of 2011 compared to the 2010 periods reflect growth in the annuity business, partially offset by the impact of lower average crediting rates.



Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

Annuity and Supplemental Insurance Acquisition Expenses Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses include amortization of annuity, supplemental insurance and life business deferred policy acquisition costs ("DPAC") as well as a portion of commissions on sales of insurance products. Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses also include amortization of the present value of future profits of businesses acquired ("PVFP"). The \$2 million decrease in annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses for the second quarter of 2011 compared to the 2010 quarter reflects the unfavorable impact of poor stock market performance on variable annuities in the 2010 quarter and lower acquisition expenses in the supplemental business in the 2011 quarter, partially offset by the impact of growth in the fixed annuity business.

The vast majority of the annuity and supplemental insurance group's DPAC asset relates to its annuity and life insurance lines of business. Unanticipated spread compression, decreases in the stock market, adverse mortality experience, and higher than expected lapse rates could lead to write-offs of DPAC or PVFP in the future. If the current interest rate environment persists through the end of the year, AFG may be required to write-off DPAC related to its fixed annuity business. Any such write-off is not expected to have a material impact on AFG's net earnings for the year.

<u>Interest Charges on Borrowed Money</u> Interest expense increased \$3 million (17%) for the second quarter and \$6 million (17%) during the first six months of 2011 compared to the same periods of 2010 reflecting AFG's issuance of \$132 million of 7% Senior Notes in September 2010.

Other Operating and General Expenses Other operating and general expenses for 2011 include a \$9 million second quarter special charge to increase liabilities related to asbestos and environmental exposures of AFG's former railroad and manufacturing operations. For a discussion of the study that resulted in the A&E charge, see *"Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charge"* under *Results of Operations – "Property and Casualty Insurance - Underwriting."* For the six month period, the A&E charge was offset by the impact of a \$10 million recovery in the first quarter of 2011 on a prior property and casualty extracontractual obligation claim.

RECENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In October 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-26 to address diversity in practice regarding which costs related to issuing or renewing insurance contracts qualify for deferral. To qualify for deferral, the guidance specifies that a cost must be directly related to the successful acquisition of an insurance contract. The guidance is effective January 1, 2012, with retrospective application permitted, but not required. Management continues assessing the impact of adoption and expects that adoption will be reported retrospectively.



Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Continued

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-05, which eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income in the statement of changes in equity. Instead, the guidance requires that all other comprehensive income (non-owner changes in shareholders' equity) be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income, which would contain net income and other comprehensive income sections and replace the statement of earnings, or in a separate statement of other comprehensive income immediately following the statement of earnings. The guidance is effective January 1, 2012, with retrospective application required. The guidance relates solely to the presentation of other comprehensive income and therefore does not change the measurement of net income, other comprehensive income or earnings per share. Accordingly, the adoption of this guidance will have no impact on AFG's results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 3

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk

As of June 30, 2011, there were no material changes to the information provided in Item 7A - "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk" of AFG's 2010 Form 10-K.

ITEM 4

Controls and Procedures

AFG's management, with participation of its Co-Chief Executive Officers and its principal financial officer, has evaluated AFG's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, AFG's Co-CEOs and principal financial officer concluded that the controls and procedures are effective. There have been no changes in AFG's internal control over financial reporting during the second fiscal quarter of 2011 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, AFG's internal control over financial reporting.

In the ordinary course of business, AFG and its subsidiaries routinely enhance their information systems by either upgrading current systems or implementing new systems. There has been no change in AFG's business processes and procedures during the second fiscal quarter of 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, AFG's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 2

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities AFG repurchased shares of its Common Stock during the first six months of 2011 as follows:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (a)
First Quarter	2,457,721	\$	34.04	2,457,721	10,250,706
April	50,386	\$	34.37	50,386	10,200,320
May	1,095,735	\$	35.15	1,095,735	9,104,585
June	1,564,000	\$	34.55	1,564,000	7,540,585

(a) Represents the remaining shares that may be repurchased under the Plans authorized by AFG's Board of Directors in August 2010 and February 2011.

ITEM 6

Exhibits

Number	Exhibit Description
12	Computation of ratios of earnings to fixed charges.
31(a)	Certification of the Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31(b)	Certification of the Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31(c)	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following financial information from American Financial Group's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language):
	(i) Consolidated Balance Sheet
	(ii) Consolidated Statement of Earnings
	(iii) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
	(iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Cash Flows
	(v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>Signature</u>

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, American Financial Group, Inc. has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned duly authorized.

American Financial Group, Inc.

August 8, 2011

BY: /s/ Keith A. Jensen

Keith A. Jensen Senior Vice President (principal financial and accounting officer)

AMERCIAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

EXHIBIT 12 – COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES (Dollars in Millions)

	 onths Ended 30, 2011	Year Ended December 31, 201		
Operating earnings before income taxes	\$ 164	\$	689	
Undistributed equity in losses of investee	1		3	
Losses of managed investment entities attributable to noncontrolling interest	55		64	
Fixed charges:				
Interest on annuities	241		444	
Interest expense	42		78	
Debt discount and expense	1		2	
Portion of rentals representing interest	 7		14	
EARNINGS	\$ 511	\$	1,294	
Fixed charges:				
Interest on annuities	\$ 241	\$	444	
Interest expense	42		78	
Debt discount and expense	1		2	
Portion of rentals representing interest	 7		14	
FIXED CHARGES	\$ 291	\$	538	
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	 1.76		2.41	
Earnings in Excess of Fixed Charges	\$ 220	\$	756	

EXHIBIT 31(a)

SARBANES-OXLEY SECTION 302(a) CERTIFICATIONS

I, Carl H. Lindner III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Financial Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2011

BY: /s/ Carl H. Lindner III

Carl H. Lindner III Co-Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

EXHIBIT 31(b)

SARBANES-OXLEY SECTION 302(a) CERTIFICATIONS

I, S. Craig Lindner, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Financial Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2011

BY: /s/ S. Craig Lindner

S. Craig Lindner Co-Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

EXHIBIT 31(c)

SARBANES-OXLEY SECTION 302(a) CERTIFICATIONS – CONTINUED

I, Keith A. Jensen, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Financial Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2011

BY: /s/ Keith A. Jensen

Keith A. Jensen Senior Vice President (principal financial and accounting officer)

EXHIBIT 32

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Quarterly Report of American Financial Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report"), the undersigned officers of the Company, certify, pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of their knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 8, 2011 Date

August 8, 2011 Date

August 8, 2011 Date BY: <u>/s/ S. Craig Lindner</u> S. Craig Lindner Co-Chief Executive Officer

BY: /s/ Carl H. Lindner III Carl H. Lindner III Co-Chief Executive Officer

BY: /s/ Keith A. Jensen Keith A. Jensen Senior Vice President (principal financial and accounting officer)

A signed original of this written statement will be retained by the Registrant and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.