UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2012

Commission File No. 1-13653

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

Incorporated under the Laws of Ohio IRS Employer I.D. No. 31-1544320

301 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 (513) 579-2121

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company: Large Accelerated Filer X Accelerated Filer INON-Accelerated Filer Smaller Accelerated Filer I

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company. Yes \Box No x

As of November 1, 2012, there were 90,234,106 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding, excluding 14.9 million shares owned by subsidiaries.

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AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q PART I ITEM I — FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED) (Dollars In Millions)

	September 30, 2012		er 31, 201: djusted)
ssets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,626	\$	1,324
Investments:			
Fixed maturities, available for sale at fair value (amortized cost – \$21,760 and \$20,562)	23,746		21,80
Fixed maturities, trading at fair value	309		44
Equity securities, at fair value (cost – \$825 and \$744)	1,031		92
Mortgage loans	566		40
Policy loans	229		25
Real estate and other investments	530		42
Total cash and investments	28,037		25,57
Recoverables from reinsurers	3,865		2,94
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	587		40
Agents' balances and premiums receivable	750		56
Deferred policy acquisition costs	621		90
Assets of managed investment entities	3,102		3,05
Other receivables	1,168		89
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts)	577		54
Other assets	741		75
Goodwill	185		18
Total assets	\$ 39,633	\$	35,83
ibilities and Equity:			
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 7,277	\$	6,52
Unearned premiums	1,821	Ψ	1,48
Annuity benefits accumulated	17,245		15,42
Life, accident and health reserves	1,699		1,72
Payable to reinsurers	656		47
Liabilities of managed investment entities	2,753		2,78
Long-term debt	966		93
Variable annuity liabilities (separate accounts)	577		54
Other liabilities	1,675		1,38
Total liabilities	34,669		31,28
Shareholders' equity:	54,009		51,20
Common Stock, no par value - 200,000,000 shares authorized			
- 90,846,962 and 97,846,402 shares outstanding Capital surplus	91		9
Retained earnings:	1,071		1,12
Appropriated — managed investment entities			
Unappropriated	109		17
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	2,577		2,43
Total shareholders' equity	931		5
Noncontrolling interests	4,779		4,4
Total equity	185		14
	4,964		4,55
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 39,633	\$	

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED) (In Millions, Except Per Share Data)

Investment income327310981910Realized gains (losses) on: Securits (°)65614522Subsidiaries156153(20Income (loss) or inangel infar value of assess liabilities(13)1(63)(44)Other income494713333,6263,467Total revenues1,6631,3333,6263,467(44)Total revenues1,6631,4333,6263,467Constant Repense:1,6631,4333,6263,467Property and casataly instrance:1401424171,303Constant loss and obter underverting express6105491,3171,303Commissions and obter underverting express6105491,3171,303Commissions and obter underverting express6105491,3171,303Constant loss and upbenearli assence sequisition express6105491,3171,303Constant and path barefits140142147383Life, orcider and healti barefits1917585333Other operating and general express11086300227144144Interest charges on borrowed money22216466630272Total cots and express7446144142144Operating charge and gain express121100333193Less Net carrings. Including ancerta tass7211			Three mo Septer	_			ths ended ber 30,	
Revenue: Image: Constant of bash persions S 648 S 853 S 2,001 S <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>2012</th><th></th><th>_</th><th>2012</th><th></th><th></th></th<>			2012		_	2012		
1 ife, accident and health premiums 0 00 0 000 0 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	Revenues:		2012	(as aujusteu)		2012		as aujusteu)
Life, accident and health peratures80107290334Investment income30981311Restinct grins (boss) on:85814522Subalizations136-1550.0Income (boss) of managed investment entities:31279272Cafia (boss) on change in fair value of assets/liabilities(13)1(63)646Other income494733533623367Toal reveaus1.531.335.36253.4673.462Costs and Expenses:2542236675641.1371.500Commissions and onler underwriting expresses254223667664Annaty benefits6690424275344Annaty benefits6690221.6463Life accident and health benefits6890221.6463Life accident and health Benefits68902.277.3002.3393.348Other operating and generos118863.202.277.3103.353.348Other operating and generos1181663.202.277.3103.3483.310Cost and Expenses1171.531.111.551.111.121.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111	Property and casualty insurance premiums	\$	848	\$ 835	\$	2.091	\$	2,043
Investment income327310981910Realized gains (losses) on: Securits (°)65614522Subsidiaries156153(20Income (loss) or inangel infar value of assess liabilities(13)1(63)(44)Other income494713333,6263,467Total revenues1,6631,3333,6263,467(44)Total revenues1,6631,4333,6263,467Constant Repense:1,6631,4333,6263,467Property and casataly instrance:1401424171,303Constant loss and obter underverting express6105491,3171,303Commissions and obter underverting express6105491,3171,303Commissions and obter underverting express6105491,3171,303Constant loss and upbenearli assence sequisition express6105491,3171,303Constant and path barefits140142147383Life, orcider and healti barefits1917585333Other operating and general express11086300227144144Interest charges on borrowed money22216466630272Total cots and express7446144142144Operating charge and gain express121100333193Less Net carrings. Including ancerta tass7211	Life, accident and health premiums	-					Ť	324
Healized gains (flosses) one: 85 8 145 272 Subsidiaries 156 — 155 6 Increme (toss) of managed investment entities: 31 272 52 77 Gain (loss) on change in fair value of assets/liabilities (13) 1 633 643 Total areames 1.05 1.033 3.825 3.436 Total areames 1.05 5.49 1.317 1.303 Costs and Expense:	Investment income		327					916
Subsidiaries 15.0 0 12.0 12.0 12.0 Income (loss) of managed investment entities: <td>Realized gains (losses) on:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Realized gains (losses) on:							
Subsidiaries 156 — 155 6 (3) Increme (oos) of managed investment entities: 3 727 6 (3) 1 (63) (64) Cain (loss) on change in fair value of assets/labilities (13) 1 (63) (64) Other income 49 47 135 143 Toal recenes 1,563 1,313 3,826 3,467 Cets and Lspenses: 1,563 1,313 3,826 3,467 Property and casaly insurance: 10 549 1,317 1,503 Commissions and obse undervorting expenses 254 228 697 644 Ananyi baselitis 610 549 1,317 1,303 644 Ananyi baselitis 610 90 244 227 444 227 Ananyi baselitis 610 917 58 533 232 234 236 236 236 236 330 227 3443 343 3423 3443 3423 3443 3423	Securities (*)		85	8		145		27
Income (loss) of managed investment entities: 3 27 92 77 Gain (loss) on change in fair value of assetvilabilities (13) 1 (63) 0.47 Other income 40 47 135 136 Other income 40 47 135 136 Cass and Forgers: 1,563 1,315 1,325 3,826 3,467 Commissions and obter and eventsing expenses 610 549 1,317 1,503 Commissions and obter anderwriting expenses 640 549 1,417 1,303 Commissions and obter anderwriting expenses 640 142 441 144 Infra, accident and hold benefits 669 90 2,244 641 Annuizy and applemental insurance acquisition expenses 110 117 58 53 Other opensing and general expenses 118 66 320 2,275 Total costs and expenses 118 66 320 2,275 Total costs and expenses 118 66 320 2,275 Total costs and expenses 21278 1,175 3,232	Subsidiaries			_				(3)
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Other income 40 47 135 136 Total revenues 1,563 1,335 3,826 3,847 Obter income 1,563 1,335 3,826 3,847 Obter start Legenese: 1,335 3,826 3,847 Commission and other underwriting expenses 610 549 1,317 1,000 Commissions and other underwriting expenses 2,24 2,28 607 6.64 Annuity beeffis 140 142 417 3,803 Life, acidem and health benefits 68 90 2,44 2,735 Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses 47 46 142 144 Intrest charges on horrowed money 22 221 664 6320 2,735 Total costs and expenses 118 86 320 2,735 1,143 3,143 Operating and general expenses 11,275 1,179 3,233 3,143 102 Stard Cognesis of managed investmeet entities 11,255 1,175 3,8	Gain (loss) on change in fair value of assets/liabilities							(54)
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Costs and Expenses: Projerty and casualy insurance: 9 Losses and loss adjustment expenses 610 549 1,317 1,303 Commissions and other underwriting expenses 254 228 669 668 Annuity benefits 160 142 417 383 Life, accident and health benefits 68 90 224 246 Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses 19 177 58 353 Other operating and general expenses 118 866 320 2273 Total costs and expenses 118 866 320 2273 Total costs and expenses 118 866 320 2273 Total costs and expenses 2117 1179 32.59 31.48 Provision for income taxes 211 108 331 193 Lesses Net earnings, Attributable to Shareholders 5 2.26 5 97 5 4.38 2.227 Dilated S 2.39 5 4.30 5 2.237 Basic S 2.39 5 4.50 <t< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Total revenues							
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Commissions and other underwriting expenses 254 228 697 648 Annuity benefits 140 142 417 383 Life, accident and health benefits 668 90 244 227 Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses 47 466 142 145 Interest charges on borrowed money 22 21 664 63 Expenses of managed investment entities 19 177 58 53 Other operating and general expenses 118 866 320 227 Total cots and expenses 1278 1179 3,259 3,143 Operating earnings before income taxes 74 448 184 126 Operating (cos) ant expenses 211 1008 383 192 Exervice annings, including noncontrolling interests 111 (ff5) (441) Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 111 1068 383 192 Exervice annings (cos) attributable to onscontrolling interests 211 1010 383 192 Diluted S 2,39 S 0	Losses and loss adjustment expenses		610	549		1,317		1,303
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Life, accident and health benefits 68 90 244 275 Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses 47 46 142 145 Interest charges on borrowed money 22 21 64 63 Expenses of managed investment entities 19 17 58 53 Other operating and general expenses 118 86 320 279 Total costs and expenses 118 86 320 279 Total costs and expenses 128 1,179 3,239 3,149 Operating earnings before income taxes 285 156 567 318 Provision for income taxes 211 108 833 192 Less: Net earnings Attributable to noncontrolling interests (15) 11 (55) (44) Net earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share: 5 2,23 \$ 9,97 \$ 4,458 \$ 2,223 Dilured \$ 2,43 \$ 0,97 \$ 4,58 \$ 2,223 Dilured \$ 0,17 \$ 0,162 \$	Annuity benefits							383
Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses4746142148Interest charges on borrowed money22216463Expenses of managed investment entities19175853Other operating and general expenses11886320223Total costs and expenses11793,2593,149Operating earnings before income taxes2851156567318Provision for income taxes7448184126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests211108383192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests(15)11(55)(41)Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders52,2350,97\$ 4,3852,23DilutedS2,33\$0,97\$ 4,58\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,23\$ 2,33\$ 4,58	Life, accident and health benefits			90		244		275
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Expenses of managed investment entities 19 17 58 53 Other operating and general expenses 118 86 320 279 Total costs and expenses 1.278 1.179 3.259 3.149 Operating earnings before income taxes 265 156 567 318 Provision for income taxes 74 48 184 120 Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 211 108 383 192 Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests (15) 111 (55) (41) Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders 5 2.26 5 97 5 438 5 2.27 Dilued S 2.23 5 0.97 5 4.58 5 2.27 Dilued S 2.43 5 0.97 5 4.58 5 2.27 Dilued S 2.39 5 0.95 5 4.50 5 2.22 Average number of Common Share: <td>Interest charges on borrowed money</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>63</td>	Interest charges on borrowed money							63
Other operating and general expenses 118 86 320 279 Total costs and expenses 1,278 1,179 3,259 3,149 Operating earnings before income taxes 285 156 567 318 Provision for income taxes 74 48 184 122 Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests (15) 11 (55) (41) Net Earnings Attributable to noncontrolling interests 5 226 5 97 5 438 5 233 Earnings Attributable to Shareholders 5 226 5 97 5 438 5 223 Basic 5 2.33 5 0.97 5 4.58 5 2.27 Diluted S 32.0 5 4.38 5 2.33 Rearings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Shares: 5 2.39 5 4.50 5 2.22 Diluted 94.6 101.3 97.4 104.1 104.1 104.1 104.1 Cash dividends per Common Shares: \$ 0.175 0.1625	Expenses of managed investment entities							53
Total costs and expenses1,2781,1793,2593,149Operating earnings before income taxes285156567318Provision for income taxes7448184126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests211108383192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests(15)11(55)(41Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders $$226$ $$97$ $$438$ $$233$ Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share: $$223$ $$0.97$ $$4.58$ $$2.272$ Diluted $$2.39$ $$0.95$ $$4.50$ $$2.232$ Average number of Common Share: $$2.99$ 99.7 95.7 102.3 Basic $$2.99$ $$9.7$ $$95.7$ 102.3 Diluted $$94.6$ 101.3 97.4 104.1 Cash dividends per Common Share $$0.175$ $$0.1625$ $$0.525$ $$0.4875$ Realized gains before impairments $$93$ $$18$ $$164$ $$66$ Losses on securities with impairment (6) (6) (20) (22) Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) $$ (4) 1 (18) Impairment charges recognized in earnings (8) (10) (10) (10) (10)	Other operating and general expenses							279
Operating earnings before income taxes 285 156 567 318 Provision for income taxes 74 48 184 126 Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests (15) 11 (55) (41) Net earnings Attributable to noncontrolling interests (15) 11 (55) (41) Net earnings Attributable to Shareholders \$ 226 \$ 97 \$ 438 \$ 233 Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share: \$ 2.43 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 2.39 \$ 0.95 \$ 4.50 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 0.95 \$ 4.50 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 0.95 \$ 0.95 \$ 4.50 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 0.175 \$ 0.1625 \$ 0.525 \$ 0.487 Cash dividends per Common Share: \$ 0.175 \$ 0.1625 \$ 0.525 \$ 0.487 (*) Consists of the following: \$ 0.175 <td< td=""><td>Total costs and expenses</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Total costs and expenses				_			
Provision for income taxes 74 48 184 126 Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 211 108 383 192 Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests (15) 11 (55) (41) Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders \$ 226 \$ 97 \$ 438 \$ 233 Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share: \$ 243 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Basic \$ 2.43 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 2.39 \$ 0.95 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Average number of Common Shares: \$ 2.39 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Basic \$ 2.39 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 2.39 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Average number of Common Shares: \$ 2.39 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 2.39 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.50 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 0.175 \$ 0.1625 \$ 0.525 \$ 0.623 Cash dividends per Common Share \$ 0.175 \$ 18 \$ 16 \$ 0.6	Operating earnings before income taxes							318
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 211 108 383 192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests(15)11(55)(41)Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders $$226$ $$97$ $$438$ $$233$ Earnings Attributable to ShareholdersBasic $$226$ $$97$ $$438$ $$233$ Diluted $$$239$ $$0.97$ $$$458$ $$$2272Diluted$$2.39$0.95$$450$$2233Average number of Common Shares:$$2.9999.795.7102.3Basic$22.9$9.7$95.7102.3Diluted$94.6101.3$97.4104.1Cash dividends per Common Share$$0.175$0.1625$0.525$0.4875(*) Consists of the following:$$93$$18$164$68Losses on securities with impairment(68)(6)(20)(23)Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)(4)1(16)Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(10)(41)$	Provision for income taxes							126
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders (10) (11) (13) (14) Basic\$226\$97\$438\$233Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share:Basic\$2.43\$0.97\$4.58\$2.27Diluted\$2.39\$0.95\$4.50\$2.22Average number of Common Shares:92.999.795.7102.3Basic92.999.795.7102.3Diluted94.6101.397.4104.1Cash dividends per Common Share\$0.175\$0.1625\$0.525\$(*) Consists of the following:*****6Losses on securities with impairment(8)(6)(20)(23)Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)-(4)1(18)Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(19)(41)	Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests							192
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders \$ 226 \$ 97 \$ 438 \$ 233 Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share:	Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests							(41)
Basic \$ 2.43 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 2.39 \$ 0.95 \$ 4.50 \$ 2.23 Average number of Common Shares: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	\$		-	\$		\$	233
Basic \$ 2.43 \$ 0.97 \$ 4.58 \$ 2.27 Diluted \$ 2.39 \$ 0.95 \$ 4.50 \$ 2.23 Average number of Common Shares: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					_			
Diluted 3 3 0.95 3 4.50 3 2.23 Average number of Common Shares: 92.9 99.7 95.7 102.3 Basic 92.9 99.7 95.7 102.3 Diluted 94.6 101.3 97.4 104.1 Cash dividends per Common Share $$$ 0.175 $$$ 0.1625 $$$ 0.525 $$$ (*) Consists of the following: $$$ 93 $$$ 18 $$$ 164 $$$ 68 Losses on securities with impairment (8) (6) (20) (23) Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) $ (4)$ 1 (18) Impairment charges recognized in earnings (8) (10) (19) (41)	Earnings Attributable to Shareholders per Common Share:							
Average number of Common Shares:501.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.1551.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.151.15<	Basic	\$	2.43	\$ 0.97	\$	4.58	\$	2.27
Basic 92.9 99.7 95.7 102.3 Diluted 94.6 101.3 97.4 104.1 Cash dividends per Common Share \$ 0.175 \$ 0.1625 \$ 0.525 \$ 0.4875 (*) Consists of the following: * * * * * * 68 66 (20) (23) Losses on securities with impairment (8) (6) (20) (23) * 1 (18) Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) (4) 1 (18) Impairment charges recognized in earnings (8) (10) (19) (41)	Diluted	\$	2.39	\$ 0.95	\$	4.50	\$	2.23
Diluted94.6101.397.4104.1Cash dividends per Common Share\$0.175\$0.1625\$0.525\$0.4875(*) Consists of the following: Realized gains before impairments\$93\$18\$164\$68Usses on securities with impairment(8)(6)(20)(23)Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)—(4)1(18)Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(19)(41)	Average number of Common Shares:							
Cash dividends per Common Share \$ 0.175 \$ 0.1625 \$ 0.525 \$ 0.4875 (*) Consists of the following: Realized gains before impairments \$ 93 \$ 18 \$ 164 \$ 68 Losses on securities with impairment (8) (6) (20) (23) Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) — (4) 1 (18) Impairment charges recognized in earnings (8) (10) (19) (41)	Basic		92.9	99.7		95.7		102.3
(*) Consists of the following: Realized gains before impairments S 93 S 18 S 164 S 68 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Diluted		94.6	101.3		97.4		104.1
Realized gains before impairments\$93\$18\$164\$68Losses on securities with impairment(8)(6)(20)(23)Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)—(4)1(18)Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(19)(41)	Cash dividends per Common Share	\$	0.175	\$ 0.1625	\$	0.525	\$	0.4875
Losses on securities with impairment (8) (6) (20) (23) Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) — (4) 1 (18) Impairment charges recognized in earnings (8) (10) (19) (41)	(*) Consists of the following:							
Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)—(4)1(18)Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(19)(41)	Realized gains before impairments	\$	93	\$ 18	\$	164	\$	68
Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)(4)1(18)Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(19)(41)	Losses on securities with impairment		(8)	(6)		(20)		(23)
Impairment charges recognized in earnings(8)(10)(19)(41)	Non-credit portion recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)		_					(18)
	Impairment charges recognized in earnings		(8)					(41)
	Total realized gains on securities	\$	85			145	\$	27

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (In Millions)

	Three mo	nths er	ıded	Nine months ended				
	 Septen	ıber 30),	Septemb			ber 30,	
	2012		2011		2012		2011	
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests	\$ 211	\$	108	\$	383	\$	192	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:								
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities:								
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities arising during the period	228		(1)		464		135	
Reclassification adjustment for realized gains included in net earnings	(56)		(14)		(96)		(34)	
Reclassification adjustment for unrealized gains of subsidiaries sold	(18)		—		(18)		_	
Total net unrealized gains (losses) on securities	154		(15)		350		101	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	10		(14)		9		(9)	
Pension and other postretirement plans adjustments	—		—		1		1	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	164		(29)		360		93	
Total comprehensive income, net of tax	375		79		743		285	
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(10)		12		(47)		(38)	
Comprehensive income attributable to shareholders	\$ 385	\$	67	\$	790	\$	323	

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in Millions)

				Share	ehold	lers' Equity					
	Common	Common Stock and Capital		Retaine	d Ear	rnings		ccumulated Other Comp		Noncon- trolling	Total
	Shares	Surplus	А	pprop.	U	Jnapprop.		Inc. (Loss)	Total	Interests	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2011, as adjusted	97,846,402	\$ 1,219	\$	173	\$	2,439	\$	580	\$ 4,411	\$ 146	\$ 4,557
Net earnings	_	_		_		438		—	438	(55)	383
Other comprehensive income	_	_		—		—		352	352	8	360
Allocation of losses of managed investment entities	_	_		(64)		_		_	(64)	64	_
Dividends on Common Stock	_	_		_		(50)		_	(50)	_	(50)
Shares issued:											
Exercise of stock options	1,009,714	27		_		_		_	27	_	27
Other benefit plans	291,610	6		_		_		_	6	_	6
Dividend reinvestment plan	11,697	_		_		_		_	_	_	_
Stock-based compensation expense	_	15		_		_		_	15	_	15
Shares exchanged - benefit plans	(23,685)	_		_		_		_	_	_	_
Shares acquired and retired	(8,288,776)	(105)		_		(210)		_	(315)	_	(315)
Other	_	_		_		(40)		(1)	(41)	22	(19)
Balance at September 30, 2012	90,846,962	\$ 1,162	\$	109	\$	2,577	\$	931	\$ 4,779	\$ 185	\$ 4,964
					_		_				
Balance at December 31, 2010	105,168,366	\$ 1,271	\$	197	\$	2,523	\$	479	\$ 4,470	\$ 150	\$ 4,620
Cumulative effect of accounting change	_	_		_		(155)		16	(139)	_	(139)
Balance at December 31, 2010, as adjusted	105,168,366	1,271		197		2,368		495	4,331	150	4,481
Net earnings	_	_		_		233		_	233	(41)	192
Other comprehensive income	_	_		_		_		90	90	3	93
Allocation of losses of managed investment entities	_	_		(47)		_		_	(47)	47	_
Dividends on Common Stock	_	_		_		(50)		_	(50)	_	(50)
Shares issued:											
Exercise of stock options	758,075	19		_		_		_	19	_	19
Other benefit plans	371,392	8		_		_		_	8	_	8
Dividend reinvestment plan	11,686	_		_		_		_	_	_	_
Stock-based compensation expense	_	10		_		_		_	10	_	10
Shares acquired and retired	(7,803,286)	(95)		_		(168)		_	(263)	_	(263)
Other	_	_		—		_		_	_	(4)	(4)
Balance at September 30, 2011	98,506,233	\$ 1,213	\$	150	\$	2,383	\$	585	\$ 4,331	\$ 155	\$ 4,486

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In Millions)

	Nine mor Septem	nths ended ober 30
		2011
Operating Activities:	2012	(as adjusted)
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests	\$ 383	\$ 19
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization	118	13
Annuity benefits	417	38
Realized gains on investing activities	(299)	(2
Net (purchases) sales of trading securities	27	(4
Deferred annuity and life policy acquisition costs	(177)	(18
Change in:	()	(
Reinsurance and other receivables	(1,387)	(51
Other assets	6	(9)
Insurance claims and reserves	1,275	34
Payable to reinsurers	181	33
Other liabilities	(56)	15
Managed investment entities' assets/liabilities	(30)	(2
Other operating activities, net	12	1
Net cash provided by operating activities	487	66
nvesting Activities:	40/	00
Purchases of:	(2.2.40)	(4.0)
Fixed maturities	(3,240)	(4,00
Equity securities	(231)	(30
Mortgage loans	(178)	(13
Real estate, property and equipment	(61)	3)
Proceeds from:		
Maturities and redemptions of fixed maturities	1,617	1,45
Repayments of mortgage loans	10	22
Sales of fixed maturities	495	86
Sales of equity securities	235	8
Sales of real estate, property and equipment	4	
Sales of subsidiaries	302	-
Cash and cash equivalents of businesses sold	(34)	-
Managed investment entities:		
Purchases of investments	(1,246)	(1,08
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments	1,429	1,17
Other investing activities, net	(40)	(1
Net cash used in investing activities	(938)	(1,93
inancing Activities:		
Annuity receipts	2,433	2,46
Annuity surrenders, benefits and withdrawals	(1,127)	(97
Additional long-term borrowings	344	
Reductions of long-term debt	(323)	(1
Issuances of managed investment entities' liabilities	456	-
Retirement of managed investment entities' liabilities	(704)	((
Issuances of Common Stock	27	
Repurchases of Common Stock	(315)	(26
Cash dividends paid on Common Stock	(50)	(
Other financing activities, net	12	
Net cash provided by financing activities	753	1,10
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	302	(10
ash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,324	1,09
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,626	\$ 99



AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX TO NOTES

A.	Accounting Policies	Н.	Managed Investment Entities
B.	Acquisitions and Sales of Subsidiaries	I.	Goodwill and Other Intangibles
C.	Segments of Operations	J.	Long-Term Debt
D.	Fair Value Measurements	К.	Shareholders' Equity
Е.	Investments	L.	Income Taxes
F.	Derivatives	М.	Contingencies
G.	Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs	N.	Subsequent Event

A. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation The accompanying consolidated financial statements for American Financial Group, Inc. ("AFG") and its subsidiaries are unaudited; however, management believes that all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals unless otherwise disclosed herein) necessary for fair presentation have been made. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include all information and footnotes necessary to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods to conform to the current year's presentation. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations of companies since their formation or acquisition are included in the consolidated financial statements. Events or transactions occurring subsequent to September 30, 2012, and prior to the filing date of this Form 10-Q, have been evaluated for potential recognition or disclosure herein.

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Changes in circumstances could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimates.

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2012 Effective January 1, 2012, AFG retrospectively adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2010-26 that addresses which costs related to issuing or renewing insurance contracts qualify for deferral. To qualify for deferral, the guidance specifies that a cost must be directly related to the successful acquisition of an insurance contract. The financial statements for prior periods have been adjusted to reflect the adoption of the new standard.

The impact of adoption on amounts previously reported is shown in the table below (in millions, except per share data):

	December 31, 2011
Deferred policy acquisition costs	
As previously reported	\$ 1,105
As adjusted	901
Net deferred tax liability (included in other liabilities)	
As previously reported	\$ 203
As adjusted	133
Shareholders' equity	
As previously reported	\$ 4,545
As adjusted	4,411



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

		2011									
	1st Quarter		2nd Quarter		3rd Quarter		4th Quarter			Total Year	
Net earnings attributable to shareholders											
As previously reported	\$	83	\$	55	\$	96	\$	109	\$	343	
As adjusted		88		48		97		109		342	
Diluted earnings per Common Share											
As previously reported	\$	0.79	\$	0.52	\$	0.94	\$	1.10	\$	3.33	
As adjusted		0.83		0.46		0.95		1.09		3.32	

Effective January 1, 2012, AFG retrospectively adopted ASU 2011-05, which eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income in the Statement of Changes in Equity. As permitted by the standard, comprehensive income is presented herein in a separate statement immediately following the Statement of Earnings. This new presentation does not change the measurement of net earnings, other comprehensive income or earnings per share, and accordingly, had no impact on AFG's results of operations or financial position.

Effective January 1, 2012, AFG adopted ASU 2011-04, which clarifies the application of existing fair value measurement and amends certain disclosure requirements. Disclosures required by the guidance are included in Note D. The impact of adoption was not material to AFG's results of operations or financial position.

Fair Value Measurements Accounting standards define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The standards establish a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability ("inputs") are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect AFG's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the any significant nonrecurring fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and liabilities in the first nine months of 2012 or 2011.

Investments Fixed maturity and equity securities classified as "available for sale" are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income in AFG's Balance Sheet. Fixed maturity and equity securities classified as "trading" are reported at fair value with changes in unrealized holding gains or losses during the period included in investment income. Mortgage and policy loans are carried primarily at the aggregate unpaid balance.

Premiums and discounts on fixed maturity securities are amortized using the interest method; mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") are amortized over a period based on estimated future principal payments, including prepayments. Prepayment assumptions are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect actual prepayments and changes in expectations.

Gains or losses on securities are determined on the specific identification basis. When a decline in the value of a specific investment is considered to be otherthan-temporary at the balance sheet date, a provision for impairment is charged to earnings (included in realized gains (losses)) and the cost basis of that investment is reduced. If management can assert that it does not intend to sell an impaired fixed maturity security and it is not more likely than not that it will have to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, then the other-than-temporary impairment is separated into two components: 1) the amount related to credit losses (recorded in earnings) and 2) the amount related to all other factors (recorded in other comprehensive income). The creditrelated portion of an other-than-temporary impairment is measured by comparing a security's amortized cost to the present value of its current expected cash flows discounted at its effective yield prior to the impairment charge. Both components are shown in the Statement of Earnings. If management intends to sell an impaired security, or it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell the security before recovery, an impairment charge to earnings is recorded to reduce the amortized cost of that security to fair value.

Derivatives Derivatives included in AFG's Balance Sheet are recorded at fair value and consist primarily of (i) components of certain fixed maturity securities (primarily interest-only MBS) and (ii) the equity-based component of certain annuity products (included in annuity benefits accumulated) and related call options (included in other investments) designed to be consistent with the characteristics of the liabilities and used to mitigate the risk embedded in those annuity products. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are included in earnings.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Goodwill Goodwill represents the excess of cost of subsidiaries over AFG's equity in their underlying net assets. Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to an impairment test at least annually. Under guidance adopted in 2011, an entity is only required to complete the quantitative annual goodwill impairment test on a reporting unit if the entity determines (through qualitative analysis) that it is more likely than not that the reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying amount.

Reinsurance Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the claim liability associated with the reinsured policies. AFG's property and casualty insurance subsidiaries report as assets (a) the estimated reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses, including an estimate for losses incurred but not reported, and (b) amounts paid to reinsurers applicable to the unexpired terms of policies in force. Payable to reinsurers includes ceded premiums due to reinsurers as well as ceded premiums retained by AFG's property and casualty insurance subsidiaries under contracts to fund ceded losses as they become due. AFG's insurance subsidiaries also assume reinsurance from other companies. Earnings on reinsurance assumed is recognized based on information received from ceding companies.

Certain annuity and supplemental insurance subsidiaries cede life insurance policies to a third party on a funds withheld basis whereby the subsidiaries retain the assets (securities) associated with the reinsurance contracts. Interest is credited to the reinsurer based on the actual investment performance of the retained assets. These reinsurance contracts are considered to contain embedded derivatives (that must be adjusted to fair value) because the yield on the payables is based on specific blocks of the ceding companies' assets, rather than the overall creditworthiness of the ceding company. AFG determined that changes in the fair value of the underlying portfolios of fixed maturity securities is an appropriate measure of the value of the embedded derivative. The securities related to these transactions are classified as "trading." The adjustment to fair value on the embedded derivatives offsets the investment income recorded on the adjustment to fair value of the related trading portfolios.

Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs ("DPAC") Policy acquisition costs (principally commissions, premium taxes and certain underwriting and policy issuance costs) directly related to the successful acquisition or renewal of an insurance contract are deferred. DPAC also includes capitalized costs associated with sales inducements offered to fixed annuity policyholders such as enhanced interest rates and premium and persistency bonuses. As discussed previously under "*Accounting Standards Adopted in 2012*," AFG's accounting for DPAC changed effective January 1, 2012, and amounts previously reported have been adjusted retrospectively.

For the property and casualty companies, DPAC is limited based upon recoverability without any consideration for anticipated investment income and is charged against income ratably over the terms of the related policies. A premium deficiency is recognized if the sum of expected claims costs, claims adjustment expenses and unamortized acquisition costs exceed the related unearned premiums. A premium deficiency is first recognized by charging any unamortized acquisition costs to expense to the extent required to eliminate the deficiency. If the premium deficiency is greater than unamortized acquisition costs, a liability is accrued for the excess deficiency and reported with unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses.

DPAC related to annuities is deferred to the extent deemed recoverable and amortized, with interest, in relation to the present value of actual and expected gross profits on the policies. Expected gross profits consist principally of estimated future investment margin (estimated future net investment income less interest credited on policyholder funds) and surrender, mortality, and other life and variable annuity policy charges, less death and annuitization benefits in excess of account balances and estimated future policy administration expenses. To the extent that realized gains and losses result in adjustments to the amortization of DPAC related to annuities, such adjustments are reflected as components of realized gains (losses).

DPAC related to annuities is also adjusted, net of tax, for the change in amortization that would have been recorded if the unrealized gains (losses) from securities had actually been realized. This adjustment is included in unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities, a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in AFG's Balance Sheet.

DPAC related to traditional life and health insurance is amortized over the expected premium paying period of the related policies, in proportion to the ratio of annual premium revenues to total anticipated premium revenues.

DPAC includes the present value of future profits on business in force of annuity and supplemental insurance companies acquired ("PVFP"). PVFP represents the portion of the costs to acquire companies that is allocated to the value of the right to receive future cash flows from insurance contracts existing at the date of acquisition. PVFP is amortized with interest in relation to expected gross profits of the acquired policies for annuities and universal life products and in relation to the premium paying period for traditional life and health insurance products.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Managed Investment Entities A company is considered the primary beneficiary of, and therefore must consolidate, a variable interest entity ("VIE") based primarily on its ability to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact that entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of, or receive benefits from, the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

AFG manages, and has investments in, collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs") that are VIEs (see *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities*"). Both the management fees (payment of which is subordinate to other obligations of the CLOs) and the investments in the CLOs are considered variable interests. AFG has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of the CLOs because (i) its role as asset manager gives it the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the CLOs and (ii) it has exposure to CLO losses (through its investments in the CLO debt tranches) and the right to receive benefits (through its subordinated management fees and returns on its investments), both of which could potentially be significant to the CLOs.

Because AFG has no right to use the CLO assets and no obligation to pay the CLO liabilities, the assets and liabilities of the CLOs are shown separately in AFG's Balance Sheet. AFG has elected the fair value option for reporting on the CLO assets and liabilities to improve the transparency of financial reporting related to the CLOs. The excess of fair value of the CLOs' assets over the fair value of the liabilities is recorded in AFG's Balance Sheet as appropriated retained earnings — managed investment entities, representing amounts that ultimately will inure to the benefit of the CLO debt holders.

The net gain or loss from accounting for the CLO assets and liabilities at fair value is separately presented in AFG's Statement of Earnings. CLO earnings attributable to AFG's shareholders represent the change in fair value of AFG's investments in the CLOs (including distributions) and management fees earned. All other CLO earnings (losses) are not attributable to AFG's shareholders and will ultimately inure to the benefit of the other CLO debt holders. As a result, such CLO earnings (losses) are included in net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests in AFG's Statement of Earnings and in appropriated retained earnings — managed investment entities in the Balance Sheet. As the CLOs approach maturity (2016 to 2022), it is expected that losses attributable to noncontrolling interests will reduce appropriated retained earnings towards zero as the fair values of the assets and liabilities converge and the CLO assets are used to pay the CLO debt.

At September 30, 2012, assets and liabilities of managed investment entities include \$308 million in assets and \$267 million in liabilities of a temporary warehousing entity that was established in connection with the formation of a new CLO. All warehoused assets were transferred to the new CLO and the liabilities were repaid when the CLO formation was completed and the CLO issued its securities in October 2012.

Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses The net liabilities stated for unpaid claims and for expenses of investigation and adjustment of unpaid claims are based upon (a) the accumulation of case estimates for losses reported prior to the close of the accounting period on direct business written; (b) estimates received from ceding reinsurers and insurance pools and associations; (c) estimates of unreported losses (including possible development on known claims) based on past experience; (d) estimates based on experience of expenses for investigating and adjusting claims; and (e) the current state of the law and coverage litigation. Establishing reserves for asbestos, environmental and other mass tort claims involves considerably more judgment than other types of claims due to, among other things, inconsistent court decisions, an increase in bankruptcy filings as a result of asbestos-related liabilities, novel theories of coverage, and judicial interpretations that often expand theories of recovery and broaden the scope of coverage.

Loss reserve liabilities are subject to the impact of changes in claim amounts and frequency and other factors. Changes in estimates of the liabilities for losses and loss adjustment expenses are reflected in the Statement of Earnings in the period in which determined. Despite the variability inherent in such estimates, management believes that the liabilities for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are adequate.

Annuity Benefits Accumulated Annuity receipts and benefit payments are recorded as increases or decreases in annuity benefits accumulated rather than as revenue and expense. Increases in this liability for interest credited are charged to expense and decreases for surrender charges are credited to other income.

For certain products, annuity benefits accumulated also includes reserves for accrued persistency and premium bonuses and excess benefits expected to be paid on future deaths and annuitizations ("EDAR"). The liability for EDAR is accrued for and modified using assumptions consistent with those used in determining DPAC and DPAC amortization, except that amounts are determined in relation to the present value of total expected assessments. Total expected assessments consist principally of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

estimated future investment margin, surrender, mortality, and other life and variable annuity policy charges, and unearned revenues once they are recognized as income.

Annuity benefits accumulated also includes amounts advanced from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati.

Life, Accident and Health Reserves Liabilities for future policy benefits under traditional life, accident and health policies are computed using the net level premium method. Computations are based on the original projections of investment yields, mortality, morbidity and surrenders and include provisions for unfavorable deviations. Claim reserves and liabilities established for accident and health claims are modified as necessary to reflect actual experience and developing trends.

Variable Annuity Assets and Liabilities Separate accounts related to variable annuities represent the fair value of deposits invested in underlying investment funds on which AFG earns a fee. Investment funds are selected and may be changed only by the policyholder, who retains all investment risk.

AFG's variable annuity contracts contain a guaranteed minimum death benefit ("GMDB") to be paid if the policyholder dies before the annuity payout period commences. In periods of declining equity markets, the GMDB may exceed the value of the policyholder's account. A GMDB liability is established for future excess death benefits using assumptions together with a range of reasonably possible scenarios for investment fund performance that are consistent with DPAC capitalization and amortization assumptions.

Premium Recognition Property and casualty premiums are earned generally over the terms of the policies on a pro rata basis. Unearned premiums represent that portion of premiums written which is applicable to the unexpired terms of policies in force. On reinsurance assumed from other insurance companies or written through various underwriting organizations, unearned premiums are based on information received from such companies and organizations. For traditional life, accident and health products, premiums are recognized as revenue when legally collectible from policyholders. For interest-sensitive life and universal life products, premiums are recorded in a policyholder account, which is reflected as a liability. Revenue is recognized as amounts are assessed against the policyholder account for mortality coverage and contract expenses.

Noncontrolling Interests For Balance Sheet purposes, noncontrolling interests represents the interests of shareholders other than AFG in consolidated entities. In the Statement of Earnings, net earnings and losses attributable to noncontrolling interests represents such shareholders' interest in the earnings and losses of those entities.

Income Taxes Deferred income taxes are calculated using the liability method. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases and are measured using enacted tax rates. A valuation allowance is established to reduce total deferred tax assets to an amount that will more likely than not be realized.

AFG records a liability for the inherent uncertainty in quantifying its income tax provisions. Related interest and penalties are recognized as a component of tax expense.

Stock-Based Compensation All share-based grants are recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over their vesting periods based on their calculated fair value at the date of grant. AFG uses the Black-Scholes pricing model to measure the fair value of employee stock options. See *Note K* - *"Shareholders' Equity"* for further information.

Benefit Plans AFG provides retirement benefits to qualified employees of participating companies through the AFG 401(k) Retirement and Savings Plan, a defined contribution plan. AFG makes all contributions to the retirement fund portion of the plan and matches a percentage of employee contributions to the savings fund. Company contributions are expensed in the year for which they are declared. AFG and many of its subsidiaries provide health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees. AFG also provides postemployment benefits to former or inactive employees (primarily those on disability) who were not deemed retired under other company plans. The projected future cost of providing these benefits is expensed over the period employees earn such benefits.

Earnings Per Share Basic earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The calculation of diluted earnings per share includes adjustments to weighted average common shares related to stock-based compensation plans: third quarter 2012 and 2011 - 1.7 million and 1.6 million; first nine months of 2012 and 2011 - 1.7 million and 1.8 million; respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

AFG's weighted average diluted shares outstanding excludes the following anti-dilutive potential common shares related to stock compensation plans: third quarter 2012 and 2011 - 1.9 million and 2.6 million; first nine months of 2012 and 2011 - 1.8 million and 2.3 million, respectively. Adjustments to net earnings attributable to shareholders in the calculation of diluted earnings per share were nominal in the 2012 and 2011 periods.

Statement of Cash Flows For cash flow purposes, "investing activities" are defined as making and collecting loans and acquiring and disposing of debt or equity instruments and property and equipment. "Financing activities" include obtaining resources from owners and providing them with a return on their investments, borrowing money and repaying amounts borrowed. Annuity receipts, benefits and withdrawals are also reflected as financing activities. All other activities are considered "operating." Short-term investments having original maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents for purposes of the financial statements.

B. Acquisitions and Sales of Subsidiaries

On August 31, 2012, AFG completed the sale of its Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses, which included Loyal American Life Insurance Company and four other insurance companies, to Cigna Corporation for \$307 million in cash. AFG realized a gain of \$155 million on the sale (subject to post-closing adjustments). Since the transaction includes the ongoing cessions of certain business to Cigna, the operations being sold are not reported as discontinued operations. Following the sale, AFG's supplemental insurance operations consist solely of its run-off long-term care business.

The impact of the August 2012 sale of the Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses on AFG's financial statements is shown below (in millions):

	¢.	207
Sale proceeds	\$	307
Expenses		(12)
Net proceeds	\$	295
Assets of businesses sold:		
Cash and investments	\$	217
Deferred policy acquisition costs		108
Other assets		31
Total assets		356
Liabilities of businesses sold:		
Life, accident and health reserves		209
Other liabilities		7
Total liabilities		216
Net assets of businesses sold	\$	140
Gain on sale of subsidiaries	\$	155

Summarized Statement of Earnings information for the Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses through the sale date is shown below (in millions):

		Three mo	nths er	ded		Nine mor	nths ei	nded
		Septen	l,		Septen	nber 3	0,	
	2012 (*) 2011		2012 (*)		2011			
Total revenues	\$	53	\$	80	\$	212	\$	244
Total costs and expenses		43		69		184		223
Operating earnings before income taxes	\$	10	\$	11	\$	28	\$	21

(*) Reflects revenues and expenses through the end of August 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

During the third quarter of 2012, AFG acquired the outstanding 28% of Marketform, its London-based Lloyd's property and casualty insurance operation, that it did not already own for \$17 million and sold an additional small annuity and supplemental insurance company for \$7 million.

C. <u>Segments of Operations</u>

AFG manages its business as three segments: (i) property and casualty insurance, (ii) annuity and supplemental insurance and (iii) other, which includes holding company costs and amounts attributable to the noncontrolling interests of the managed investment entities.

AFG reports its property and casualty insurance business in the following Specialty sub-segments: (i) Property and transportation, which includes physical damage and liability coverage for buses, trucks and recreational vehicles, inland and ocean marine, agricultural-related products and other property coverages, (ii) Specialty casualty, which includes primarily excess and surplus, general liability, executive liability, umbrella and excess liability, customized programs for small to mid-sized businesses and workers' compensation, and (iii) Specialty financial, which includes risk management insurance programs for lending and leasing institutions (including collateral and mortgage protection insurance), surety and fidelity products and trade credit insurance. AFG's annuity business markets traditional fixed and fixed-indexed annuities in the education, bank and individual markets. Following the sale of its Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses in August 2012 (see *Note B* — "*Acquisitions and Sales of Subsidiaries*"), AFG's remaining supplemental insurance operations consist solely of its run-off blocks of long-term care and life insurance business.

AFG's reportable segments and their components were determined based primarily upon similar economic characteristics, products and services. The following tables (in millions) show AFG's revenues and operating earnings before income taxes by significant business segment and sub-segment.

	Three mo	nths er	ided	Nine months ended					
	 Septer	nber 30),	 Septer	mber 3	0,			
	 2012		2011	 2012		2011			
Revenues									
Property and casualty insurance:									
Premiums earned:									
Specialty									
Property and transportation	\$ 487	\$	500	\$ 1,040	\$	1,029			
Specialty casualty	243		216	699		651			
Specialty financial	100		101	301		313			
Other	 18		18	51		50			
Total premiums earned	848		835	2,091		2,043			
Investment income	69		73	210		223			
Realized gains	44		15	88		47			
Other income	16		20	47		55			
Total property and casualty insurance	 977		943	 2,436		2,368			
Annuity and supplemental insurance:									
Investment income	270		236	789		694			
Life, accident and health premiums	80		107	290		324			
Realized gains (losses) on securities	41		(8)	57		(22)			
Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries	156			155		(2)			
Other income	30		27	84		79			
Total annuity and supplemental insurance	 577		362	 1,375		1,073			
Other	9		30	15		26			
Total revenues	\$ 1,563	\$	1,335	\$ 3,826	\$	3,467			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

		Three mo	nths en	ıded	Nine mo	nths ei	nded
		Septen	ıber 30),	 Septer	nber 3	0,
		2012		2011	 2012		2011
Operating Earnings (Losses) Before Income Taxes							
Property and casualty insurance:							
Underwriting:							
Specialty							
Property and transportation	\$		\$	5	\$ 33	\$	38
Specialty casualty		8		20	45		38
Specialty financial		1		24	28		52
Other		7		9	10		14
Other lines (a)	_	(32)			 (39)		(50)
Total underwriting		(16)		58	77		92
Investment and other income, net		58		65	174		205
Realized gains		44		15	88		47
Total property and casualty insurance		86		138	 339		344
Annuity and supplemental insurance:							
Operations (b)		81		47	224		157
Realized gains (losses) on securities		41		(8)	57		(22)
Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries		156		_	155		(2)
Total annuity and supplemental insurance		278		39	 436		133
Other (c)		(79)		(21)	(208)		(159)
Total operating earnings before income taxes	\$	285	\$	156	\$ 567	\$	318

(a) Includes third quarter 2012 and second quarter 2011 special charges of \$31 million and \$50 million, respectively, to increase asbestos and environmental reserves.

(b) Includes earnings from the Medicare supplement and critical illness operations, which were sold in August 2012, of \$10 million and \$11 million for the third quarter and \$28 million and \$21 million for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(c) Includes holding company expenses and earnings (losses) of managed investment entities attributable to noncontrolling interests of (\$18) million and \$8 million for the third quarter and (\$64) million and (\$47) million for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively. Holding company expenses for the third quarter of 2012 include an \$8 million loss on retirement of debt and a \$15 million charge for a labor matter related to AFG's former railroad operations.

D. Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards for measuring fair value are based on inputs used in estimating fair value. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 — Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets (markets in which transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis). AFG's Level 1 financial instruments consist primarily of publicly traded equity securities and highly liquid government bonds for which quoted market prices in active markets are available and short-term investments of managed investment entities.

Level 2 — Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets (markets in which there are few transactions, the prices are not current, price quotations vary substantially over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly); and valuations based on other significant inputs that are observable in active markets. AFG's Level 2 financial instruments include separate account assets, corporate and municipal fixed maturity securities, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") and investments of managed investment entities priced using observable inputs. Level 2 inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, corroborated

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities. When non-binding broker quotes can be corroborated by comparison to similar securities priced using observable inputs, they are classified as Level 2.

Level 3 — Valuations derived from market valuation techniques generally consistent with those used to estimate the fair values of Level 2 financial instruments in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable or when the market for a security exhibits significantly less liquidity relative to markets supporting Level 2 fair value measurements. The unobservable inputs may include management's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use based on the best information available in the circumstances. AFG's Level 3 is comprised of financial instruments, including liabilities of managed investment entities, whose fair value is estimated based on non-binding broker quotes or internally developed using significant inputs not based on, or corroborated by, observable market information.

AFG's management is responsible for the valuation process and uses data from outside sources (including nationally recognized pricing services and broker/dealers) in establishing fair value. AFG's internal investment professionals are a group of approximately 20 analysts whose primary responsibility is to manage AFG's investment portfolio. These professionals monitor individual investments as well as overall industries and are active in the financial markets on a daily basis. The group is led by AFG's chief investment officer, who reports directly to one of the Co-CEOs. Valuation techniques utilized by pricing services and prices obtained from external sources are reviewed by AFG's internal investment professionals who are familiar with the securities being priced and the markets in which they trade to ensure the fair value determination is representative of an exit price. To validate the appropriateness of the prices obtained, these investment managers consider widely published indices (as benchmarks), recent trades, changes in interest rates, general economic conditions and the credit quality of the specific issuers. In addition, the Company communicates directly with the pricing service regarding the methods and assumptions used in pricing, including verifying, on a test basis, the inputs used by the service to value specific securities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Assets and liabilities measured and carried at fair value in the financial statements are summarized below (in millions):

	 Level 1		Level 2	 Level 3	 Total
<u>September 30, 2012</u>					
Assets:					
Available for sale ("AFS") fixed maturities:					
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$ 198	\$	143	\$ 20	\$ 361
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	—		4,268	58	4,326
Foreign government	—		264	—	264
Residential MBS	—		3,953	367	4,320
Commercial MBS	—		2,924	21	2,945
All other corporate	 4		11,031	 495	 11,530
Total AFS fixed maturities	202		22,583	961	23,746
Trading fixed maturities	—		308	1	309
Equity securities	883		112	36	1,031
Assets of managed investment entities ("MIE")	221		2,846	35	3,102
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts) (a)	—		577	—	577
Other investments	 —		153	 —	 153
Total assets accounted for at fair value	\$ 1,306	\$	26,579	\$ 1,033	\$ 28,918
Liabilities:					
Liabilities of managed investment entities	\$ 247	\$		\$ 2,506	\$ 2,753
Derivatives in annuity benefits accumulated				497	497
Other liabilities — derivatives	_		18	_	18
Total liabilities accounted for at fair value	\$ 247	\$	18	\$ 3,003	\$ 3,268
<u>December 31, 2011</u>					
Assets:					
Available for sale ("AFS") fixed maturities:					
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$ 248	\$	134	\$ —	\$ 382
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	_		3,794	83	3,877
Foreign government	—		254	—	254
Residential MBS	_		3,487	361	3,848
Commercial MBS	—		2,821	19	2,840
All other corporate	9		10,078	519	10,606
Total AFS fixed maturities	257		20,568	982	21,807
Trading fixed maturities	_		439	1	440
Equity securities	888		29	11	928
Assets of managed investment entities ("MIE")	290		2,724	44	3,058
Variable annuity assets (separate accounts) (a)	_		548	_	548
Other investments	_		71	_	71
Total assets accounted for at fair value	\$ 1,435	\$	24,379	\$ 1,038	\$ 26,852
Liabilities:					
Liabilities of managed investment entities	\$ 194	\$	—	\$ 2,593	\$ 2,787
Derivatives in annuity benefits accumulated	_			361	361
Other liabilities — derivatives			23	_	23
Total liabilities accounted for at fair value	\$ 194	\$	23	\$ 2,954	\$ 3,171
		_			

(a) Variable annuity liabilities equal the fair value of variable annuity assets.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

During the first nine months of 2012, six preferred stocks with an aggregate fair value of \$35 million were transferred from Level 1 to Level 2. All of these transfers occurred in the first quarter. The transfers were due to decreases in trade frequency, resulting in lack of available trade data sufficient to warrant classification in Level 1. Approximately 4% of the total assets accounted for at fair value on September 30, 2012, were Level 3 assets. Approximately 90% (\$907 million) of the Level 3 assets were priced using non-binding broker quotes, for which there is a lack of transparency as to the inputs used to determine fair value. Details as to the quantitative inputs are neither provided by the brokers nor otherwise reasonably obtainable by AFG. Since internally developed Level 3 asset fair values represent less than one-half of 1% of the total assets measured at fair value and less than 3% of AFG's shareholders' equity, changes in unobservable inputs used to determine internally developed fair values would not have a material impact on AFG's financial position.

The fair values of the liabilities of managed investment entities were determined using primarily non-binding broker quotes, which were reviewed by AFG's investment professionals. AFG's investment professionals are familiar with the cash flow models used by the brokers to determine the fair value of these liabilities and review the broker quotes based on their knowledge of the CLO market and the market for the underlying assets. Their review includes consideration of expected reinvestment, default and recovery rates on the assets supporting the CLO liabilities, as well as surveying general CLO liability fair values and analysis provided by third parties.

The only significant Level 3 assets or liabilities carried at fair value in the financial statements that were not measured using broker quotes are the derivatives embedded in AFG's fixed-indexed annuity liabilities, which are measured using a discounted cash flow approach and had a fair value of \$497 million at September 30, 2012. The following table presents information about the unobservable inputs used by management in determining fair value of these embedded derivatives. See *Note* F — "*Derivatives*."

Unobservable Input	Range
Adjustment for insurance subsidiary's credit risk	0.5% - 2.05% over the risk free rate
Risk margin for uncertainty in cash flows	0.3% reduction in the discount rate
Surrenders	4% – 25% of indexed account value
Partial surrenders	3% – 5% of indexed account value
Annuitizations	1% - 2% of indexed account value
Deaths	1% - 2.5% of indexed account value
Budgeted option costs	2.5% – 4.0% of indexed account value

Increasing the budgeted option cost or risk margin for uncertainty in cash flows assumptions in the table above would increase the fair value of the fixedindexed annuity embedded derivatives, while increasing any of the other unobservable inputs in the table above would decrease the fair value of the embedded derivatives.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Changes in balances of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value during the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 and 2011 are presented below (in millions). The transfers into and out of Level 3 were due to changes in the availability of market observable inputs. All transfers are reflected in the table at fair value as of the end of the reporting period.

				gai	Total ed/unr ins (los icludeo	ealized sses)							
	Balance at 2013		iı	Net 1come		Other omprehensive income (loss)	rchases and suances	Sales and ettlements	i	ansfer into evel 3	ou	nsfer t of 7el 3	lance at oer 30, 2012
AFS fixed maturities:													
U.S. government	\$	20	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$		\$	_	\$ 20
State and municipal		86				2	_	(6)		4		(28)	58
Residential MBS		320		3		7	15	(11)		86		(53)	367
Commercial MBS		20		1		_	—	_		_		_	21
All other corporate		537		2		6	67	(19)		1		(99)	495
Trading fixed maturities		1		—		—	—	—		_		_	1
Equity securities		41		—		—	4	—		9		(18)	36
Assets of MIE		54		—		_	—	(1)		—		(18)	35
Liabilities of MIE (*)		(2,429)		(52)		_	(97)	72				—	(2,506)
Embedded derivatives		(444)		(41)		_	(19)	7		_		_	(497)

(*) Total realized/unrealized loss included in net income includes losses of \$49 million related to liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2012. See *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities.*"

		ga	nrealized osses)						
	e at June 30, 2011	Net ncome	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Purchases and Issuances	Sales and Settlements	Transfer into Level 3	Transfer out of Level 3	Se	Balance at ptember 30, 2011
AFS fixed maturities:									
State and municipal	\$ 84	\$ _	\$ 4	\$ _	\$ (3)	\$ _	\$ (13)	\$	72
Residential MBS	255	1	(5)	25	(9)	24	(7)		284
Commercial MBS	10	_		9	_	9			28
All other corporate	382	2	12	32	(14)	46	(24)		436
Trading fixed maturities	1	_		_	_	_			1
Equity securities	21	_	(1)	2	—	2	—		24
Assets of MIE	53	(6)	_	5	(7)	—	(5)		40
Liabilities of MIE (*)	(2,322)	89	_	—	51	—	—		(2,182)
Embedded derivatives	(279)	32	_	(62)	4	_	_		(305)

(*) Total realized/unrealized loss included in net income includes losses of \$89 million related to liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2011. See *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities.*"

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

		gai	Total ed/unrealized ins (losses) ncluded in					
	Balance at December 31, 2011	Net income	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Purchases and Issuances	Sales and Settlements	Transfer into Level 3	Transfer out of Level 3	Balance at September 30, 2012
AFS fixed maturities:								
U.S. government	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ 20	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 20
State and municipal	83	_	4	19	(7)	9	(50)	58
Residential MBS	361	5	11	86	(29)	167	(234)	367
Commercial MBS	19	1	1	_	_	_		21
All other corporate	519	9	18	124	(57)	29	(147)	495
Trading fixed maturities	1	_	_	_	_	_		1
Equity securities	11	_	_	30		13	(18)	36
Assets of MIE	44	_	_	13	(13)	14	(23)	35
Liabilities of MIE (*)	(2,593)	(155)	_	(463)	705	_	—	(2,506)
Embedded derivatives	(361)	(97)	_	(57)	18	_	_	(497)

(*) Total realized/unrealized loss included in net income includes losses of \$99 million related to liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2012. See *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities.*"

		gai	ns (le	al irealized osses) ed in						
	alance at iber 31, 2010	 Net income		Other comprehensive income (loss)	Purchases and Issuances	Sales and Settlements	Transfer into Level 3	Transfer out of Level 3	Se	Balance at ptember 30, 2011
AFS fixed maturities:										
State and municipal	\$ 20	\$ _	\$	5	\$ 53	\$ (3)	\$ 10	\$ (13)	\$	72
Residential MBS	312	2		(8)	42	(29)	31	(66)		284
Commercial MBS	6	_		_	9	_	13	_		28
All other corporate	436	1		17	123	(51)	70	(160)		436
Trading fixed maturities	3	_		_	_	_		(2)		1
Equity securities	21	_		1	2	(2)	2	_		24
Assets of MIE	48	(7)		_	21	(13)	8	(17)		40
Liabilities of MIE (*)	(2,258)	17		_	—	59		—		(2,182)
Embedded derivatives	(181)	4		_	(142)	14	_	_		(305)

(*) Total realized/unrealized loss included in net income includes losses of \$19 million related to liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2011. See *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities.*"

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the financial statements are summarized below (in millions):

		Carrying Value	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>September 30, 2012</u>	-					
Financial assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,626	\$ 1,626	\$ 1,626	\$ 	\$
Mortgage loans		566	575		—	575
Policy loans		229	229		—	229
Total financial assets not accounted for at fair value	\$	2,421	\$ 2,430	\$ 1,626	\$ —	\$ 804
Financial liabilities:						
Annuity benefits accumulated (*)	\$	17,040	\$ 17,452	\$ 	\$ —	\$ 17,452
Long-term debt		966	1,085		976	109
Total financial liabilities not accounted for at fair value	\$	18,006	\$ 18,537	\$ 	\$ 976	\$ 17,561

(*) Excludes life contingent annuities in the payout phase.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value. Fair values for mortgage loans are estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The fair value of policy loans is estimated to approximate carrying value; policy loans have no defined maturity dates and are inseparable from insurance contracts. The fair value of annuity benefits was estimated based on expected cash flows discounted using forward interest rates adjusted for the Company's credit risk and includes the impact of maintenance expenses and capital costs. Fair values of long-term debt are based primarily on quoted market prices.

E. Investments

Available for sale fixed maturities and equity securities at September 30, 2012, and December 31, 2011, consisted of the following (in millions):

	September 30, 2012 December 31, 2011													
	,	Amortized		Fair		Gross U	Inrea	lized		Amortized	Fair	 Gross U	nreali	zed
	F	Cost		Value		Gains		Losses		Cost	Value	Gains		Losses
Fixed maturities:														
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$	345	\$	361	\$	16	\$	_	\$	363	\$ 382	\$ 19	\$	_
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		3,976		4,326		352		(2)		3,613	3,877	267		(3)
Foreign government		245		264		19		_		236	254	18		_
Residential MBS		4,100		4,320		294		(74)		3,858	3,848	170		(180)
Commercial MBS		2,629		2,945		316		_		2,628	2,840	218		(6)
All other corporate		10,465		11,530		1,076		(11)		9,864	10,606	802		(60)
Total fixed maturities	\$	21,760	\$	23,746	\$	2,073	\$	(87)	\$	20,562	\$ 21,807	\$ 1,494	\$	(249)
Common stocks	\$	633	\$	828	\$	200	\$	(5)	\$	610	\$ 797	\$ 207	\$	(20)
Perpetual preferred stocks	\$	192	\$	203	\$	13	\$	(2)	\$	134	\$ 131	\$ 5	\$	(8)

The non-credit related portion of other-than-temporary impairment charges are included in other comprehensive income. Cumulative charges taken for residential MBS still owned at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively were \$228 million and \$227 million.

Perpetual preferred stocks

AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. 10-Q

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following tables show gross unrealized losses (in millions) on fixed maturities and equity securities by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

		L	ess Th	an Twelve Mo	onths	Twelve Mont				ore
	U	nrealized Loss	d Fair Fair Value as Unrealized Value % of Cost Loss		Fair Value		Fair Value as % of Cost			
<u>September 30, 2012</u>										
Fixed maturities:										
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$	—	\$	6	100%	\$	—	\$	—	—%
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		(2)		126	98%		—		13	100%
Foreign government		—		—	%		—		—	—%
Residential MBS		(9)		314	97%		(65)		473	88%
Commercial MBS		_		5	100%		_		_	—%
All other corporate		(4)		204	98%		(7)		133	95%
Total fixed maturities	\$	(15)	\$	655	98%	\$	(72)	\$	619	90%
Common stocks	\$	(5)	\$	50	91%	\$		\$	_	—%
Perpetual preferred stocks	\$	_	\$	_	%	\$	(2)	\$	25	93%
<u>December 31, 2011</u>										
Fixed maturities:										
U.S. Government and government agencies	\$		\$	2	100%	\$		\$	—	%
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		(2)		120	98%		(1)		59	98%
Foreign government		—		1	100%		_		—	%
Residential MBS		(59)		1,141	95%		(121)		473	80%
Commercial MBS		(6)		183	97%		—		18	100%
All other corporate		(43)		940	96%		(17)		114	87%
Total fixed maturities	\$	(110)	\$	2,387	96%	\$	(139)	\$	664	83%
Common stocks	\$	(19)	\$	169	90%	\$	(1)	\$	4	80%

At September 30, 2012, the gross unrealized losses on fixed maturities of \$87 million relate to approximately 420 securities. Investment grade securities (as determined by nationally recognized rating agencies) represented approximately 22% of the gross unrealized loss and 50% of the fair value.

(1)

\$

\$

23

96% \$

\$

(7)

31

82%

AFG analyzes its MBS securities for other-than-temporary impairment each quarter based upon expected future cash flows. Management estimates expected future cash flows based upon its knowledge of the MBS market, cash flow projections (which reflect loan to collateral values, subordination, vintage and geographic concentration) received from independent sources, implied cash flows inherent in security ratings and analysis of historical payment data. For the first nine months of 2012, AFG recorded in earnings \$5 million in other-than-temporary impairment charges related to its residential MBS.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

A progression of the credit portion of other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities for which the non-credit portion of an impairment has been recognized in other comprehensive income is shown below (in millions).

Additional credit impairments on: Previously impaired securities Securities without prior impairments Reductions Balance at September 30 \$ 191		2012	2011
Previously impaired securitiesSecurities without prior impairmentsReductions disposalsBalance at September 30\$Securities without prior impairments	Balance at June 30	\$ 191	\$ 171
Securities without prior impairments	Additional credit impairments on:		
Reductions — disposals—Balance at September 30\$Balance at January 1\$Balance at January 1\$Additional credit impairments on: Previously impaired securities4	Previously impaired securities	—	8
Balance at September 30\$191\$191Balance at January 1\$187\$187Additional credit impairments on: Previously impaired securities44	Securities without prior impairments	—	2
Balance at January 1 \$ 187 \$ Additional credit impairments on: Previously impaired securities 4	Reductions — disposals	—	(1)
Additional credit impairments on: Previously impaired securities 4	Balance at September 30	\$ 191	\$ 180
Additional credit impairments on: Previously impaired securities 4			
Previously impaired securities 4	Balance at January 1	\$ 187	\$ 143
	Additional credit impairments on:		
Securities without prior impairments —	Previously impaired securities	4	37
	Securities without prior impairments		7
Reductions — disposals —	Reductions — disposals		(7)
Balance at September 30\$191\$1	Balance at September 30	\$ 191	\$ 180

The table below sets forth the scheduled maturities of available for sale fixed maturities as of September 30, 2012 (in millions). Asset-backed securities and other securities with sinking funds are reported at average maturity. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain securities may be called or prepaid by the issuers. MBS had an average life of approximately 4 years at September 30, 2012.

	A	Amortized	 Fair	Value
		Cost	Amount	%
<u>Maturity</u>				
One year or less	\$	838	\$ 857	4%
After one year through five years		5,320	5,735	24
After five years through ten years		6,529	7,285	31
After ten years		2,344	2,604	11
		15,031	 16,481	70
MBS		6,729	7,265	30
Total	\$	21,760	\$ 23,746	100%

Certain risks are inherent in connection with fixed maturity securities, including loss upon default, price volatility in reaction to changes in interest rates, and general market factors and risks associated with reinvestment of proceeds due to prepayments or redemptions in a period of declining interest rates.

There were no investments in individual issuers that exceeded 10% of Shareholders' Equity at September 30, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Net Unrealized Gain on Marketable Securities In addition to adjusting equity securities and fixed maturity securities classified as "available for sale" to fair value, GAAP requires that deferred policy acquisition costs related to annuities and certain other balance sheet amounts be adjusted to the extent that unrealized gains and losses from securities would result in adjustments to those balances had the unrealized gains or losses actually been realized. The following table shows (in millions) the components of the net unrealized gain on securities that is included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in AFG's Balance Sheet.

	Pretax	Amo	eferred Tax and ounts Attributable Noncontrolling Interests	Net
<u>September 30, 2012</u>				
Unrealized gain on:				
Fixed maturities	\$ 1,986	\$	(709)	\$ 1,277
Equity securities	206		(74)	132
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(764)		267	(497)
Annuity benefits and other liabilities	13		(4)	9
	\$ 1,441	\$	(520)	\$ 921
<u>December 31, 2011</u>				
Unrealized gain on:				
Fixed maturities	\$ 1,245	\$	(444)	\$ 801
Equity securities	184		(65)	119
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(537)		188	(349)
Annuity benefits and other liabilities	10		(3)	7
	\$ 902	\$	(324)	\$ 578

Realized gains (losses) and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to fixed maturity and equity security investments are summarized as follows (in millions):

	Fixed aturities	S	Equity Securities	Mortgage Loans and Other nvestments	C	Other (a)	Tax Effects	-	Noncon- trolling Interests	Total
<u>Quarter ended September 30, 2012</u>										
Realized before impairments	\$ 20	\$	77	\$ —	\$	(4)	\$ (33)	\$	—	\$ 60
Realized — impairments	(1)		(9)			2	3		—	(5)
Change in unrealized	378		(18)	—		(122)	(84)		(4)	150
<u>Quarter ended September 30, 2011</u>										
Realized before impairments	\$ 27	\$	6	\$ (15)	\$	—	\$ (6)	\$	—	\$ 12
Realized — impairments	(12)		(2)	_		4	3		_	(7)
Change in unrealized	172		(75)	—		(121)	9		(2)	(17)
Nine months ended September 30, 2012										
Realized before impairments	\$ 40	\$	133	\$ (3)	\$	(6)	\$ (58)	\$	(1)	\$ 105
Realized — impairments	(5)		(19)	_		5	7		_	(12)
Change in unrealized	741		22	_		(224)	(189)		(7)	343
Nine months ended September 30, 2011										
Realized before impairments	\$ 51	\$	41	\$ (22)	\$	(2)	\$ (24)	\$	(1)	\$ 43
Realized — impairments	(49)		(2)	(4)		14	14		_	(27)
Change in unrealized	417		(77)			(185)	(54)		(4)	97

(a) Primarily adjustments to deferred policy acquisition costs related to annuities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Realized gains (losses) on securities includes net gains of \$1 million in the third quarter and \$4 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared to net gains of \$3 million in the third quarter and net losses of less than \$1 million in the first nine months of 2011 from the mark-to-market of certain MBS, primarily interest-only securities with interest rates that float inversely with short-term rates. Gross realized gains and losses (excluding impairment writedowns and mark-to-market of derivatives) on available for sale fixed maturity and equity security investment transactions included in the Statement of Cash Flows consisted of the following (in millions):

	_	Nine mor Septer	nths ende nber 30,	
		2012		2011
Fixed maturities:				
Gross gains	\$	37	\$	57
Gross losses		(2)		(5)
Equity securities:				
Gross gains		136		42
Gross losses		(3)		(1)

F. <u>Derivatives</u>

As discussed under "*Derivatives*" in Note A, AFG uses derivatives in certain areas of its operations. AFG's derivatives do not qualify for hedge accounting under GAAP; changes in the fair value of derivatives are included in earnings.

The following derivatives are included in AFG's Balance Sheet at fair value (in millions):

			Septembe	er 30, 2	012	 Decembe	er 31, 20)11
Derivative	Balance Sheet Line		Asset	Li	ability	Asset	Li	ability
MBS with embedded derivatives	Fixed maturities	\$	96	\$	—	\$ 99	\$	—
Interest rate swaptions	Other investments		1		—	5		_
Fixed-indexed annuities (embedded derivative)	Annuity benefits accumulated				497	_		361
Equity index call options	Other investments		152		—	66		_
Reinsurance contracts (embedded derivative)	Other liabilities				18	_		23
		\$ 249 \$ 515			\$ 170	\$	384	

The MBS with embedded derivatives consist primarily of interest-only MBS with interest rates that float inversely with short-term rates. AFG records the entire change in the fair value of these securities in earnings. These investments are part of AFG's overall investment strategy and represent a small component of AFG's overall investment portfolio.

AFG has entered into \$1 billion notional amount of pay-fixed interest rate swaptions (options to enter into pay-fixed/receive floating interest rate swaps at future dates expiring between 2012 and 2015) to mitigate interest rate risk in its annuity operations. AFG paid \$29 million to purchase these swaptions, which represents its maximum potential economic loss over the life of the contracts.

AFG's fixed-indexed annuities, which represented approximately 40% of annuity benefits accumulated at September 30, 2012, provide policyholders with a crediting rate tied, in part, to the performance of an existing stock market index. AFG attempts to mitigate the risk in the index-based component of these products through the purchase of call options on the appropriate index. AFG's strategy is designed so that an increase in the liabilities, due to an increase in the market index, will be generally offset by unrealized and realized gains on the call options purchased by AFG. Both the index-based component of the annuities and the related call options are considered derivatives.

As discussed under "*Reinsurance*" in Note A, certain reinsurance contracts in AFG's annuity and supplemental insurance business are considered to contain embedded derivatives.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following table summarizes the gain (loss) included in the Statement of Earnings for changes in the fair value of these derivatives for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 and 2011 (in millions):

		Three months ended					Nine months ended					
				Septen	eptember 30,							
Derivative	Statement of Earnings Line		2012		2011		2012		2011			
MBS with embedded derivatives	Realized gains	\$	1	\$	3	\$	4	\$				
Interest rate swaptions	Realized gains		(1)		(15)		(4)		(22)			
Fixed-indexed annuities (embedded derivative)	Annuity benefits		(41)		32		(97)		4			
Equity index call options	Annuity benefits		30		(50)		67		(30)			
Reinsurance contracts (embedded derivative)	Investment income		(4)		(6)		(7)		(10)			
		\$	(15)	\$	(36)	\$	(37)	\$	(58)			

G. Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Deferred policy acquisition costs consisted of the following (in millions):

	September 30, 2012		mber 31, 2011
Property and casualty insurance	\$ 200	\$	189
Annuity and supplemental insurance:			
Policy acquisition costs	876		898
Policyholder sales inducements	195		207
Present value of future profits ("PVFP")	114		144
Impact of unrealized gains and losses on securities	(764)		(537)
Total annuity and supplemental	421		712
	\$ 621	\$	901

See Accounting Standards Adopted in 2012 under Note A — "Accounting Policies."

The PVFP amounts in the table above are net of \$169 million and \$195 million of accumulated amortization at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Annuity and supplemental insurance policy acquisition costs and PVFP decreased \$92 million and \$16 million, respectively, due to the August 2012 sale of the Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses.

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 and 2011 were as follows (in millions):

	Three mo Septer	nths end nber 30,	ed		ed		
	2012			2012		2011	
Property and casualty insurance	\$ 111	\$	102	\$	323	\$	310
Annuity and supplemental insurance:							
Policy acquisition costs	27		27		86		89
Policyholder sales inducements	8		6		24		20
PVFP	5		5		14		16
Total annuity and supplemental	 40		38		124		125
	\$ 151	\$	140	\$	447	\$	435

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

H. Managed Investment Entities

AFG is the investment manager and its subsidiaries have investments ranging from 7.5% to 51.2% of the most subordinate debt tranche of eight collateralized loan obligation entities or "CLOs," which, are considered variable interest entities. AFG's subsidiaries also own portions of the senior debt tranches of certain of these CLOs. Upon formation between 2004 and 2012, these entities issued securities in various senior and subordinate classes and invested the proceeds primarily in secured bank loans, which serve as collateral for the debt securities issued by each particular CLO. None of the collateral was purchased from AFG. AFG's investments in the subordinate debt tranches of these entities receive residual income from the CLOs only after the CLOs pay operating expenses (including management fees to AFG), interest on and returns of capital to senior levels of debt securities. There are no contractual requirements for AFG to provide additional funding for these entities. AFG has not provided and does not intend to provide any financial support to these entities.

AFG's maximum exposure to economic loss on its CLOs is limited to its investment in the CLOs, which had an aggregate fair value of \$240 million (including \$96 million invested in the most subordinate debt tranches) at September 30, 2012, and \$98 million at December 31, 2011.

In February 2012, one of the AFG CLOs was substantially liquidated at the instruction of the holder of the majority of the most subordinate debt tranche, as permitted by the CLO indentures. In March 2012, AFG formed a new CLO, which issued \$410 million face amount of liabilities (including \$39 million face amount purchased by subsidiaries of AFG). In October 2012, AFG formed another new CLO, which issued \$450 million face amount of liabilities (including \$35 million face amount purchased by subsidiaries of AFG).

The revenues and expenses of the CLOs are separately identified in AFG's Statement of Earnings, after the elimination of management fees and earnings attributable to shareholders of AFG as measured by the change in the fair value of AFG's investments in the CLOs. Selected financial information related to the CLOs is shown below (in millions):

Three months ended					Nine months ended					
	Septen	1Der 30	,	September 3			30,			
	2012		2011		2012	2011				
\$	39	\$	(88)	\$	92	\$	(71)			
	(52)		89		(155)		17			
	6		5		14		13			
	11		(2)		21		5			
	(18)		8		(64)		(47)			
	¢	Septen 2012 \$ 39 (52) 6 11	September 30 2012 \$ 39 \$ (52) 6 11	September 30, 2012 2011 \$ 39 \$ (88) (52) 89 6 5 11 (2)	September 30, 2012 2011 \$ 39 \$ (88) \$ (52) 89 5 6 5 5 11 (2)	September 30, September 30, 2012 2011 2012 \$ 39 \$ (88) \$ 92 (52) 89 (155) 6 5 14 11 (2) 21	September 30, September 30, 2012 2011 2012 \$ 39 \$ (88) \$ 92 (52) 89 (155) 6 5 14 11 (2) 21			

(a) Included in Revenues in AFG's Statement of Earnings.

(b) Included in Operating earnings before income taxes in AFG's Statement of Earnings.

The aggregate unpaid principal balance of the CLOs' fixed maturity investments exceeded the fair value of the investments by \$33 million and \$120 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011. The aggregate unpaid principal balance of the CLOs' debt exceeded its fair value by \$151 million and \$306 million at those dates. The CLO assets include \$5 million and \$2 million in loans (aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$12 million and \$7 million, respectively) at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, for which the CLOs are not accruing interest because the loans are in default.

I. Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill was \$185 million and \$186 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Goodwill decreased \$1 million in the third quarter of 2012 due to the sale of a small annuity and supplemental insurance subsidiary. Included in other assets in AFG's Balance Sheet is \$32 million at September 30, 2012 and \$41 million at December 31, 2011 in amortizable intangible assets related to property and casualty insurance acquisitions. These amounts are net of accumulated amortization of \$57 million and \$47 million, respectively. Amortization of these intangibles was \$3 million in each of the third quarters of 2012 and 2011 and \$10 million and \$9 million in the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively. Other assets also include \$8 million in non-amortizable intangible assets related to property and casualty insurance acquisitions.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

J. Long-Term Debt

The carrying value of long-term debt consisted of the following (in millions):

	Sept	September 30, 2012		ember 31, 2011
Direct obligations of AFG:				
9-7/8% Senior Notes due June 2019	\$	350	\$	350
6-3/8% Senior Notes due June 2042		230		
5-3/4% Senior Notes due August 2042		125		_
7% Senior Notes due September 2050		132		132
7-1/8% Senior Debentures due February 2034		_		115
Other		3		3
		840		600
Subsidiaries:				
Obligations of AAG Holding (guaranteed by AFG):				
7-1/2% Senior Debentures due November 2033		_		112
7-1/4% Senior Debentures due January 2034		_		86
Notes payable secured by real estate due 2012 through 2016		63		64
Secured borrowings (\$16 and \$17 guaranteed by AFG)		21		30
National Interstate bank credit facility		22		22
		106		314
Payable to Subsidiary Trusts:			_	
AAG Holding Variable Rate Subordinated Debentures due May 2033		20		20
	\$	966	\$	934

Scheduled principal payments on debt for the balance of 2012 and the subsequent five years were as follows: 2012 — \$25 million; 2013 — \$20 million; 2014 — \$2 million; 2015 — \$14 million; 2016 — \$45 million and 2017 — none.

As shown below (in millions), the majority of AFG's long-term debt is unsecured obligations of the holding company and its subsidiaries:

	ember 30, 2012	ember 31, 2011
Unsecured obligations	\$ 882	\$ 840
Obligations secured by real estate	63	64
Other secured borrowings	21	30
	\$ 966	\$ 934

AFG can borrow up to \$500 million under its revolving credit facility which expires in August 2013. Amounts borrowed under this agreement bear interest at rates ranging from 1.75% to 3.00% (currently 2%) over LIBOR based on AFG's credit rating. No amounts were borrowed under this facility at September 30, 2012. AFG expects to replace this credit facility in the fourth quarter of 2012 with a \$500 million four-year revolving credit facility with lower interest rates and commitment fees.

In June 2012, AFG issued \$230 million in 6-3/8% Senior Notes due 2042 and used the proceeds to redeem the outstanding AAG Holding Company 7-1/2% and 7-1/4% Senior Debentures at par value in July 2012. In August 2012, AFG issued \$125 million in 5-3/4% Senior Notes due 2042 and used the proceeds to redeem the outstanding AFG 7-1/8% Senior Debentures at par value in September 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

K. Shareholders' Equity

AFG is authorized to issue 12.5 million shares of Voting Preferred Stock and 12.5 million shares of Nonvoting Preferred Stock, each without par value.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax ("AOCI") Comprehensive income is defined as all changes in Shareholders' Equity except those arising from transactions with shareholders. Comprehensive income includes net earnings and other comprehensive income, which consists primarily of changes in net unrealized gains or losses on available for sale securities. The progression of the components of accumulated other comprehensive income follows (in millions):

			Other Comprehensive Income											
	Be	AOCI ginning Balance]	Pretax		Tax		Noncontrolling interests	Net	Oth	ier (b)	E	AOCI Inding alance	
<u>Quarter ended September 30, 2012</u>														
Net unrealized gains on securities	\$	771 (a)	\$	238	\$	(84)	\$	(4)	\$ 150	\$	—	\$	921 (a)	I
Foreign currency translation adjustments		9		10				(1)	9		(1)		17	
Pension and other postretirement plans adjustments		(7)		—				—	—		—		(7)	
Total	\$	773	\$	248	\$	(84)	\$	(5)	\$ 159	\$	(1)	\$	931	
Quarter ended September 30, 2011														
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities	\$	605	\$	(24)	\$	9	\$	(2)	\$ (17)	\$	_	\$	588	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	Ψ	17	Ψ	(14)	Ψ		Ψ	(2)	(13)	Ψ		ψ	4	
Pension and other postretirement plans adjustments		(7)		(14)					(15)				(7)	
Total	\$	615	\$	(38)	\$	9	\$	(1)	\$ (30)	\$		\$	585	
Nine months ended September 30, 2012														
Net unrealized gains on securities	\$	578 (a)	\$	539	\$	(189)	\$	(7)	\$ 343	\$		\$	921 (a)	1
Foreign currency translation adjustments		10		9				(1)	8		(1)		17	
Pension and other postretirement plans adjustments		(8)		1				—	1		—		(7)	
Total	\$	580	\$	549	\$	(189)	\$	(8)	\$ 352	\$	(1)	\$	931	
Nine months ended September 30, 2011														
Net unrealized gains on securities	\$	491	\$	155	\$	(54)	\$	(4)	\$ 97	\$		\$	588	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	Ψ	12	Ψ	(9)	Ψ	(0 I) —	Ψ	(4)	(8)	¥		Ψ	4	
Pension and other postretirement plans adjustments		(8)		(3)		_		_	(0)				(7)	
Total	\$	495	\$	147	\$	(54)	\$	(3)	\$ 90	\$		\$	585	
	-		_	_	_		_			-		_		

(a) Includes net unrealized gains of \$23 million at September 30, 2012 compared to net unrealized losses of \$1 million at June 30, 2012 and \$16 million at December 31, 2011 related to securities for which only the credit portion of an other-than-temporary impairment has been recorded in earnings.
 (b) Other activity of a security of 2012 and initiation of an other-than-temporary impairment has been recorded in earnings.

(b) Other relates to the third quarter of 2012 acquisition of noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary.

Stock Based Compensation Under AFG's Stock Incentive Plan, employees of AFG and its subsidiaries are eligible to receive equity awards in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and stock awards. In the first nine months of 2012, AFG issued 133,931 shares of restricted Common Stock (fair value of \$38.10 per share) and granted stock options for 1.1 million shares of Common Stock (at an average exercise price of \$38.10) under the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Stock Incentive Plan. In addition, AFG issued 111,270 shares of Common Stock (fair value of \$38.38 per share) in the first quarter of 2012 under its Annual Co-CEO Equity Bonus Plan.

AFG uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the "fair value" of its option grants. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility over a period equal to the expected term. The expected term was estimated based on historical exercise patterns and post vesting cancellations. The weighted average fair value of options granted during 2012 was \$13.02 per share based on the following assumptions: expected dividend yield — 1.8%; expected volatility — 39%; expected term — 7.3 years; risk-free rate — 1.4%.

Total compensation expense related to stock incentive plans of AFG and its subsidiaries was \$5 million in each of the third quarters of 2012 and 2011 and \$20 million and \$16 million in the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively.

L. Income Taxes

Income (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests related to AFG's managed investment entities are non-taxable (non-deductible). For the the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively, AFG's operating earnings before income taxes included \$64 million and \$47 million of such non-deductible losses, thereby increasing AFG's effective tax rate. For the third quarter of 2012 and 2011, respectively, operating earnings before income taxes included \$18 million of non-deductible losses and \$8 million of non-taxable income related to the managed investment entities.

AFG was involved in litigation with the IRS regarding the calculation of tax reserves for certain annuity liabilities pursuant to Actuarial Guideline 33. In 2010, the U.S. District Court in Southern Ohio issued a final summary judgment in favor of AFG. The IRS appealed the District Court decision to the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals, which heard oral arguments on March 7, 2012. On May 4, 2012, the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the summary judgment of the District Court in favor of AFG. On August 2, 2012, the 90 day period for the IRS to seek a discretionary appeal of the Sixth District Court of Appeals decision in favor of AFG became final. As a result, during the third quarter of 2012 AFG recorded net earnings of approximately \$28 million, which includes the expected refund of \$17 million of tax and interest paid to the IRS in 2005 and 2006 as well as a decrease in the liability for uncertain tax positions. Closure of subsequent tax years previously held in suspense due to this litigation could further reduce the liability for uncertain tax positions by up to \$28 million and a \$13 million decrease in related interest. Additionally, the IRS issued new guidance during the third quarter of 2012 that brought certainty to the timing of investment deductions, which caused AFG to reduce its liability for uncertain tax positions by \$10 million. Because the ultimate recognition of these investment deductions was highly certain, the reduction in this liability resulted in an offsetting increase in AFG's deferred tax liability, with no overall impact on AFG's annual effective tax rate.

Except as discussed above, there were no material changes to AFG's liability for uncertain tax positions as discussed in *Note L* — "*Income Taxes*," to AFG's 2011 Form 10-K.

M. Contingencies

Except as discussed in *Management's Discussion and Analysis* — "*Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charges*," there have been no significant changes to the matters discussed and referred to in *Note M* — "*Contingencies*" of AFG's 2011 Form 10-K, which covers property and casualty insurance reserves for claims related to environmental exposures, asbestos and other mass tort claims, as well as environmental and occupational injury and disease claims of former subsidiary railroad and manufacturing operations.

N. Subsequent Event

In late October 2012, Superstorm Sandy caused significant property damage in the northeastern United States. While it is too early to estimate the total losses from this storm, models indicate that industry insured losses could approach \$20 billion. AFG's exposure to losses from this storm will be dependent upon the number, size and type of covered losses and will be mitigated by AFG's use of reinsurance across all lines of potentially impacted business. Considering all of these factors, management expects that AFG's losses from Superstorm Sandy will be less than 1% of shareholders' equity.

ITEM 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. Some of the forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "anticipates", "believes", "expects", "projects", "estimates", "intends", "plans", "seeks", "could", "may", "should", "will" or the negative version of those words or other comparable terminology. Such forward-looking statements include statements relating to: expectations concerning market and other conditions and their effect on future premiums, revenues, earnings and investment activities; recoverability of asset values; expected losses and the adequacy of reserves for long-term care, asbestos, environmental pollution and mass tort claims; rate changes; and improved loss experience.

Actual results and/or financial condition could differ materially from those contained in or implied by such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons including but not limited to:

- changes in financial, political and economic conditions, including changes in interest and inflation rates, currency fluctuations and extended economic recessions or expansions in the U.S. and abroad;
- performance of securities markets;
- AFG's ability to estimate accurately the likelihood, magnitude and timing of any losses in connection with investments in the non-agency residential mortgage market;
- new legislation or declines in credit quality or credit ratings that could have a material impact on the valuation of securities in AFG's investment portfolio;
- the availability of capital;
- regulatory actions (including changes in statutory accounting rules);
- changes in the legal environment affecting AFG or its customers;
- tax law and accounting changes;
- levels of natural catastrophes and severe weather, terrorist activities (including any nuclear, biological, chemical or radiological events), incidents of war or losses resulting from civil unrest and other major losses;
- development of insurance loss reserves and establishment of other reserves, particularly with respect to amounts associated with asbestos and environmental claims;
- availability of reinsurance and ability of reinsurers to pay their obligations;
- the unpredictability of possible future litigation if certain settlements of current litigation do not become effective;
- trends in persistency, mortality and morbidity;
- competitive pressures, including those in the bank annuity distribution channels, the ability to obtain adequate rates and policy terms; and
- changes in AFG's credit ratings or the financial strength ratings assigned by major ratings agencies to AFG's operating subsidiaries.

The forward-looking statements herein are made only as of the date of this report. The Company assumes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements.



OVERVIEW

Financial Condition

AFG is organized as a holding company with almost all of its operations being conducted by subsidiaries. AFG, however, has continuing cash needs for administrative expenses, the payment of principal and interest on borrowings, shareholder dividends, and taxes. Therefore, certain analyses are best done on a parent only basis while others are best done on a total enterprise basis. In addition, because most of its businesses are financial in nature, AFG does not prepare its consolidated financial statements using a current-noncurrent format. Consequently, certain traditional ratios and financial analysis tests are not meaningful.

Results of Operations

Through the operations of its subsidiaries, AFG is engaged primarily in property and casualty insurance, focusing on specialized commercial products for businesses and in the sale of traditional fixed and fixed-indexed annuities in the education, bank and individual markets.

Net earnings attributable to AFG's shareholders for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 were \$226 million (\$2.39 per share, diluted) and \$438 million (\$4.50 per share, diluted), respectively, compared to \$97 million (\$0.95 per share, diluted) and \$233 million (\$2.23 per share, diluted) reported in the same periods of 2011. Results for the third quarter of 2012 include (i) an after tax gain of \$101 million (\$1.07 per share) on the sale of the Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses, (ii) a \$28 million (\$0.30 per share) tax benefit related to the favorable resolution of certain tax litigation, and (iii) an after tax charge of \$21 million (\$0.23 per share) to strengthen asbestos and other environmental ("A&E") exposures, primarily within the property and casualty group's runoff operations. Results for 2011 include a second quarter after tax charge of \$38 million (\$0.37 per share) to increase A&E reserves. Excluding these items, higher profits in the annuity and supplemental insurance group and higher realized gains on sales of securities were partially offset by lower underwriting earnings and lower investment income in AFG's property and casualty insurance operations.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies are summarized in Note A to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that can have a significant effect on amounts reported in the financial statements. As more information becomes known, these estimates and assumptions change and, thus, impact amounts reported in the future. The areas where management believes the degree of judgment required to determine amounts recorded in the financial statements make accounting policies critical are as follows:

- the establishment of insurance reserves, especially asbestos and environmental-related reserves and reserves for AFG's closed block of long-term care business,
- the recoverability of reinsurance,
- the recoverability of deferred acquisition costs,
- · the establishment of asbestos and environmental reserves of former railroad and manufacturing operations, and
- the valuation of investments, including the determination of "other-than-temporary" impairments.

For a discussion of these policies, see Management's Discussion and Analysis — "Critical Accounting Policies" in AFG's 2011 Form 10-K.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Ratios AFG's debt to total capital ratio on a consolidated basis is shown below (dollars in millions).

	C ,	1 20	December 31,				
		September 30, 2012		2011		2010	
Long-term debt	\$	966	\$	934	\$	952	
Total capital		5,032		4,860		4,894	
Ratio of debt to total capital:							
Including debt secured by real estate		19.2%		19.2%		19.5%	
Excluding debt secured by real estate		18.2%		18.2%		18.4%	

The ratio of debt to total capital is a non-GAAP measure that management believes is useful for investors, analysts and independent ratings agencies to evaluate AFG's financial strength and liquidity and to provide insight into how AFG finances its operations. The ratio is calculated by dividing AFG's long-term debt by its total capital, which includes long-term debt, noncontrolling interests and shareholders' equity (excluding unrealized gains (losses) related to fixed maturity investments and appropriated retained earnings related to managed investment entities).

AFG's ratio of earnings to fixed charges, including annuity benefits as a fixed charge, was 2.27 for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 1.95 for the entire year of 2011. Excluding annuity benefits, this ratio was 8.97 and 6.59, respectively. Although the ratio excluding annuity benefits is not required or encouraged to be disclosed under Securities and Exchange Commission rules, it is presented because interest credited to annuity policyholder accounts is not always considered a borrowing cost for an insurance company.

Parent and Subsidiary Liquidity

Parent Holding Company Liquidity Management believes AFG has sufficient resources to meet its liquidity requirements. If funds generated from operations, including dividends, tax payments and borrowings from subsidiaries, are insufficient to meet fixed charges in any period, AFG would be required to utilize parent company cash and marketable securities or to generate cash through borrowings, sales of other assets, or similar transactions.

AFG can borrow up to \$500 million under its revolving credit facility which expires in August 2013. AFG expects to replace this credit facility in the fourth quarter of 2012 with a \$500 million, four-year revolving credit facility with lower interest rates and commitment fees. There were no borrowings under the agreement, or under any other parent company short-term borrowing arrangements, during 2012.

In August 2012, AFG issued \$125 million of 5-3/4% Senior Notes due 2042 and used the proceeds to redeem the outstanding AFG 7-1/8% Senior Debentures due February 2034 at par value in September 2012. In June 2012, AFG issued \$230 million of 6-3/8% Senior Notes due 2042 and used the proceeds to redeem the outstanding AAG Holding Company, Inc. (a subsidiary of AFG) 7-1/2% Senior Debentures due 2033 and 7-1/4% Senior Debentures due 2034 at par value in July 2012.

During the first nine months of 2012, AFG repurchased 8.3 million shares of its Common Stock for \$315 million. In October 2012, AFG repurchased approximately 763,000 additional shares for \$29 million. During 2011, AFG repurchased 9.3 million shares of its Common Stock for \$315 million.

Under tax allocation agreements with AFG, its 80%-owned U.S. subsidiaries generally pay taxes to (or recover taxes from) AFG based on each subsidiary's contribution to amounts due under AFG's consolidated tax return.

Subsidiary Liquidity Great American Life Insurance Company ("GALIC"), a wholly-owned annuity and supplemental insurance subsidiary, is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati ("FHLB"). The FHLB makes advances and provides other banking services to member institutions, which provides the annuity and supplemental insurance operations with a substantial additional source of liquidity. In the fourth quarter of 2011 the FHLB advanced GALIC \$240 million at interest rates ranging from 0.02% to 0.03% over LIBOR (average rate of 0.24% at September 30, 2012). While these advances must be repaid within 5 to 7 years, GALIC has the option to prepay all or a portion of the advances on a monthly basis. GALIC has invested the proceeds from the advances in fixed maturity securities for the purpose of earning a spread over the interest payments due to the FHLB.

National Interstate Corporation, a 52%-owned property and casualty insurance subsidiary, can borrow up to \$75 million, subject to certain conditions, under an unsecured credit agreement expiring in December 2012. Amounts borrowed bear interest at rates ranging from 0.45% to 0.9% (currently 0.65%) over LIBOR based on National Interstate's credit rating. There was \$22 million outstanding under this agreement at September 30, 2012. National Interstate expects to successfully replace this credit agreement prior to its expiration.

The liquidity requirements of AFG's insurance subsidiaries relate primarily to the liabilities associated with their products as well as operating costs and expenses, payments of dividends and taxes to AFG and contributions of capital to their subsidiaries. Historically, cash flows from premiums and investment income have generally provided more than sufficient funds to meet these requirements without requiring a sale of investments or contributions from AFG. Funds received in excess of cash requirements are generally invested in additional marketable securities. In addition, the insurance subsidiaries generally hold a significant amount of highly liquid, short-term investments.

The excess cash flow of AFG's property and casualty group allows it to extend the duration of its investment portfolio somewhat beyond that of its claim reserves.

In the annuity business, where profitability is largely dependent on earning a "spread" between invested assets and annuity liabilities, the duration of investments is generally maintained close to that of liabilities. In a rising interest rate environment, significant protection from withdrawals exists in the form of temporary and permanent surrender charges on AFG's annuity products. With declining rates, AFG receives some protection (from spread compression) due to the ability to lower crediting rates, subject to contractually guaranteed minimum interest rates ("GMIRs"). AFG began selling policies with GMIRs below 2% in 2003; almost all new business since late 2010 has been issued with a 1% GMIR. At September 30, 2012, the average crediting rate on AFG's annuities was approximately 2.82%, while the average GMIR was approximately 2.28%. This margin provides AFG the flexibility to decrease its crediting rates by up to approximately 54 basis points (on a weighted average basis) on \$16 billion in annuities should market interest rates continue to remain low for a long period of time. The vast majority of such decreases can be made within the next 12 months if necessary.

AFG believes its insurance subsidiaries maintain sufficient liquidity to pay claims and benefits and operating expenses. In addition, these subsidiaries have sufficient capital to meet commitments in the event of unforeseen events such as reserve deficiencies, inadequate premium rates or reinsurer insolvencies. Nonetheless, changes in statutory accounting rules, significant declines in the fair value of the insurance subsidiaries' investment portfolios or significant ratings downgrades on these investments, could create a need for additional capital.

Investments AFG's investment portfolio at September 30, 2012, contained \$23.7 billion in "Fixed maturities" classified as available for sale and \$1.0 billion in "Equity securities," all carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in a separate component of shareholders' equity on an after-tax basis. In addition, \$309 million in fixed maturities were classified as trading with changes in unrealized holding gains or losses included in investment income.

Fair values for AFG's portfolio are determined by AFG's internal investment professionals using data from nationally recognized pricing services as well as non-binding broker quotes. Fair values of equity securities are generally based on closing prices obtained from the pricing services. For mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"), which comprise approximately 30% of AFG's fixed maturities, prices for each security are generally obtained from both pricing services and broker quotes. For the remainder of AFG's fixed maturity portfolio, approximately 90% are priced using pricing services and the balance is priced primarily by using non-binding broker quotes. When prices obtained for the same security vary, AFG's internal investment professionals select the price they believe is most indicative of an exit price.

The pricing services use a variety of observable inputs to estimate fair value of fixed maturities that do not trade on a daily basis. Based upon information provided by the pricing services, these inputs include, but are not limited to, recent reported trades, benchmark yields, issuer spreads, bids or offers, reference data, and measures of volatility. Included in the pricing of MBS are estimates of the rate of future prepayments and defaults of principal over the remaining life of the underlying collateral. Due to the lack of transparency in the process that brokers use to develop prices, valuations that are based on brokers' prices are classified as Level 3 in the GAAP hierarchy unless the price can be corroborated, for example, by comparison to similar securities priced using observable inputs.

Valuation techniques utilized by pricing services and prices obtained from external sources are reviewed by AFG's internal investment professionals who are familiar with the securities being priced and the markets in which they trade to ensure the fair value determination is representative of an exit price. To validate the appropriateness of the prices obtained, these investment managers consider widely published indices (as benchmarks), recent trades, changes in interest rates, general economic conditions and the credit quality of the specific issuers. In addition, AFG communicates directly with the pricing service regarding the methods and assumptions used in pricing, including verifying, on a test basis, the inputs used by the service to value specific securities.

In general, the fair value of AFG's fixed maturity investments is inversely correlated to changes in interest rates. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of such fair values to reasonably likely changes in interest rates by illustrating the estimated effect on AFG's fixed maturity portfolio that an immediate increase of 100 basis points in the interest rate yield curve would have at September 30, 2012 (dollars in millions). Increases or decreases from the 100 basis points illustrated would be approximately proportional.

Fair value of fixed maturity portfolio	\$ 24,055
Pretax impact on fair value of 100 bps increase in interest rates	\$ (1,058)
Pretax impact as % of total fixed maturity portfolio	4.4%

Approximately 86% of the fixed maturities held by AFG at September 30, 2012, were rated "investment grade" (credit rating of AAA to BBB) by nationally recognized rating agencies. Investment grade securities generally bear lower yields and lower degrees of risk than those that are unrated and noninvestment grade. Management believes that the high quality investment portfolio should generate a stable and predictable investment return.

MBS are subject to significant prepayment risk due to the fact that, in periods of declining interest rates, mortgages may be repaid more rapidly than scheduled as borrowers refinance higher rate mortgages to take advantage of lower rates. Although interest rates have been low for the last few years, a weak housing market and uncertain economic conditions have led to tighter lending standards, which have resulted in fewer buyers being able to refinance the mortgages underlying much of AFG's non-agency residential MBS portfolio.

Summarized information for AFG's MBS (including those classified as trading) at September 30, 2012, is shown (in millions) in the table below. Agencybacked securities are those issued by a U.S. government-backed agency; Alt-A mortgages are those with risk profiles between prime and subprime. The majority of the Alt-A securities and substantially all of the subprime securities are backed by fixed-rate mortgages. The average life of both the residential and commercial MBS is approximately 4 years.

	А	mortized Cost	Fair Value		Fair Value as % of Cost		Unrealized Gain (Loss)	% Rated Investment Grade	
<u>Collateral type</u>									
Residential:									
Agency-backed	\$	255	\$	269	105%	\$	14	100%	
Non-agency prime		2,324		2,483	107		159	50	
Alt-A		846		866	102		20	34	
Subprime		673		697	104		24	26	
Commercial		2,643		2,959	112		316	99	
Other		18		21	117		3	48	
	\$	6,759	\$	7,295	108%	\$	536	67%	

The National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC") assigns creditworthiness designations on a scale of 1 to 6 with 1 being the highest quality and 6 being the lowest quality. The NAIC retained a third-party investment management firm to assist in the determination of appropriate NAIC designations for mortgage-backed securities based not only on the probability of loss (which is the primary basis of ratings by the major ratings firms), but also on the severity of loss and statutory carrying value. At September 30, 2012, 97% (based on statutory carrying value of \$6.5 billion) of AFG's MBS securities had an NAIC designation of 1 or 2.

Municipal bonds represented approximately 18% of AFG's fixed maturity portfolio at September 30, 2012. AFG's municipal bond portfolio is high quality, with 99% of the securities rated investment grade at that date. The portfolio is well diversified across the states of issuance and individual issuers. At September 30, 2012, approximately 76% of the municipal bond portfolio was held in revenue bonds, with the remaining 24% held in general obligation bonds. State general obligation securities of California, Illinois, New Jersey and New York collectively represented less than 2% of this portfolio.

Summarized information for the unrealized gains and losses recorded in AFG's Balance Sheet at September 30, 2012, is shown in the following table (dollars in millions). Approximately \$295 million of available for sale "Fixed maturities" and \$103 million of "Equity securities" had no unrealized gains or losses at September 30, 2012.

	Securities With Unrealized Gains	Securities With Inrealized Losses
Available for Sale Fixed Maturities		
Fair value of securities	\$ 22,177	\$ 1,274
Amortized cost of securities	\$ 20,104	\$ 1,361
Gross unrealized gain (loss)	\$ 2,073	\$ (87)
Fair value as % of amortized cost	110%	94%
Number of security positions	4,340	422
Number individually exceeding \$2 million gain or loss	206	2
Concentration of gains (losses) by type or industry (exceeding 5% of unrealized):		
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 610	\$ (74)
States and municipalities	352	(2)
Gas and electric services	183	(1)
Banks, savings and credit institutions	153	(2)
Percentage rated investment grade	89%	50%

<u>Equity Securities</u>		
Fair value of securities	\$ 853	\$ 75
Cost of securities	\$ 640	\$ 82
Gross unrealized gain (loss)	\$ 213 (*)	\$ (7)
Fair value as % of cost	133%	91%
Number of security positions	201	32
Number individually exceeding \$2 million gain or loss	21	1

(*) Includes \$76 million on AFG's investment in Verisk Analytics, Inc.

The table below sets forth the scheduled maturities of AFG's available for sale fixed maturity securities at September 30, 2012, based on their fair values. Asset-backed securities and other securities with sinking funds are reported at average maturity. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain securities may be called or prepaid by the issuers.

	Securities With Unrealized Gains	Securities With Unrealized Losses
<u>Maturity</u>		
One year or less	4%	1%
After one year through five years	25	15
After five years through ten years	31	11
After ten years	11	11
	71	38
Mortgage-backed securities (average life of approximately four years)	29	62
	100%	100%

The table below (dollars in millions) summarizes the unrealized gains and losses on fixed maturity securities by dollar amount.

	Fair Unreali			Aggregate Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value as % of Cost Basis		
Fixed Maturities at September 30, 2012							
Securities with unrealized gains:							
Exceeding \$500,000 (1,206 securities)	\$	13,228	\$	1,605	114%		
\$500,000 or less (3,134 securities)		8,949		468	106		
	\$	22,177	\$	2,073	110%		
Securities with unrealized losses:							
Exceeding \$500,000 (44 securities)	\$	247	\$	(47)	84%		
\$500,000 or less (378 securities)		1,027		(40)	96		
	\$	1,274	\$	(87)	94%		

The following table summarizes (dollars in millions) the unrealized loss for all securities with unrealized losses by issuer quality and length of time those securities have been in an unrealized loss position.

	Aggregate Fair Value	Aggregate Unrealized Loss	Fair Value as % of Cost Basis
Securities with Unrealized Losses at September 30, 2012			
Investment grade fixed maturities with losses for:			
Less than one year (91 securities)	\$ 406	\$ (6)	99%
One year or longer (74 securities)	228	(13)	95
	\$ 634	\$ (19)	97%
Non-investment grade fixed maturities with losses for:			
Less than one year (82 securities)	\$ 249	\$ (9)	97%
One year or longer (175 securities)	391	(59)	87
	\$ 640	\$ (68)	90%
Common equity securities with losses for:			
Less than one year (16 securities)	\$ 50	\$ (5)	91%
One year or longer (3 securities)	_	—	_
	\$ 50	\$ (5)	91%
Perpetual preferred equity securities with losses for:	 		
Less than one year (7 securities)	\$ —	\$ —	%
One year or longer (6 securities)	25	(2)	93
	\$ 25	\$ (2)	93%

When a decline in the value of a specific investment is considered to be "other-than-temporary," a provision for impairment is charged to earnings (accounted for as a realized loss) and the cost basis of that investment is reduced by the amount of the charge. The determination of whether unrealized losses are "other-than-temporary" requires judgment based on subjective as well as objective factors as detailed in AFG's 2011 Form 10-K under *Management's Discussion and Analysis* — "Investments."

Based on its analysis, management believes (i) AFG will recover its cost basis in the securities with unrealized losses and (ii) that AFG has the ability and intent to hold the securities until they recover in value and had no intent to sell them at September 30, 2012. Although AFG has the ability to continue holding its investments with unrealized losses, its intent to hold them may change due to deterioration in the issuers' creditworthiness, decisions to lessen exposure to a particular issuer or industry, asset/liability management decisions, market movements, changes in views about appropriate asset allocation or the desire to offset taxable realized gains. Should AFG's ability or intent change with regard to a particular security, a charge for impairment would likely be required. While it is not possible to accurately predict if or when a specific security will become impaired, charges for other-than-temporary impairment could be material to results of operations in future periods. Significant declines in the fair value of AFG's investment portfolio could have a significant adverse effect on AFG's liquidity.

<u>Uncertainties</u> Management believes that the areas posing the greatest risk of material loss are the adequacy of reserves in its insurance operations and contingencies arising out of its former railroad and manufacturing operations. See *Management's Discussion and Analysis* — "Uncertainties" in AFG's 2011 Form 10-K. AFG conducts comprehensive studies of its asbestos and environmental reserves with the aid of outside actuarial and engineering firms and specialty outside counsel every two years with an in-depth internal review during the intervening years. See "*Results of Operations*" — "Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charges" below and Management's Discussion and Analysis — "Results of Operations" — "Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charges" in AFG's 2011 Form 10-K.

AFG, as well as other companies that sell long-term care products, have accumulated relatively limited claims, lapse and mortality experience, making it difficult to predict future claims. Long-term care claims tend to be much higher in dollar amount and longer in duration than other health care products such as Medicare supplement. In addition, long-term care claims are incurred much later in the life of a policy than most other health products. These factors make it difficult to appropriately price this product and were instrumental in AFG's decision to stop writing new policies after December 2009. AFG's outstanding long-term care policies have level premiums and are guaranteed renewable. Premium rates can potentially be increased in reaction to adverse experience, however, any rate increases would require regulatory approval.

Reserves for future policy benefits under long-term care policies are established (and related acquisition costs are amortized) over the life of the policies based on policy benefit assumptions as of the date of issuance, including investment yields, mortality, morbidity, persistency and expenses. Once these assumptions are established for a given policy or group of policies, they are not changed over the life of the policy unless a loss recognition event (premium deficiency) occurs. Loss recognition occurs when, based on current expectations as of the measurement date, the existing contract liabilities plus the present value of future premiums (including reasonably expected rate increases), are not expected to cover the present value of future claims payments, related settlement and maintenance costs, and unamortized acquisition costs. Based on loss recognition testing at December 31, 2011, AFG's long-term care reserves plus the present value of future premiums exceeded claims costs and unamortized acquisition expenses by approximately \$30 million. Adverse changes in any of the reserve assumptions in future periods could result in loss recognition for AFG's long-term care business. For example, a 1% change in claims costs or a 0.1% change in investment yields in all future periods (excluding their effect on the ability to achieve future rate increases), would each impact the December 31, 2011, "excess" described above by approximately \$10 million. Once the "excess" is reduced to zero, the impact of adverse changes in assumptions is recorded as a charge to earnings as either a reduction in unamortized acquisition costs or an increase to contract reserves, net of any reinsurance recoverable.

Through September 30, 2012, experience on AFG's long-term care business has generally emerged consistent with the assumptions from year-end 2011. Although actual yields on investment purchases have exceeded expected yields in the first nine months of 2012, yields on future purchases could fall short of expectations if the recent declines in market yields were to persist and could result in a material charge to earnings (see below). Additionally, even though AFG's new claims experience has been reasonably consistent with current assumptions, the small size of the long-term care block, combined with its lack of maturity can cause significant period fluctuations. Furthermore, AFG has incurred only a small portion of the claims that it will ultimately receive over the lifetime of these policies, and when combined with the block's limited claims history, AFG's 2012 experience may not be indicative of future trends. AFG has engaged an external actuarial consulting firm to supplement its regular internal analysis of claim experience relative to broader industry trends, and expects to complete that analysis prior to the end of 2012.

At year-end 2011, AFG's long-term care and annuity actuarial assumptions related to future interest rates were based on a beginning 10-year U.S. Treasury rate of 2.0%, and a beginning 30-year U.S. Treasury rate of 3.0%. It was assumed that these rates would gradually increase each subsequent year. Through October 31, 2012, these rates have decreased by approximately 0.3% and 0.1%, respectively. In addition, corporate credit spreads have narrowed during the year. Even though AFG has been able to maintain adequate investment yields to date, if this low interest rate environment persists, and if it is forecasted to remain lower in the future than previously expected, AFG would likely lower its reinvestment rate assumptions (including its ultimate reinvestment rate), resulting in a material charge to earnings.

MANAGED INVESTMENT ENTITIES

Accounting standards require AFG to consolidate its investments in collateralized loan obligation ("CLO") entities that it manages and owns an interest in (in the form of debt). See *Note A* — "*Accounting Policies* — *Managed Investment Entities*" and *Note H* — "*Managed Investment Entities*." The effect of consolidating these entities is shown in the tables below (in millions). The "Before CLO Consolidation" columns include AFG's investment and earnings in the CLOs on an unconsolidated basis.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

	Managed Before CLO Investment Consolidation Entities			Consol. Entries		Consolidated As Reported			
<u>September 30, 2012</u>									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	28,277	\$	_	\$	(240)	(a)	\$	28,037
Assets of managed investment entities		_		3,102		—			3,102
Other assets		8,494		_					8,494
Total assets	\$	36,771	\$	3,102	\$	(240)		\$	39,633
Liabilities:									
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses and unearned premiums	\$	9,098	\$	_	\$	_		\$	9,098
Annuity, life, accident and health benefits and reserves		18,944		_					18,944
Liabilities of managed investment entities		_		2,953		(200)	(a)		2,753
Long-term debt and other liabilities		3,874		_		_			3,874
Total liabilities		31,916		2,953		(200)			34,669
Shareholders' equity:									
Common Stock and Capital surplus		1,162		40		(40)			1,162
Retained earnings:									
Appropriated — managed investment entities				109		_			109
Unappropriated		2,577		_		_			2,577
Accumulated other comprehensive income		931		_		_			931
Total shareholders' equity		4,670		149		(40)			4,779
Noncontrolling interests		185		_		_			185
Total equity		4,855		149		(40)			4,964
Total liabilities and equity	\$	36,771	\$	3,102	\$	(240)		\$	39,633
						<u> </u>			
December 31, 2011									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	25,675	\$	_	\$	(98)	(a)	\$	25,577
Assets of managed investment entities	Ψ		Ψ	3,058	Ψ	(30)	(u)	Ψ	3,058
Other assets		7,203		5,050		_			7,203
Total assets	\$	32,878	\$	3,058	\$	(98)		\$	35,838
Liabilities:	Ψ	52,070	<u> </u>	5,000	-	(50)		ф —	55,000
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses and unearned premiums	¢	0.004	¢		¢			¢	0.004
Annuity, life, accident and health benefits and reserves	\$	8,004	\$	_	\$	—		\$	8,004
Liabilities of managed investment entities		17,147		2.005		(00)	(-)		17,147
Long-term debt and other liabilities				2,885		(98)	(a)		2,787
Total liabilities		3,343		2.005					3,343
Shareholders' equity:		28,494		2,885		(98)			31,281
Common Stock and Capital surplus		1 210							1.010
Retained earnings:		1,219		_		—			1,219
Appropriated — managed investment entities				150					150
Unappropriated				173		_			173
Accumulated other comprehensive income		2,439		_		_			2,439
Total shareholders' equity		580							580
Noncontrolling interests		4,238		173		_			4,411
Total equity	<u></u>	146		170					146
Total liabilities and equity	¢	4,384	¢	173	¢			¢	4,557
roun naoinico ana cipity	\$	32,878	\$	3,058	\$	(98)		\$	35,838

(a) Elimination of the fair value of AFG's investment in CLOs.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

Name makes and sequences 2012Name makes and s		efore CLO solidation (a)	Managed Investment Entities	Consol. Entries		nsolidated Reported
Insume pendians\$2,381\$-\$2,381Investmet income1,002-(21)(9)981Realized gains (losse) on subsidiaries145145Realized gains (losse) on subsidiaries15572Inore (non (loss) of maaged investmet entities-(22)9(8)(43)University in fair value of asserts flabilities-(22)9(8)(43)Oth access-144-(14)(1)15Tors on change in fair value of asserts flabilities-120-2817Tors on change in fair value of asserts flabilities2817Expenses of maaged investmet entities2,8172817Expenses of maaged investmet entities344348Total revenues3481348Total crevenues3481348Total crevenues3481348Total crevenues3481348Total crevenues3481348Total crevenues349356444-Ne tennings Attribuids to Shareholdess5439356454349Ne tennings Attribuids to Shareholdess34152,367Ne tennings Attribuids to Shareholdess5	Nine months ended September 30, 2012					
Investment income1.002-(.100091Realized gins (incose) on scattrides145155Realized gins (incose) on scattrides155155Income (less) of narroget interstmen entities-92-152Income (less) of narroget interstmen entities162155Income (less) of narroget interstmen entities162155Interest on borowed money and other expanse384384Taul cons and regress38438436364Taul cons and regress38438436364364Taul cons and regress384384363643636363636364364364364364364364363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636363636 <td< td=""><td>Revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Revenues:					
Realized gains (losses) on securities 1.62 I 1.62 I 1.63 Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries 1.65 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I <tdi< td=""> I I <tdi< td=""><td>Insurance premiums</td><td>\$ 2,381</td><td>\$ —</td><td>\$ —</td><td></td><td>\$ 2,381</td></tdi<></tdi<>	Insurance premiums	\$ 2,381	\$ —	\$ —		\$ 2,381
Realized gais (0.008) on subsidiaries 113 — — — 113 Realized gais (0.008) on subsidiaries 115 — — 113 Income (0.08) of nanaged investment entities: — 92 — 92 Loss on change in fair value of assec/labilities — (14) () () () Other income 149 — (14) () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () () <t< td=""><td>Investment income</td><td>1,002</td><td>_</td><td>(21)</td><td>(b)</td><td>981</td></t<>	Investment income	1,002	_	(21)	(b)	981
Income (loss) of managed investment entities:IntoIntoIntoIntoInvestment function	Realized gains (losses) on securities	145		_		145
Investment income $ 92$ $ 92$ Loss on change in fair value of asses/labilities $ (72)$ 9 (0) (63) Ober income 149 $ (14)$ (1) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (15) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) $(16$	Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries	155	_	_		155
Loss on change in fair value of assess/tabilities — — — — — — — — — … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … … <th< td=""><td>Income (loss) of managed investment entities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Income (loss) of managed investment entities:					
Other income (14) (14) (14) (15) (15) Total evenus 3,822 20 (26) 3,826 Costs and Expresse: 1 1 1 1 3,826 Costs and Expresses: 1 1 1 1 3,826 Costs and Expresses: 1 1 1 1 2,817 Expresses of managed investment extitus 3 34 - - 34 Total costs and Expresses: 3 344 - - 34 Total costs and Expresses 3 344 - - 34 Note constant expresses 3 344 - - 34 Note constant expresses 3 344 - - 343 Vest existings functionating intervats 4 7 (64) - 333 Less Not examings functionating intervats 9 - 5 438 5 649 5 64 5 64 5 <td< td=""><td>Investment income</td><td>_</td><td>92</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>92</td></td<>	Investment income	_	92	_		92
Total avenues 149 $ (13)$ (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13)	Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities	_	(72)	9	(b)	(63)
Total receaues 3.832 20 (6) 3.836 Costs and Exprenses: 3.832 20 (6) 3.836 Insurance barensis and exprenses 2.817 — — 2.817 Exprenses of managed investment entities — 84 (6) (0)(c) 58 Interacts obsortword money and other exprenses 3.341 — — — 3.343 Operating entings during barles income taxes 631 (64) (— 1.844 Operating entings (loss) antibulable to noncontrolling interests 9 — — — 1.844 Net eatmings, including noncontrolling interests 9 — — 663 (d) 5.438 Net eatmings Attributable to Shareholders § 4.384 _ — _ 3.333 Net eatmings Attributable to Shareholders § 4.384 _ _ 5.438 _ 5.538 _ 2.867 _ _ 5.2367 _ _ _ 2.367 _ _	Other income	149	_	(14)	(c)	135
Insurance benefits and expenses $2,817$ $ -$ <td>Total revenues</td> <td>3,832</td> <td>20</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,826</td>	Total revenues	3,832	20			3,826
Expenses of managed investment entities $ 2,417$ $ 2,417$ Expenses of managed investment entities $ -$ <	Costs and Expenses:					
Interest on bornweld money and other expenses 34 $ 344$ Total costs and expenses $32,01$ 64 (26) $3,259$ Operating earnings before income taxes 631 (64) $ 567$ Provision for income taxes 631 (64) $ 184$ $ 184$ $ 184$ $ 641$ (64) $ 333$ Less: Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 9 $ (64)$ (64) (65) Net Earnings, including noncontrolling interests 9 $ (64)$ (65) 9 Nine months ended September 30, 2011 Evernues: $1100000000000000000000000000000000000$	Insurance benefits and expenses	2,817	_	_		2,817
Interest on borrowed manay and other expenses 384 — — — 384 Total costs and expenses 3,200 844 (26) 3,259 Operating earnings before income taxes 631 (64) — 567 Provision for income taxes 184 — — 184 Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 9 — (64) (4) (55) Net earnings, furthurable to noncontrolling interests 9 — (64) (4) (55) Net earnings Attributable to Shareholders 9 2.01 — 5 63 5 64 5 63 439 Nine months ended September 39, 2011	Expenses of managed investment entities	_	84	(26)	(b)(c)	
Total costs and expenses $3,201$ 84 (26) $3,259$ Operating samings before income taxes 631 (64) $$ 567 Provision for income taxes 184 $$ -184 Net camings, including noncontrolling interests 9 $$ (64) Net camings, including noncontrolling interests 9 $$ (64) Net camings, including noncontrolling interests 9 $$ (64) (6) Net Earning Attributable to Shareholders 9 $$ (64) (9) (9) Net Earning Attributable to Shareholders 9 $$ 5 $$ 5 -3 $ 5$ 438 Nine months ended September 30, 2011 $$ 5 $2,367$ 5 $$ 5 $2,367$ $$ 5 $2,367$ Insurance premiums 5 $2,367$ 5 $$ 5 $$ 5 $2,367$ Insurance premiums 921 $$ 5 $2,367$ 5 $$ 5 $2,367$ Insurance premiums 921 $$ 5 $2,367$ $$ $ 2,367$ Realized gains (losses) on saturities 277 $$ $ 78$ $$ $ 78$ Insurance barefits and expenses $$ 78 $$ $ 78$ $$ $ 78$ Costs and Expenses $$ 79 $$ $ 78$ $$ $ 78$ Insurance barefits and expenses $2,754$ $-$ <td>Interest on borrowed money and other expenses</td> <td>384</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>(-)(-)</td> <td></td>	Interest on borrowed money and other expenses	384		_	(-)(-)	
Operating serings before income taxes631 (64) $-$ 567Provision for income taxes184 $ -$ 184Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests447 (64) $-$ 383Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests9 $ (64)$ (64) (55) Net Earnings Attributable to noncontrolling interests9 $ (64)$ (64) (55) Net Earnings Attributable to noncontrolling interests9 $ (64)$ (64) (55) Net Earnings Attributable to noncontrolling interests9 $ (64)$ (64) (63) (55) Net Earnings Attributable to shareholders9 $ (65)$ (64) (64) (57) (57) Net Earnings Attributable to shareholders9 $ (51)$ (51) (51) (52) (51) (52) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51) (51)	Total costs and expenses		84	(26)		
Provision for income taxes184184Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests9(64)(4)(5)Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests9(64)(4)(5)Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9(64)(6)(6)(6)(6)Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9(64)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6) <td>Operating earnings before income taxes</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating earnings before income taxes					
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 447 (64) $ 383$ Less. Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests9 $ (64)$ (d) (55) Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9 $ (64)$ (d) (55) Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9 $ (64)$ (d) (55) Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9 $ (64)$ (d) (55) Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9 $ (64)$ (d) (55) Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9 $ (64)$ (d) (55) Net Earnings, Including noncontrolling interests9 $ (64)$ (d) (51) Net Earnings, Attributable to Shareholders9 $ S$ $ S$ $ S$ Net Earnings, Including noncontrolling interests9 $ S$ $ S$ $2,367$ Net Earning (Sos) on subsidiaries (21) $ (27)$ $ (27)$ (21) (3) (b) (54) Networken tincome $ 78$ $ 78$ $ 78$ Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities $ (51)$ (3) (b) (54) Other income 149 $ (13)$ (c) 136 Total revenues $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities <td>Provision for income taxes</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Provision for income taxes			_		
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to onocontrolling interests9—(64)(0)(55)Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders\$438\$(64)\$64\$438Nine months ended September 30, 2011Revenues:Insurance premiums\$2,367\$—\$—\$2,367Investment income921—\$9110106Realized gains (losses) on securities27——2727Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(3)——7833(0)(54)Investment income—78—78787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787878787876787878767878767878787678787678767878767878787876787678767876787676767876767676767676767676767676767676767676767676767676	Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests					
Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders \$ 438 \$ (64) \$ 64 \$ 438 Nine months ended September 20, 2011 Insurance premiums S 2,367 \$ - \$ 2,367 Investment income 921 - \$ - \$ 2,367 Investment income 921 - \$ - 2,367 Realized gains (losses) on securities 27 - - 2,367 Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries 33 - - - 2,367 Income (loss) of managed investment entities: - 78 - - 78 Investment income - 78 - - 78 Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities - (51) 30 0) (54) Other income 1449 - - 133 (b) (53) Insurance benefits and expenses 2,754 - - 2,754 Insurance benefits and expenses	Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		_	(64)	(d)	
Nine moths ended September 30, 2011Revenues:Insurance premiums\$ 2,367\$ - \$ - \$ 2,367Investment income921- (5)(b)Realized gains (losses) on securities2727Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(3)(3)Income (loss) of managed investment entities:-78-78Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities-(51)(3)(b)(54)Other income149-(13)(c)136Total revenues3,46127(21)3,467Costs and Expenses:-74(21)(3)Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342342Total costs and expenses329(47)-1126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)-1126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests6-(47)(d)(411)	Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	\$	\$ (64)		(-)	\$
Revenues:Insurance premiums\$2,367\$-\$2,367Investment income921-(5)(6)916Realized gains (losses) on securities2727Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(3)(3)Income (loss) of managed investment entities:3-78-Investment income-78-78Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities-(51)(3)(b)(54)Other income149-(13)(c)136Total revenues3,46127(21)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses2,7542,754Costs and Expenses3,09674(21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses3,09674(21)(10)Provision for income taxes3,09674(21)13,149Operating earnings before income taxes329(47)-12Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)-112Less: Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests6-(47)(d)(41)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Insurance premiums\$2,367\$-\$2,367Investment income921-(.5)(b)916Realized gains (losses) on securities2727Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(.3)27Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(.3)27Income (loss) of managed investment entities:-7878Income (loss) of managed investment entities:-(.51)(.3)(b)(.54)Other income149-(.13)(.0)136Total revenues3,46127(.21)(.21)3,467Costs and Expenses:-74(.21)(.6)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342342Total costs and expenses3,09674(.21)(.13)Operating earnings before income taxes365(.47)-318Provision for income taxes126126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests6-(.47)(.41)	Nine months ended September 30, 2011					
Investment income32,30'3 $-$ 3 $-$ 3 $2,30'$ Investment income921 $-$ (5)(b)916Realized gains (losses) on seurities27 $ -$ 27Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(3) $ -$ (3)Income (loss) of managed investment entities:(3) $ -$ (3)Investment income $-$ 78 $-$ 78Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities $-$ (51)(3)(b)(54)Other income149 $-$ (13)(c)136Total revenues3,46127(21)3,467Costs and Expenses: $-$ 74(21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342 $ -$ 342Total costs and expenses342 $ -$ 318Operating earnings before income taxes126 $ -$ 126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests6 $-$ (47)(d)(41)	Revenues:					
321 $ (3)$ (0) 316 Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries 27 $ 27$ Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries (3) $ (3)$ Income (loss) of managed investment entities: (3) $ (3)$ Investment income $ 78$ $ 78$ Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities $ (51)$ (3) (b) (54) Other income 149 $ (13)$ (c) 136 Total revenues $3,461$ 27 (21) $3,467$ Costs and Expenses: $ 74$ (21) $(b)(c)$ 53 Insurance benefits and expenses $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Expenses of managed investment entities $ 74$ (21) $(b)(c)$ 53 Interest on borrowed money and other expenses 342 $ 342$ Total costs and expenses $3,996$ 74 (21) $3,149$ Operating earnings before income taxes 365 (47) $ 126$ Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 239 (47) $ 126$ Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 6 $ (47)$ (4)	-	\$ 2,367	\$ —	\$ —		\$ 2,367
27 $ 27$ $ 27$ Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries(3) $ -$ (3)Income (loss) of managed investment entities: $ 78$ $ 78$ Investment income $ 651$ (3)(b)(54)Other income149 $-$ (13)(c)136Total revenues $3,461$ 27 (21) $3,467$ Costs and Expenses: $ 74$ (21)(b)(c)53Insurace benefits and expenses $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Expenses of managed investment entities $ 74$ (21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses $3,096$ 74 (21) $3,149$ Operating earnings before income taxes 365 (47) $ 126$ Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 239 (47) $ 192$ Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 66 $-$ (47)(d)(41)	Investment income	921	_	(5)	(b)	916
Income (loss) of managed investment entities:(3) $ -$ <td></td> <td>27</td> <td>—</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>27</td>		27	—	_		27
Investment income $ 78$ $ 78$ Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities $ (51)$ (3) (b) (54) Other income 149 $ (13)$ (c) 136 Total revenues $3,461$ 27 (21) $3,467$ Costs and Expenses: $ -74$ (21) $(b)(c)$ 53 Insurance benefits and expenses $ -74$ (21) $(b)(c)$ 53 Interest on borrowed money and other expenses 342 $ 342$ Total costs and expenses $3,096$ 74 (21) $3,149$ Operating earnings before income taxes 365 (47) $ 318$ Provision for income taxes 239 (47) $ 192$ Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 6 $ (47)$ (d) (41)	Realized gains (losses) on subsidiaries	(3)	_	_		(3)
Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities $ 78$ $ 78$ Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities $ (51)$ (3) (b) (54) Other income149 $ (13)$ (c) 136Total revenues $3,461$ 27 (21) $3,467$ Costs and Expenses: $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Insurance benefits and expenses $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Expenses of managed investment entities $ 74$ (21) $(b)(c)$ 53 Interest on borrowed money and other expenses 342 $ 342$ Total costs and expenses $3,096$ 74 (21) $3,149$ Operating earnings before income taxes 365 (47) $ 318$ Provision for income taxes 126 $ 192$ Less: Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 6 $ (47)$ (d) Nut Exercise Attributable to noncontrolling interests 6 $ (47)$ (d)	Income (loss) of managed investment entities:					
Other income (31) (6) (03) (04) Other income 149 $ (13)$ (c) 136 Total revenues $3,461$ 27 (21) $3,467$ Costs and Expenses: $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Insurance benefits and expenses $2,754$ $ 2,754$ Expenses of managed investment entities $ 74$ (21) $(b)(c)$ 53 Interest on borrowed money and other expenses 342 $ 342$ Total costs and expenses $3,096$ 74 (21) $3,149$ Operating earnings before income taxes 365 (47) $ 318$ Provision for income taxes 126 $ 126$ Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 6 $ (47)$ (d) (41)	Investment income	_	78	_		78
Total revenues149(13)(1)130Total revenues $3,461$ 27(21) $3,467$ Costs and Expenses: $2,754$ $2,754$ Insurance benefits and expenses $2,754$ $2,754$ Expenses of managed investment entities74(21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses 342 342 Total costs and expenses $3,096$ 74(21) $3,149$ Operating earnings before income taxes 365 (47) 318 Provision for income taxes 126 126 Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests 239 (47) 192 Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 6 (47)(d)Net Exercise Anviburbable to 6 (47)(d)(41)	Loss on change in fair value of assets/liabilities	_	(51)	(3)	(b)	(54)
S,46127(21)3,467Costs and Expenses:1nsurance benefits and expenses2,7542,754Expenses of managed investment entities-74(21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342342Total costs and expenses3,09674(21)3,149Operating earnings before income taxes365(47)-318Provision for income taxes126126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)-192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6-(47)(d)(41)	Other income	 149	—	(13)	(c)	 136
Insurance benefits and expenses2,7542,754Expenses of managed investment entities74(21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342342Total costs and expenses3,09674(21)3,149Operating earnings before income taxes365(47)318Provision for income taxes126126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6(47)(d)(41)		3,461	27	(21)		3,467
Expenses of managed investment entities-742,74Expenses of managed investment entities-74(21)(b)(c)53Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342342Total costs and expenses3,09674(21)3,149Operating earnings before income taxes365(47)-318Provision for income taxes126126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)-192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6-(47)(d)(41)	Costs and Expenses:					
Interest on borrowed money and other expenses342342Total costs and expenses3,09674(21)3,149Operating earnings before income taxes365(47)318Provision for income taxes126126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6(47)(d)(41)	-	2,754	_	_		2,754
Total costs and expenses3,09674-3,149Operating earnings before income taxes365(47)-318Provision for income taxes126126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)-192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6-(47)(d)(41)	Expenses of managed investment entities	_	74	(21)	(b)(c)	53
Operating earnings before income taxes36574(21)5,145Provision for income taxes365(47)—318Provision for income taxes126——126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)—192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6—(47)(d)(41)	Interest on borrowed money and other expenses	342	_	_		342
Provision for income taxes126—126Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)—192Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6—(47)(d)(41)	Total costs and expenses	 3,096	74	(21)		 3,149
Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests239(47)-120Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests6(47)(d)(41)	Operating earnings before income taxes	365	(47)	_		318
Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 6 — (47) (41)	Provision for income taxes	126		_		126
	Net earnings, including noncontrolling interests	239	(47)	_		192
Net E-mines Attributelle to Chambelland	Less: Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	6		(47)	(d)	(41)
	Net Earnings Attributable to Shareholders	\$ 233	\$ (47)			\$

(a) Includes \$21 million and \$5 million for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively, in investment income representing the change in fair value of AFG's CLO investments plus \$14 million and \$13 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, in CLO management fees earned.

(b) Elimination of the change in fair value of AFG's investments in the CLOs, including \$12 million and \$8 million in the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively, in distributions recorded as interest expense by the CLOs.

(c) Elimination of management fees earned by AFG.

(d) Allocate losses of CLOs attributable to other debt holders to noncontrolling interests.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General Results of operations as shown in the accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP.

AFG's net earnings attributable to shareholders, determined in accordance with GAAP, include certain items that may not be indicative of its ongoing core operations. The following table identifies such items and reconciles net earnings attributable to shareholders to core net operating earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure that AFG believes is a useful tool for investors and analysts in analyzing ongoing operating trends (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended					Nine months ended			
		September 30,				September 30,			
		2012		2011		2012		2011	
Core net operating earnings	\$	78	\$	92	\$	253	\$	257	
Gain on sale of subsidiary (*)		101		—		101		_	
Realized gains (losses) (*)		55		5		92		14	
AFG tax case resolution		28		_		28		_	
Special A&E charges (*)		(21)		—		(21)		(38)	
Other (*)		(15)		—		(15)		—	
Net earnings attributable to shareholders	\$	226	\$	97	\$	438	\$	233	
Diluted per share amounts:									
Core net operating earnings	\$	0.82	\$.91	\$	2.59	\$	2.47	
Gain on sale of subsidiary		1.07		—		1.04		_	
Realized gains (losses)		.59		.04		.95		.13	
AFG tax case resolution		.30		—		.29		_	
Special A&E charges		(.23)		—		(.22)		(.37)	
Other		(.16)				(.15)		_	
Net earnings attributable to shareholders	\$	2.39	\$.95	\$	4.50	\$	2.23	

(*) The tax effects of reconciling items are shown below (in millions):

Gain on sale of subsidiary	\$ (54) \$	— \$	(54) \$	
Realized gains (losses)	(31)	(3)	(52)	(10)
Special A&E charges	12	—	12	21
Other	8		8	—

In addition, realized gains (losses) are shown net of noncontrolling interests of (\$1 million) in the first nine months of 2012.

Net earnings attributable to shareholders increased in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 compared to the same periods in 2011 due primarily to a \$101 million after tax gain on the sale of AFG's Medicare supplement and critical illness operations, higher realized gains on securities and the results of AFG's tax case resolution. Net earnings attributable to shareholders were also impacted by special A&E charges in the third quarter of 2012 and the second quarter of 2011. Core net operating earnings decreased in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 compared to the same periods in 2011. Higher earnings in the annuity and supplemental insurance operations were more than offset by lower underwriting profits and lower investment income in the Specialty property and casualty insurance operations.

Property and Casualty Insurance — Underwriting AFG reports its Specialty insurance business in the following sub-segments: (i) Property and transportation, (ii) Specialty casualty and (iii) Specialty financial.

Performance measures such as underwriting profit or loss and related combined ratios are often used by property and casualty insurers to help users of their financial statements better understand the company's performance. See *Note* C — "*Segments of Operations*" for detail of AFG's operating profit by significant business segment.

Underwriting profitability is measured by the combined ratio, which is a sum of the ratios of losses, loss adjustment expenses, underwriting expenses and policyholder dividends to premiums. A combined ratio under 100% indicates an underwriting profit. The combined ratio does not reflect investment income, other income or federal income taxes.

Premiums, combined ratios and prior year development for AFG's property and casualty insurance operations were as follows (dollars in millions):

	Three mo	onths ei	nded		Nine months ended			
	 Septer	nber 30),		September 30,			
	 2012		2011		2012		2011	
Gross Written Premiums								
Property and transportation	\$ 981	\$	1,104	\$	1,840	\$	1,918	
Specialty casualty	376		325		1,100		967	
Specialty financial	152		146		415		391	
Other	 —		_		1		1	
	\$ 1,509	\$	1,575	\$	3,356	\$	3,277	
Net Written Premiums								
Property and transportation	\$ 539	\$	575	\$	1,158	\$	1,175	
Specialty casualty	243		220		734		645	
Specialty financial	108		103		303		297	
Other	18		17		52		51	
	\$ 908	\$	915	\$	2,247	\$	2,168	
Combined Ratios								
Property and transportation	99.8%		99.0%		96.8%		96.3%	
Specialty casualty	96.7		90.9		93.5		94.2	
Specialty financial	98.8		75.8		90.6		83.5	
Total Specialty	98.2		93.0		94.4		93.0	
Aggregate (including discontinued lines)	101.9%		93.0%		96.3%		95.5%	
Favorable (Unfavorable) Prior Year Development								
Property and transportation	\$ 2	\$	(3)	\$	14	\$	23	
Specialty casualty	(3)		23		25		50	
Specialty financial	5		9		16		9	
Other specialty	5		5		7		10	
	9		34		62		92	
Other (primarily asbestos and environmental charges)	(31)		_		(39)		(50)	
Aggregate (including discontinued lines)	\$ (22)	\$	34	\$	23	\$	42	
		_		_		_		

Gross and net written premiums decreased in the third quarter of 2012 compared to the same 2011 period due primarily to lower premiums in the crop insurance operations, which were offset by increases in most of the other businesses. Gross and net written premiums increased in the first nine months of 2012 compared to the same 2011 period due primarily to higher premiums in the Specialty casualty group. Overall average renewal rates increased approximately 3% during the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 when compared to the same 2011 periods.

The Specialty insurance operations generated an underwriting profit of \$16 million in the 2012 third quarter compared to \$58 million in the third quarter of 2011. The \$42 million decline in 2012 was due primarily to losses of \$12 million in the crop insurance business and approximately \$25 million lower favorable reserve development in several of the Specialty casualty businesses. Losses from catastrophes totaled \$5 million in the third quarter of 2012, compared to \$13 million in the 2011 third quarter. Underwriting profit for the Specialty insurance operations was \$116 million for the first nine months of 2012 compared to \$142 million in the comparable 2011 period. These results include \$20 million of catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2012 compared to \$44 million in the comparable 2011 period.

Property and transportation Gross and net written premiums for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 were lower than the comparable 2011 periods primarily as a result of lower crop commodity prices, partially offset by increased premiums in transportation, property and inland marine and ocean marine businesses. The Property and transportation group reported a

small underwriting profit in the third quarter of 2012, compared to an underwriting profit of \$5 million in the third quarter of 2011. Crop losses resulting from the effects of the Midwest drought more than offset improved profitability in other businesses in this group. The \$12 million in crop losses recorded in the third quarter represent the full extent of losses estimated for the year, as any additional losses are expected to be within the scope of AFG's stop loss reinsurance agreement. Underwriting profit in the first nine months of 2012 decreased approximately \$5 million from the comparable 2011 period. Average renewal rates were up approximately 4% for the third quarter and 3% for the year to date in this group.

Specialty casualty Gross and net written premiums for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 were higher than the 2011 periods as a result of higher premiums in the workers' compensation, excess and surplus and targeted market operations. Increased business opportunities arising from larger exposures and general market hardening have contributed to the increased premiums in this group. This group reported an underwriting profit of \$8 million in the third quarter of 2012, compared to \$20 million in the third quarter of 2011. Improved profitability in the social services and excess and surplus operations was more than offset by lower favorable reserve development in the general liability, workers' compensation and run-off casualty businesses. Underwriting profits for the first nine months of 2012 were \$7 million higher than the comparable 2011 period, due primarily to higher favorable reserve development in the general liability in the international businesses, which offset lower profitability in the excess and surplus and executive liability operations. Average renewal rates were up approximately 5% for the third quarter and 4% for the first nine months of 2012 in this group.

Specialty financial Gross and net written premiums for the third quarter of 2012 were higher than the comparable 2011 period as a result of increased premiums in the financial institutions business. Gross and net written premiums for the first nine months of 2012 were up when compared to the 2011 period. Higher gross written premiums resulted primarily from a service contract business initiated in the second quarter of 2011. All of these premiums were ceded under a reinsurance agreement. This group reported an underwriting profit of \$1 million in the third quarter of 2012 compared to \$24 million in the third quarter of 2011. Underwriting profit was \$28 million and \$52 million for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011, respectively. Losses from a run-off book of automotive-related business, as well as lower favorable reserve development during the third quarter were the primary drivers of these results. Average renewal rates in this group were up approximately 1% for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012.

Special Asbestos and Environmental Reserve Charges During the third quarter of 2012, AFG completed the previously announced in-depth internal review of its A&E exposures relating to the run-off operations of its property and casualty group and its exposures related to former railroad and manufacturing operations and sites.

As a result of the 2012 internal review, AFG recorded a pretax \$31 million special charge (net of reinsurance) to increase the property and casualty group's asbestos reserves by \$19 million and its environmental reserves by \$12 million. The charge relates primarily to an increase in environmental investigative costs and related loss adjustment expenses in certain environmental and asbestos files. There were no newly identified issues that management believes would significantly impact the overall adequacy of AFG's A&E reserves.

In addition to the property and casualty group, the 2012 internal review encompassed reserves for asbestos and environmental exposures of AFG's former railroad and manufacturing operations. As a result of the internal review, AFG recorded a pretax \$2 million special charge (included in other expenses).

A comprehensive study of AFG's A&E reserves was completed in the second quarter of 2011 with the aid of outside actuarial and engineering firms and specialty outside counsel. As a result of the study, AFG recorded a \$59 million special charge to increase its property and casualty group's A&E reserves by \$50 million and the reserves of its former railroad and manufacturing operations by \$9 million. See *Management's Discussion and Analysis* — *"Uncertainties"*— *"Asbestos and Environmental-related ("A&E") Insurance Reserves"* in AFG's 2011 Form 10-K.

<u>Annuity and Supplemental Insurance Operations</u> Total annuity and supplemental insurance operating earnings before income taxes is as follows (dollars in millions):

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
	September 30,				September 30,			
	2012			2011	2012		2012	
Medicare supplement and critical illness (*)	\$	10	\$	11	\$	28	\$	21
Annuities and other		71		36		196		136
Annuity and supplemental operating earnings before income taxes	\$	81	\$	47	\$	224	\$	157

(*) Sold in August 2012

Operating earnings before income taxes for the annuity and supplemental insurance segment increased \$34 million (72%) in the third quarter and \$67 million (43%) for the first nine months of 2012 compared to the 2011 periods, due primarily to AFG's ability to maintain spreads on a larger base of invested assets in the fixed annuity operations. Higher profitability in the third quarter of 2012 as compared to the 2011 quarter also reflects a \$7 million increase in earnings resulting from the favorable impact of strong stock market performance (the S&P 500 index increased 6% in the 2012 quarter) on AFG's market sensitive annuity business. For the nine month period, strong stock market performance (the S&P 500 index increased 15% in the first nine months of 2012) was offset by the impact of lower interest rates on the derivatives associated with AFG's fixed-indexed annuity business. Earnings in the annuity business also reflect an increase in earnings attributable to this segment's investment in the CLOs of \$8 million in the third quarter and \$10 million in the first nine months of 2012 compared to the 2011 periods, resulting from particularly strong performance in the financial markets. See *Note* H — "*Managed Investment Entities*."

Statutory Annuity Premiums The following table summarizes AFG's annuity sales (in millions):

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
		Septen	iber 30	,		Septer	nber 30),
		2012		2011		2012	2011	
Individual Single Premium Annuities - Indexed	\$	417	\$	495	\$	1,357	\$	1,206
Individual Single Premium Annuities - Fixed		42		74		118		196
Bank Single Premium Annuities - Indexed		72		84		232		163
Bank Single Premium Annuities - Fixed		127		160		501		657
403(b) Fixed and Indexed Annuities		51		60		177		194
Variable Annuities		14		17		46		52
Total Annuity Premiums	\$	723	\$	890	\$	2,431	\$	2,468

Bank annuities represent annuity premiums generated through banks by independent agents and brokers, as well as through direct relationships with certain financial institutions.

The decrease in annuity premiums for the third quarter of 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 is attributable to actions taken by AFG as a result of the low interest rate environment to lower crediting rates and agent commissions on several of the annuity products, which resulted in a slowdown in sales.



Life, Accident and Health Premiums and Benefits The following table summarizes AFG's life, accident and health premiums and benefits as shown in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings (in millions):

		Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	2	2012		2011		2012		2011	
Premiums									
Supplemental insurance operations									
Long-term care (in run-off)	\$	20	\$	20	\$	59	\$	61	
Medicare supplement		40		64		161		189	
Critical illness and other		14		16		53		55	
Life operations (in run-off)		6		7		17		19	
	\$	80	\$	107	\$	290	\$	324	
Benefits					-				
Supplemental insurance operations									
Long-term care (in run-off)	\$	23	\$	22	\$	66	\$	63	
Medicare supplement		26		43		109		137	
Critical illness and other		10		16		39		45	
Life operations (in run-off)		9		9		30		30	
	\$	68	\$	90	\$	244	\$	275	

Medicare supplement and critical illness premium amounts include only premiums received prior to August 31, 2012, the effective date of the sale of these businesses. See *Note B* — "*Acquisitions and Sales of Subsidiaries*."

Investment Income In recent years, yields available in the financial markets on fixed maturity securities have generally declined, placing downward pressure on AFG's investment portfolio yield. The \$17 million and \$65 million increases in investment income for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 compared to the same periods in 2011 reflect higher average invested assets, primarily related to growth in the annuity business.

<u>Realized Gains (Losses) on Securities</u> Net realized gains (losses) on securities consisted of the following (in millions):

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
	September 30,				September 30,			
		2012 2011		2011	2012			2011
Realized gains (losses) before impairments:								
Disposals	\$	96	\$	30	\$	169	\$	93
Change in the fair value of derivatives		1		(12)		1		(23)
Adjustments to annuity deferred policy acquisition costs and related items		(4)		_		(6)		(2)
		93		18		164		68
Impairment charges:								
Securities		(10)		(14)		(24)		(55)
Adjustments to annuity deferred policy acquisition costs and related items		2		4		5		14
		(8)		(10)		(19)		(41)
	\$	85	\$	8	\$	145	\$	27

Realized gains on disposals include gains on sales of shares of Verisk Analytics, Inc. of \$20 million and \$66 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2012, respectively, and \$3 million and \$36 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2011, respectively.

The change in fair value of derivatives includes net gains of \$1 million in the third quarter and net gains of \$4 million in the first nine months of 2012 and net gains of \$3 million in the third quarter and net losses of less than \$1 million in the first nine months of 2011 from the mark-to-market of MBS, primarily interest-only securities with interest rates that float inversely with short-term rates. See *Note* F — "*Derivatives*."

<u>Realized Gain on Subsidiaries</u> In August 2012, AFG recorded a pretax gain of approximately \$155 million on the sale of its Medicare supplement and critical illness businesses. See Note *B* — "*Acquisitions and Sales of Subsidiaries*."

Annuity Benefits Annuity benefits reflect amounts accrued on annuity policyholders' funds accumulated. On deferred annuities (annuities in the accumulation phase), interest is generally credited to policyholders' accounts at their current stated interest rates. Furthermore, for "two-tier" deferred annuities (annuities under which a higher interest amount can be earned if a policy is annuitized rather than surrendered), additional reserves are accrued for (i) persistency and premium bonuses and (ii) excess benefits expected to be paid for future deaths and annuitizations. Changes in investment yields, crediting rates, actual surrender, death and annuitization experience or modifications in actuarial assumptions can affect these additional reserves and could result in charges (or credits) to earnings in the period the projections are modified.

Annuity benefits decreased \$2 million in the third quarter of 2012 compared to the third quarter of 2011 as the impact of growth in the annuity business was offset by the favorable impact of strong stock market performance on AFG's market sensitive annuity business. For the nine month period, stock market performance was offset by the impact of lower interest rates on the derivatives associated with AFG's fixed-indexed annuity business.

<u>Annuity and Supplemental Insurance Acquisition Expenses</u> Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses include amortization of annuity, supplemental insurance and life business deferred policy acquisition costs ("DPAC") as well as a portion of commissions on sales of insurance products. Annuity and supplemental insurance acquisition expenses also include amortization of the present value of future profits of businesses acquired ("PVFP").

The vast majority of this group's DPAC asset relates to its annuity and life insurance lines of business. Unanticipated spread compression, decreases in the stock market, adverse mortality experience, and higher than expected lapse rates could lead to write-offs of DPAC or PVFP in the future.

Other Operating and General Expenses The \$32 million (37%) increase in other operating and general expenses for the third quarter of 2012 compared to the same 2011 period reflects the impact of a \$2 million special charge to increase liabilities related to A&E exposures of AFG's former railroad and manufacturing operations, an \$8 million loss on the retirement of debt, and a \$15 million adverse judgment in a long-standing labor contract dispute related to AFG's former railroad operations, the likelihood of which was previously considered to be remote.

Income Taxes Income tax expense for the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 includes a \$28 million benefit related to the favorable resolution of certain tax litigation. See Note *L* — "*Income Taxes*."

ITEM 3

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk

As of September 30, 2012, there were no material changes to the information provided in Item 7A — "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk" of AFG's 2011 Form 10-K.

ITEM 4

Controls and Procedures

AFG's management, with participation of its Co-Chief Executive Officers and its principal financial officer, has evaluated AFG's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, AFG's Co-CEOs and principal financial officer concluded that the controls and procedures are effective. There have been no changes in AFG's internal control over financial reporting during the third fiscal quarter of 2012 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, AFG's internal control over financial reporting.

In the ordinary course of business, AFG and its subsidiaries routinely enhance their information systems by either upgrading current systems or implementing new systems. There has been no change in AFG's business processes and procedures during the third fiscal quarter of 2012 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, AFG's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 2

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities AFG repurchased shares of its Common Stock during the first nine months of 2012 as follows:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (a)	
First Quarter	1,473,789	\$ 37.91	1,473,789	6,953,252	
Second Quarter	2,511,681	\$ 38.55	2,511,681	4,441,571	
July	1,122,751	\$ 37.48	1,122,751	3,318,820	
August	1,953,022	\$ 37.39	1,953,022	6,365,798	
September	1,227,533	\$ 38.16	1,227,533	5,138,265	

(a) Represents the remaining shares that may be repurchased under the Plans authorized by AFG's Board of Directors in August 2011, February 2012 and August 2012. AFG's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of five million additional shares in February 2012 and another five million shares in August 2012.

ITEM 6

Exhibits

<u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description
12	Computation of ratios of earnings to fixed charges.
31(a)	Certification of the Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31(b)	Certification of the Co-Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31(c)	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following financial information from American Financial Group's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language):
	(i) Consolidated Balance Sheet
	(ii) Consolidated Statement of Earnings
	(iii) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
	(iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
	(v) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Cash Flows
	(vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>Signature</u>

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, American Financial Group, Inc. has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned duly authorized.

American Financial Group, Inc.

November 8, 2012

BY: s/ Keith A. Jensen

Keith A. Jensen Senior Vice President (principal financial and accounting officer)

AMERCIAN FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES (Dollars in Millions)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2012		ended December 31, 2011 (as adjusted)
Operating earnings before income taxes	\$ 567	\$	558
Undistributed equity in (earnings) losses of investee	(1)		1
Losses of managed investment entities attributable to noncontrolling interest	64		24
Fixed charges:			
Interest on annuities	417		510
Interest expense	64		85
Debt discount and expense	2		2
Portion of rentals representing interest	13		18
EARNINGS	\$ 1,126	\$	1,198
Fixed charges:			
Interest on annuities	\$ 417	\$	510
Interest expense	64		85
Debt discount and expense	2		2
Portion of rentals representing interest	13		18
FIXED CHARGES	\$ 496	\$	615
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	 2.27		1.95
Earnings in Excess of Fixed Charges	\$ 630	\$	583

SARBANES-OXLEY SECTION 302(a) CERTIFICATIONS

I, Carl H. Lindner III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Financial Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 8, 2012

BY: s/ Carl H. Lindner III

Carl H. Lindner III Co-Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

SARBANES-OXLEY SECTION 302(a) CERTIFICATIONS

I, S. Craig Lindner, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Financial Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 8, 2012

BY: s/S. Craig Lindner

S. Craig Lindner Co-Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

SARBANES-OXLEY SECTION 302(a) CERTIFICATIONS

I, Keith A. Jensen, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Financial Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 8, 2012

BY: s/ Keith A. Jensen

Keith A. Jensen Senior Vice President (principal financial and accounting officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the Quarterly Report of American Financial Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2012 (the "Report"), the undersigned officers of the Company, certify, pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of their knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

November 8, 2012

Date

November 8, 2012

Date

November 8, 2012

Date

BY: s/ S. Craig Lindner S. Craig Lindner

Co-Chief Executive Officer

BY: s/ Carl H. Lindner III

Carl H. Lindner III Co-Chief Executive Officer

BY: s/ Keith A. Jensen

Keith A. Jensen Senior Vice President (principal financial and accounting officer)

A signed original of this written statement will be retained by the Registrant and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.